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ASD-TDR-62-1023

STUDY OF PARACHUTE SCALE EFFECTS

TECHNICAL DOCUMENTARY REPORT ASD-TDR-62-1023

JANUARY 1963

Flight Accessories Laboratory
Aeronautical Systems Division
Air Force Systems Command
Wright-Patterson Air Force Base, Ohio

Project No. 6065, Task No. 606502

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(Prepared under Contract No. AF 33(657)-8073 by Technology Incorporated, Dayton, Ohio; Author: William B. Walcott.)

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FOREWORD

This report was prepared by Technology Incorporated, Dayton, Ohio, in compliance with United States Air Force Contract Number AF 33(657)-8073, initiated by the Retardation and Recovery Branch, Flight Accessories Laboratory, Directorate of Aeromechanics, Aeronautical Systems Division. The original Air Force Project Engineer was Mr. Clint Eckstrom; in the later phases of the program, Mr. Lawrence L. Watson assumed this position.

Technology Incorporated inaugurated the program on 15 February 1962 and completed its investigation on 15 November 1962 under the supervision of Mr. William B. Walcott, Project Engineer. Other staff members contributing significantly to the project were Mr. J. Patrick Ray, who performed the statistical analysis, and Mr. Krishan Joshi, who conducted the literature survey.

ABSTRACT

A study was conducted to determine the effects of changing scale upon drag coefficient, filling time, peak opening force, and stability for single, unreefed textile parachute canopies. The investigation was confined to Flat Circular, Extended Skirt, Ringslot, Ribless Guide Surface, Circular Flat Ribbon, and Conical Ribbon parachutes operating in the subsonic flow regime at altitudes below 20,000 feet. As an integral part of the study, a survey of the existing literature and test data, a compilation of all pertinent data, and recommendations for future experimental investigations were made. Scaling equations with associated 95-percent confidence intervals were developed for the drag coefficient of the Flat Circular and Extended Skirt parachutes through the use of a multiple regression analysis which indicates the significant variables and their functional forms. Because the available data was poorly distributed, the equations will have to be used circumspectly to avoid misleading conclusions.

Publication of this technical documentary report does not constitute Air Force approval of the report's findings or conclusions. It is published only for the exchange and stimulation of ideas.

GEORGE A. SOLT. JR.

Chief, Aerodynamic Decelerator Branch

Flight Accessories Laboratory

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Section		Page
I	Introduction	1
п	Parachute Scale Effects	1
	A. Basic Concepts of Scale Effects	1
	B. Discussion of the Literature Surveyed	4
	C. Utilization of Regression Analysis	5
	D. Scaling Equation Theory	9
	E. Limitations of Regression Models for Development	
	of Scaling Equations	11
	F. Scaling Equations for Circular Flat and Extended	
	Skirt Parachute Drag Coefficient	16
III	Conclusions	20
IV	Recommendations	20
	Bibliography	22
	References Part I	23
	References Part II	26
	Appendix I. Regression Analysis and Computer Program	35
	A. General Least Squares Multiple Regression	35
	B. The Method of Least Squares	35
	C. Estimation of the Regression Coefficients and Tests	
	of Significance	37
	D. Computer Program for Multiple Regression Analysis	41
	Appendix II. Literature Review and Data Presentation.	43
	A. Literature Review	43
	R Data Presentation	13

LIST OF ILLUSTRATIONS

Figure	<u> </u>	age
1	Circular Flat Parachute Drag Coefficient Variation	5
2	Circular Flat Drag Coefficient Data Distribution	12
3	Circular Flat Filling Time and Opening Shock Data Distribution	12
4	Extended Skirt Drag Coefficient Data Distribution	12
5	Extended Skirt Filling Time and Opening Shock Data Distribution	12
6	Ringslot Drag Coefficient Data Distribution	12
7	Ribbon Drag Coefficient Data Distribution	12
8	Ribless Guide Surface Drag Coefficient Data Distribution	12
9	Ribbon Parachute Observed Data Distribution for Scaling Variables	13
10	Circular Flat Observed Data Distribution for Scaling Variables	14
11	Slope of Drag Coefficient Surface for Ribbon Parachute.	15
12	Drag Coefficient Surface Predicted by Regression Equation	16
1 3	Incremental Change in Drag Coefficient Due to Scaling	10

LIST OF TABLES

able	Page
l Prediction Equations for Drag Coefficient	8
2 Prediction Equations for Filling Time and Opening Shock	8
Ranges of Independent Variables	11
4 Scaling Variables and Coefficients	16
5 Inverse Matrix, C, Values	16
6. Summary of Data - Circular Flat Parachute 4	14-53
7 Summary of Data - Extended Skirt Parachute 5	64-62
8 Summary of Data - Ringslot Parachute 6	3-65
9 Summary of Data - Ribbon Parachute 6	6-69
O Summary of Data - Ribless Guide Surface Parachute	70

LIST OF SYMBOLS

Symbol	Concept	Dimensions
b	Estimated Regression Coefficient	none
b'i	Estimated Standard Partial Regression Coefficient	none
С	An Element of the Inverse Matrix	none
c _D °	Drag Coefficient Based on So	none
C _{Dp}	Drag Coefficient Based on Sp	none
D _o	Nominal Diameter	feet
Dp	Projected Diameter	feet
d.f.	Degree of Freedom	none
d _o	Estimated Constant of the Regression Model	none
F	Random Variable with Snedecor's F Distribution	on none
Fo	Opening Shock Force	pounds
F,	Froude Number, $\sqrt{\frac{2}{V/qD_0}}$	none
L.	Riser Length	feet
L	Suspension Line Length	feet
М	Mach Number	none
M.S.	Mean Square	none
N _g	Number of Gores	none
n	Sample Size	none
q	Dynamic Pressure	pounds/feet ²
R ²	Square of the Multiple Correlation Coefficient	none
Re	Reynolds Number	none

LIST OF SYMBOLS (cont'd)

Symbol	Concept	Dimensions
So	Nominal Surface Area	feet ²
Sp	Projected Area	feet ²
s _v	Vent Area	feet ²
S.S .	Sum of Squares	none
\$SE	Error Sum of Squares	none
SSR	Regression Sum of Squares	none
SST	Total Sum of Squares	none
s ²	Estimated Variance	none
t	Random Variable with Student's "t" Distribution	none
t _f	Canopy Filling Time	seconds
V	Velocity	feet/second
W	Gross Weight	pounds
X	Independent Variable	none
Y	Actual Value of the Dependent Variable	none
Ŷ	Predicted Value of the Dependent Variable	none
α	Type I Error	none
β	Actual Regression Coefficient	none
8	Actual Constant of the Regression Model	none
λ	Porosity at $\Delta P = 1/2$ inch of Water	feet ³ /feet ² - minute
μ	Mean of the Dependent Variable	none
σ ²	Variance	none

SECTION I

INTRODUCTION

Suitable scaling equations for textile parachutes would substantially reduce the testing necessary to define their operating characteristics. Instead of using current methods of testing and modifying full-scale parachutes until the desired results are obtained, scale models in conjunction with the scaling equations would suffice; then, if desired, a full-scale model could be employed to verify the results.

This study was intended primarily to determine whether sufficient data exists which could define appropriate scaling equations for the selected parachute types. Data voids and future test needs were to be noted. If sufficient information were available, the scaling equations were to be derived.

To determine the scaling equations, it was decided at the outset to use a multiple regression analysis, a statistical technique believed to be novel in its application to the parachute field. Several reasons dictated the use of a regression analysis rather than the more conventional engineering methods commonly applied to a study of this nature. Any other type of analysis could not handle the many variables involved. These variables were numerous because the data for determining the scaling equations were collected from many different tests; for example, if sufficient data were available over the desired canopy area range, other variables, such as different canopy loadings, and different chute porosities, would also be present. Furthermore, use of a regression analysis would enable determination of the significance of a given variable, the functional form of the variable, the goodness of fit of the equation, and the confidence limits for the final results.

SECTION II

PARACHUTE SCALE EFFECTS

A. Basic Concepts of Scale Effects

A parachute scale effect can be defined as any change in a parachute's operating or performance characteristics caused solely by a change in canopy size. Such a change is brought about because change in canopy size can alter certain geometric and aerodynamic properties of the parachute. These effects can be significant in some situations or virtually negligible in others, but are always present to some degree in any scale model testing. As in any scale

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model testing, if this effect cannot be assessed, the test results can prove to be useless. The main difficulty in parachute scaling is the impossibility of assessing this change theoretically.

The change in parachute performance characteristics as effected by scaling manifests itself as a change in parachute drag coefficient, stability, filling time, or peak opening force. If these variables are defined as the dependent variables, then the problem is to define their change in terms of variations of the independent variables caused by a change in parachute size (scale). The most obvious independent scaling variable is parachute canopy area; however, there are several other independent variables which reflect changes in size that may be significant. Reynolds number and Froude number are such independent variables since by their definitions they vary with a change in size. Other independent variables which can be effected by a change in size are the number of gores and the ratio of their number to the canopy diameter. It is obvious that one or both of these changes will occur with a change in parachute size.

However, a variance in gore number does not necessarily constitute a scaling variable. There are three questions which must be satisfied before a variable can be considered a scaling variable. These questions can be enumerated as follows:

- 1) Does the variable change with a change in scale?
- 2) Does the variable affect the performance of the parachute?
- 3) Is the only way to assess the effect of the variable to consider it simultaneously with a change in canopy size (scale)?

Due to the manner in which the number of gores in a parachute vary with a change in canopy size, the answers to all three questions must be in the affirmative, and for question 3 this is reasonable when it is considered that a 1-foot nominal diameter scale model of a 50-foot nominal diameter chute cannot possibly have the same gore arrangement as the model. The 50-foot nominal diameter chute will have approximately 50 gores while for practical reasons the 1-foot diameter model would probably be constructed with 10 to 20 gores. To ascertain the effect of the change in gore arrangement it is necessary to consider it in conjunction with the change in scale since the scale model will not be constructed with either the same number of gores or the same ratio of number of gores to nominal diameter as the full scale chute. At the same time the effect of this change in gore arrangement cannot be assessed independently since scale model chutes and large diameter chutes will probably never be constructed with the same gore arrangement due to the practicalities of construction.

Other variables which affect parachute performance but are not scaling variables since they do not satisfy question 3—since their effects can be

assessed independently-are:

- a) porosity
- b) suspension line length/nominal diameter
- c) number of vertical ribbons
- d) number of horizontal ribbons
- e) space between vertical tapes/gore width at base
- f) open spacing/ribbon width
- g) canopy loading
- h) riser length/nominal diameter
- i) vent area/nominal surface area
- j) velocity
- k) dynamic pressure

Even though these above listed variables cannot be considered as scaling variables, they still may be present in the scaling equations due to their presence in an interaction term.

A special class of independent variables, of which Reynolds number and Froude number are examples, is defined as an interaction term. If a term is differentiated with respect to the variable denoting canopy size and other variables are still present, the term is defined as an interaction term. For example,

$$Re = \frac{\rho VD_0}{\mu}$$

which upon partial differentiation with respect to Do becomes

$$\frac{\partial Re}{\partial D_0} = \frac{\rho V}{\mu}$$

From this rather simple example it can be seen that, if Reynolds number is significant for scaling, the variables ρ , μ , and V are also significant. Therefore, even though these variables are held constant from the full scale to the scale model tests, the value of the variable will determine the amount of change in the parachute's operating characteristics due to scaling. From the preceding discussion it can be concluded that almost any variable, for example, velocity, might possibly play an important role for scaling if it appears in a significant interaction term. An interaction term which was found to be significant for the definition of the scaling effects on filling time and opening shock was $\frac{\rho D_0}{r}$. It is possible that interaction terms involving other variance.

shock was $\frac{\rho D_0}{V.9}$. It is possible that interaction terms involving other vari-

ables may also be significant even though none were found.

In summary then, the aerodynamic and geometric parameters,

- a) nominal surface area.
- b) number of gores,
- c) number of gores/nominal diameter,

- d) Reynolds number, and
- e) Froude number

can be assumed to be scaling variables and the other parameters, itemized previously, will enter into the scaling equations only if they are present in interaction terms.

B. Discussion of the Literature Surveyed

Literature was surveyed extensively to determine whether sufficient test data were available to permit an analysis leading to the definition of the appropriate scaling equations. The data collected during this survey is summarized and presented in Appendix II. The survey was limited to Solid Flat Circular, Extended Skirt, Ringslot, Ribless Guide Surface, Flat and Conical Ribbon parachutes operating at indicated airspeeds below 300 knots and altitudes less than 20,000 feet.

Since the data were collected from a great many different reports, there were many variables present which could affect the different performance characteristics of the parachutes and yet not be true scaling variables. Since this was the case, it was necessary to consider several more independent variables than would normally be required to arrive at the scaling equations. The independent variables whose values were considered necessary were S_0 , I_s/D_0 , N_g/D_0 , I_r/D_0 , S_v/S_0 , λ , W/S_0 , V, q, Re, M, and Fr. For this reason, a data point would be discarded unless a reasonable and logical assumption could be made of the value of the missing variable or variables. A more complete discussion of the literature survey is included in Appendix II with the data summary.

It was felt that sufficient data was available to determine the regression equations for drag coefficient for the Solid Flat Circular, Extended Skirt, Flat Ribbon, Ringslot, and Ribless Guide Surface parachutes. Also, there appeared to be sufficient data for filling time and peak opening force for both the Flat Circular and Extended Skirt parachutes. However, for reasons which will be explained later, the only attempts to derive scaling equations which yielded reasonable results were for the Flat Circular and Extended Skirt parachutes for drag coefficient.

Other than the data for the above mentioned parachutes, the available data were either insufficient or nonexistent. Data for any of the performance characteristics for the Conical Ribbon parachute were so meager that any attempt to summarize and present them would serve no useful purpose. Since no common description or definition of stability has been developed in the parachute realm, the available data in the literature could not be utilized. For full-scale parachutes, the period of oscillation or amount of oscillation was acquired. For scale model wind tunnel tests, however, pitching moment and the stable angle of attack were obtained. Because of this and the fact

that much of the stability data appeared to have been observed rather than measured, any attempt to define the scaling equations or to present the data in a systematic form was abandoned.

C. Utilization of Regression Analysis

Because of the scatter of data caused by the many variables in the collected data, a multiple regression analysis was selected as the technique most capable of defining the desired scaling equations. Figure 1, for example, shows the wide scatter of drag coefficient values for various nominal surface areas for the Circular Flat parachute. This figure shows that there are other variables in addition to canopy size which influence the value of the drag coefficient, for, without these other variables, the scatter for any nominal surface area would be appreciably less. Therefore, it was necessary to try not only to extract the scaling effects from the data but also to eliminate the variations due to nonscaling variables, such as suspension line length and velocity.

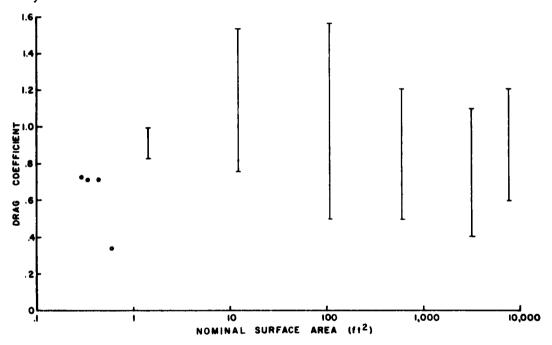


Figure 1. Circular Flat Parachute Drag Coefficient Variation

As an example, assume that a regression equation has been developed for the prediction of drag coefficient which involves only two terms—one term is a scaling variable (In S_0) and the other term is not (In V). This equation can then be used to extract from the observed data points the variation contributed due to velocity and thus allow the utilization of many more data points than if all the observed data points had to be at the same velocity. Therefore, it can be seen that the regression equation defines the variation due to scaling (In S_0) and also makes possible the utilization of data in which nonscaling variables affecting performance are also varied.

The multiple regression analysis, the theory of which is outlined in Appendix I, offers several attractive features for an analysis of this type. If the data to be analyzed by a regression technique are reasonably well distributed over the ranges of interest for the independent variables, it is possible to determine the following:

- a) how closely the developed regression equation is describing the variations for the observed data points,
- b) the significance of any given independent variable by using appropriate statistical techniques,
 - c) the functional form of a significant independent variable, and
 - d) the confidence limits for the predicted dependent variable.

Two methods are generally employed in choosing the regression model to represent the functional relation between the dependent and independent variables. One is to plot the sample data as 2-dimensional scatter diagrams of the dependent variable versus each of the independent variables with the other independent variables held constant to give some indication of what the individual terms of the model should be. The second method is to base the functional form of the regression model on prior knowledge and analytical considerations of the factors involved.

The first method was not adaptable for utilization in the present study since this study is based on data gathered from various sources and collected under radically different experimental conditions. It was impossible to find enough data collected under similarly controlled experimental conditions to yield meaningful 2-dimensional plots. The second method was only partially feasible since a thorough review of the pertinent literature yielded very little information applicable to the combined effects of the independent variables considered in this study.

Another source of information indicative of the independent variables and cross-products of independent variables (interactions) which are significantly affecting the dependent variable is a statistical computation procedure known as analysis of variance, a technique for analyzing the results of a designed experiment. A designed experiment is one planned in advance with the levels and combinations of levels of the independent variables chosen so that the maximum desired information on the factors may be elicited. The analysis of variance method is based on a partitioning of the variance of the observations on the dependent variable, each part measuring the variability attributed to some specific source. The method provides the quantities necessary for testing the significance of this variability. Obviously, this technique was not applicable in the present study due to the poorly distributed data on the independent variables.

It was decided to use a multiple regression technique in building a regression model by a process of trial and elimination. Application of this technique to the parachute field is believed to be unique. (Appendix I discusses the utilization of the IBM 7090 in the development of this model.) The data for this development were gathered and processed in the form of four dependent variables and approximately 12 independent variables considered to have the greatest effect on the former. A regression model for drag coefficient involving linear terms of the independent variables was first fitted but rather unsuccessfully. Other functional relations—such as models composed of the squares, reciprocals, or natural logarithms of the independent variables—were all fitted with varying degrees of success. One functional relation would fit reasonably well for one type of parachute but would not fit at all for some other type of parachute.

With the possible exception of differences in the coefficients, approximately the same functional form for a given dependent variable should fit all different types of parachutes. For each respective dependent variable, the approach employed to obtain similar functional relations for all types of parachutes was the following: Various transformations on the independent variables—transformations such as squaring, computing the reciprocal, squaring the reciprocal, extracting the square root, computing the natural logarithm, squaring the natural logarithm, and computing the reciprocal of the natural logarithm of "1" plus the variable - were performed; furthermore, crossproduct terms—such as the number of gores divided by the nominal diameter and dynamic pressure times nominal surface area—were computed. Each of these terms was considered to be an "independent" variable. The correlation coefficients for all possible pairs of these "independent" variables were calculated, and the highly correlated terms were removed. Iterative multiple regression analyses were run on the remaining terms until all those not statistically significant had been deleted. The resulting functional relations are presented in Tables 1 and 2.

Table 1 presents the drag coefficient prediction equations for the five types of parachutes which had sufficient data to attempt a regression analysis. Performing the transformations on the independent variables presented in the table and then combining all terms results in a predicted drag coefficient. The degree of fit (R²) of the tabulated (observed) values in Appendix II for the prediction equations is indicated in the parentheses. The same procedure follows for Table 2 which presents peak opening shock and filling time prediction equations for the Circular Flat and Extended Skirt parachutes. For a given dependent variable, dissimilarities in these functional relations for the various types of parachutes must be attributed to differences in the availability of data for the various parachutes.

In an effort to explain as much of the data variation as possible, several interaction terms which appear in various theoretical parachute analyses were tried in the regression models. Except for Reynolds number and Froude

Table 1
Prediction Equations for Drag Coefficient

Ribless Guide Surface (R ² = .9253)	Extended Skirt (R2 = .8833)	Circular Flat (R ² = .8635)	Ringslot (R2 = .839.)	Ribbon (R ² = .6351)
2.7367	8. 5738	14.8090	-161.0286	17. 1465
7895 in Sp	+. 2676 In S ₀	+. 1316 in S ₀	0760 So	+3. 7779 In S _o
+.0271S _p	+. 7067 in F _r	-11.2727 VF,	1024 W/S	+. 0553 S _a
0251 F _r	+. 3985 F _r	+5.6058 in F _p	+. 3790 in W/Sa	-1.8017√S ₀
5919 t/(W/S _p)	13121/F _F	+. 7340 F _r	+,00071/(W/S ₀)2	+9 85161/50
+.04171/(W/Sp)2	2195 Ng/ Da	+1.1263 (in F _r) ²	7492 In V	-, 0305 I/(W/S ₀)
0008 w/Sp	+. 8292 in W/S ₀	6929 1/(W/S _d)	+.0015 V	+. 4858 In V
61. 6853 I/V	5000 In V	+. 1852 (In W/S ₀) ²	+6.1+86 Ng	- 4265 in R
+.0022 V	-2. 6168 in V	+. 0831 1/(W/S ₀) ²	+1183.7375 I/Ng	1601 A
0285 1/g²		-1.1010 in V		52. 5409 1/1
-25.5945 (10 ⁵) 1/R _e		0556 ¶		12. 2819 In A
+82.6427 (10 ¹⁰) I/R ₄		+. 2306 1/g		+5.6517 √x
3235 i/(in / D _o) ²		0245 I/g ²		+. 0089 1/ m
	į			8069 (10 ⁻⁵) I/M ²

Table 2
Prediction Equations for Filling Time and Opening Shock

Fillir	ng Time	Openin	g Shock
Circular Flat (R ² = .5121)	Extended Skirt (R ² = .4137)	Circular Flat (R ² = .5564)	Extended Skirt (R ² = .8695)
8279	-5004.0513	210.7387 (10 ²)	-1213. 9166 (10 ²)
+3142.5799 pD _O /V ⁹	+, 3910 17p	-4757.9144 (10 ³) p	+9771. 1968 (10) in Ng
-1881. 1376 (10 ²) p ²	+1573, 1123 (10 ⁷) 1/Re	+9780, 2371 (10 ³) pD ₀ /V ⁹	+2861.5800 1/M
+.0029 V	1474 2279 In Re	-366,7599 (10 ²) 1/in(i+q)	-2520. 9976 (10) In Sa
00101/p	+467.0649 Inp	-7.3409 S ₀	+1081.3135 (10 ³) 1/Ng
+.0041 x	-, 3352 (10 ⁻⁴) 1/p ²	+3.9308 (10~5) Re	-51.8082 I/M ²
+303.8672 S _v /S _o	-5664, 4910 (10 ¹³) I/Re ²	-8.1269 A	+1238. 1923 (10) in M
+. 3037 (10-6) 1/p2	-1694, 6732 (10 ²) p		-947. 1344 N _g
+35, 3660 1/ A	- 3889 (10 ⁻⁵) Re		+4. 7390 S _Q
	-, 7334 q		-4028, 1048 (10) Ng/Do
	1136.0969 (10 ⁴) ₄ 2	ĺ	-4051. 9106 (10 ⁶) 1/5°
	+17.4472 In q		-138. 1699 1/(w/s _o) ²
	r. 0015 q ²		
	-3783.4468 (10) p0 ₀ /V.*		
	+3.8789 Fr		
	+10 5306 in \$0		
	+114.3176 1/Fr		

number, however, the only interaction term found to be significant was $\frac{\rho D_0}{V^{.9}}$ which was for filling time. This does not necessarily indicate that these other variables may not be significant; for this could have resulted from the observed data used in the regression analyses. It is of interest to note the b value (coefficient) for $\frac{\rho D_0}{V^{.9}}$ for the Circular Flat parachute listed in Table 2. This value with its associated 95-percent confidence limits will encompass the constant, $\frac{8}{\rho_0} (\rho_0 = .002378)$, which is given in the "USAF Parachute Handbook" (reference 30).

It was initially anticipated that the same variables with similar functional forms and possibly just slightly different coefficients would be significant for all the parachute types. That the regression models did not substantiate this anticipation was apparently due to the poor distribution of the available data. Nevertheless, it is believed that adequate data will prove the hypothesis. At least it should be noted that the scaling variables (In S_0 , Fr, In Fr, Fr, [In Fr]) for the Circular Flat parachute drag coefficient are similar to the scaling variables (In S_0 , In Fr, Fr, I/Fr) for the Extended Skirt parachute drag coefficient. Furthermore, these two regression models were obtained from larger amounts of data than were available for the other types of parachutes.

D. Scaling Equation Theory

If the prediction equations as presented in Tables 1 and 2 are used, the scaling equations can be derived as follows: The only variables of interest in these prediction equations are the scaling variables; therefore, for practical purposes the other variables are disregarded. The reasoning that substantiates this statement is that a scale effect is interpreted as a change in the dependent variable (drag coefficient, etc.) due to a change in only the independent scaling variables. As a change denotes an increment, the non-scaling variables can be eliminated since they don't vary through this interval. Assuming the prediction equation to have five terms of which the first two and the last are scaling variables $(b_1 X_{1i}, b_2 X_{2i}, and b_5 X_{5i})$,

$$\hat{Y}_{j} = d_{0} + b_{1} X_{1j} + b_{2} X_{2j} + b_{3} X_{3j} + b_{4} X_{4j} + b_{5} X_{5j},$$

then, the incremental change in the dependent variable, as predicted by the regression equation, is

$$\hat{Y}_{2} - \hat{Y}_{1} = b_{1} (X_{12} - X_{11}) + b_{2} (X_{22} - X_{21}) + b_{5} (X_{52} - X_{51}) = b_{1} K_{1} + b_{2} K_{2} + b_{5} K_{5}$$

Thus, $(\hat{Y}_2 - \hat{Y}_1)$ is the incremental change in drag coefficient, filling time, or opening shock caused by a change in scale and this derived equation is then the scaling equation.

With the change in the dependent variable known, it is also desirable to

determine the confidence limits for this change. To predict confidence limits, the variance of the predicted change must be estimated.

To estimate the variance of the difference between two predicted mean values of the dependent variable when one or more of the independent variables remains constant, let it again be assumed for purposes of illustration that the fitted regression equation has five terms:

$$\hat{Y} = d_0 + b_1 X_{1j} + b_2 X_{2j} + b_3 X_{3j} + b_4 X_{4j} + b_5 X_{5j}$$

The estimate of the variance of $(\hat{Y}_2 - \hat{Y}_1)$ is desired when, for example, X_3 and X_4 remain constant, i.e., $X_{31} = X_{32}$ and $X_{41} = X_{42}$.

Now,

Var
$$(\hat{Y}_2 - \hat{Y}_1) = E[(\hat{Y}_2 - \hat{Y}_1)^2] - [E(\hat{Y}_2 - \hat{Y}_1)]^2$$
,
and $\hat{Y}_2 - \hat{Y}_1 = b_1(X_{12} - X_{11}) + b_2(X_{22} - X_{21}) + b_5(X_{52} - X_{51}) = b_1K_1 + b_2K_2 + b_5K_5$

Thus.

$$Var (\hat{Y}_2 - Y_1) = E \left[(b_1 K_1 + b_2 K_2 + b_5 K_5)^2 \right] - \left[E (b_1 K_1 + b_2 K_2 + b_5 K_5) \right]^2$$

Considering these two terms separately,

$$\begin{split} E\left[\left(b_{1} \, \mathsf{K}_{1} + b_{2} \, \mathsf{K}_{2} + b_{5} \, \mathsf{K}_{5}\right)^{2}\right] &= E\left[\left.b_{1}^{2} \mathsf{K}_{1}^{2} + b_{2}^{2} \mathsf{K}_{2}^{2} + b_{5}^{2} \mathsf{K}_{5}^{2} + 2 \, b_{1} \, b_{2} \, \mathsf{K}_{1} \, \mathsf{K}_{2} + 2 \, b_{1} \, b_{5} \, \mathsf{K}_{1} \, \mathsf{K}_{5} + 2 \, b_{2} \, b_{5} \, \mathsf{K}_{2} \, \mathsf{K}_{5}\right] \\ &= \left.\mathsf{K}_{1}^{2} \left[\left.\sigma_{1}^{2} + \beta_{1}^{2}\right.\right] + \mathsf{K}_{2}^{2} \left[\left.\sigma_{2}^{2} + \beta_{2}^{2}\right.\right] + \mathsf{K}_{5}^{2} \left[\left.\sigma_{5}^{2} + \beta_{5}^{2}\right.\right] \\ &+ 2 \, \mathsf{K}_{1} \, \mathsf{K}_{2} \left[\left.\sigma_{12} + \beta_{1} \beta_{2}\right.\right] + 2 \, \mathsf{K}_{1} \, \mathsf{K}_{5} \left[\left.\sigma_{15} + \beta_{1} \beta_{5}\right.\right] + 2 \, \mathsf{K}_{2} \, \mathsf{K}_{5} \left[\left.\sigma_{25} + \beta_{2} \beta_{5}\right.\right] \end{split}$$

and

$$\begin{split} \left[\mathsf{E} \left(\mathsf{b}_{1} \mathsf{K}_{1} + \mathsf{b}_{2} \mathsf{K}_{2} + \mathsf{b}_{5} \mathsf{K}_{5} \right) \right]^{2} = & \left[\mathsf{K}_{1} \beta_{1} + \mathsf{K}_{2} \beta_{2} + \mathsf{K}_{5} \beta_{5} \right]^{2} = \mathsf{K}_{1}^{2} \beta_{1}^{2} + \mathsf{K}_{2}^{2} \beta_{2}^{2} + \mathsf{K}_{5}^{2} \beta_{5}^{2} \\ & + 2 \mathsf{K}_{1} \mathsf{K}_{2} \beta_{1} \beta_{2} + 2 \mathsf{K}_{1} \mathsf{K}_{5} \beta_{1} \beta_{5} + 2 \mathsf{K}_{2} \mathsf{K}_{5} \beta_{2}^{2} \beta_{5} \; . \end{split}$$

Taking the difference of these two expressions yields

$$Var (\hat{Y}_2 - \hat{Y}_1) = K_1^2 \sigma_1^2 + K_2^2 \sigma_2^2 + K_5^2 \sigma_5^2 + 2K_1 K_2 \sigma_{12} + 2K_1 K_5 \sigma_{15} + 2K_2 K_5 \sigma_{25},$$

where $\sigma_i^2 = Vor(b_i)$ and $\sigma_{ij} = Cov(b_i b_j)$

would be estimated by

$$S^{2}_{\hat{Y}_{2}-\hat{Y}_{1}} = S_{E}^{2} \left[K_{1}^{2} C_{11} + K_{2}^{2} C_{22} + K_{5}^{2} C_{55} + 2 K_{1} K_{2} C_{12} + 2 K_{1} K_{5} C_{15} + 2 K_{2} K_{5} C_{25} \right]$$

where c_{jj} and c_{jj} are defined, as before, to be elements of the inverse matrix C .

The predicted change due to scaling with associated 95-percent confidence limits is then,

$$(\hat{\gamma}_2 - \hat{\gamma}_1) \pm 1.96 \text{ S} \hat{\gamma}_2 - \hat{\gamma}_1$$

E. Limitations of Regression Models for Development of Scaling Equations

There are several reasons why the regression equations, other than the equations for the Circular Flat and Extended Skirt parachutes, were not used to develop scaling equations. Presented in Table 3 are the ranges of the independent variables of the observed data. If the regression equations are used for prediction purposes for values of the independent variables outside these ranges, a correct result would be purely accidental. However, not only is it necessary to consider the range, but also the distribution of the observed data with respect to the independent variables in this range. Of primary importance for this investigation is the distribution with respect to canopy nominal surface area. These distributions for surface area are presented in Figures 2 through 8 and are typical of the distributions for the other independent variables. As can be seen, the ranges for the independent variable presented in Table 3 can be quite misleading since only extreme values are indicated. It is, therefore, necessary to consider the distribution of observed data points for every scaling variable before the scaling equations can be developed and used.

Table 3
Ranges of Independent Variables

Parachute Type	Dependent Variables	s _o (n. ²)	1 _s /D _o	Ng/Do	1 _r /D _o	s _v /s _o	λ st ΔP=1/2"H ₂ 0 (ft ³ /ft ² =min)	W/S _o (pef)	V (ft/sec	q (pef)	Re x 10 ⁻⁶	М	Fr
Flet	c _D	0.196 to 17,671.5	0.816 to 1.810	1.00 to 20.70	0.0 to 1.3	0.0 to 0.25	0 to 426	0.188 to 51.60	10.4 te 233.8	0.12 to 60.0	0.1383 to 28.650	.0094 to .2445	.229 to 31.1
Circular	t and Fo	452.0 to 804.0	0.700 to 0.850	٠	0	0.0 to	60 to 260	0.256 to 0.499	168.° to 467.6	27.7 to 204.4	20.7 to 70.07	514 to .4236	5.45 to 15.58
Extended	c _D	1.91C to 5319.73	0.600 to 1.400	0.5007 to 17.96	0.0 to	0.0 to 0.1	10 to 275	0.119 to 10.33	9.8 to 111.7	0.108 to 12.55	0.129 to 18.053	0.0088 to 0.100	.374 to 15.75
Skirt	t f and Fo	715.6 to 5230.0	0.699 to 1.000	0.500 to 0.9376	0.0 to 0.09	0.0 to 0.008	30 to 135	0.226 to 0.736	150.0 to 504.1	24.9 to .94.8	30.58 to 280.0	0.1340 to 0.4681	4.274 tc 15.05
Ribbon	$c_{ extsf{D}}$	3.66 to 129.2	1,000 to 1,400	1.345 to 7.412	0 to 1.430	0 to 0,010	9,7 to 30.0	0.078 to 70.53	9.9 tc 514.0	0.10B to 295.0	0.747 to 35.40	0.0087 to 0.4627	0.511 to 30.93
Ring Slot	c _t	48.0 to 920.8	1.0 to 1.535	,3346 to 1,964	No Value	0.0 to 0.008	9.82 to 17.80	0.10 to 48.20	9.8 to 584.0	0.111 to 364.0	0.727 to 25.55	.0088 to 0.518	0.503 to 36.83
Guide Surface (Ribless)	C _D	0.615 to 48.10	1.5 t -	1.278 to 13.56	to 13.2	C t -	to 275 ven in per cent	0.161 to 150,0	10.e to 516.0	0,119 to 304,0	0.469 to 19.90	0.009 to 0.471	0.629 to 45.0

Note. No range ** Geometric purceity given in per cent.

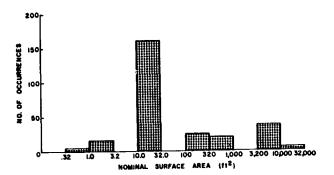


Figure 2
Circular Flat Drag Coefficient Data
Distribution

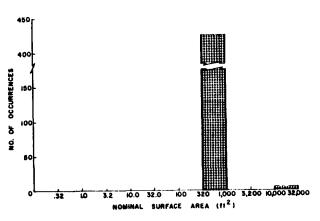


Figure 3
Circular Flat Filling Time and Opening
Shock Data Distribution

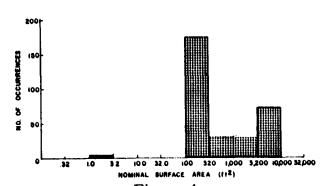


Figure 4
Extended Skirt Drag Coefficient Data
Distribution

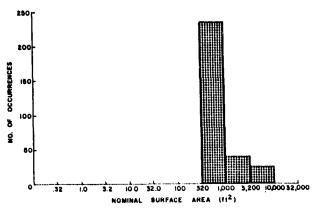


Figure 5
Extended Skirt Filling Time and Opening Shock Data Distribution

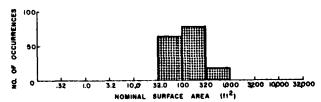


Figure 6
Ringslot Drag Coefficient Data
Distribution

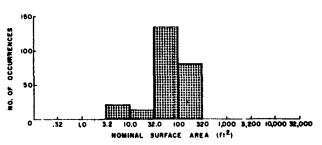


Figure 7
Ribbon Drag Coefficient Data
Distribution

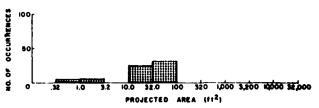


Figure 8
Ribless Guide Surface Drag
Coefficient Data Distribution

As an obvious example of why a scaling equation was not developed, virtually all of the collected data for filling time and opening shock for the Circular Flat parachute fell in one area range. Therefore, any predictions involving canopy areas outside this range would be unwarranted extrapolations. It should also be noted with reference to Figure 4 that data for the Extended Skirt parachute drag coefficient was nil for the smaller nominal surface areas. For this reason, the restriction on the use of the developed scaling equation in this canopy area range should be carefully observed. Also, reference to Appendix II will show that the distribution of the observed data for Ng/D_0 for the Extended Skirt is for practical purposes much narrower than indicated in Table 3.

The most subtle and, consequently, most difficult reason to recognize, which prevents the development of scaling equations from most of the regression models, is the warped or unreasonable surface shape predicted by the regression models. In other words, it is very possible for the regression model to have a very high multiple correlation (R^2), but due to the poor distribution of the observed data, be capable of predicting accurately only for the observed data points.

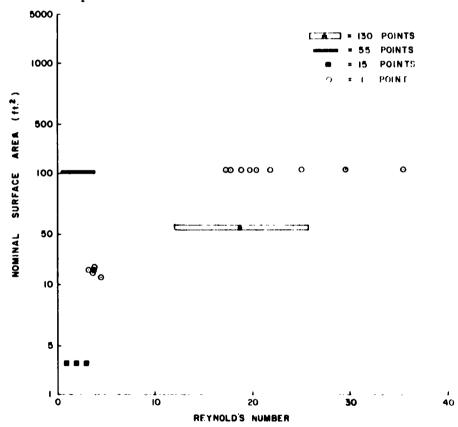


Figure 9. Ribbon Parachute Observed Data Distribution for Scaling Variables

To clarify this point, the regression model for the Circular Flat Ribbon parachute will be used as an example. Figure 9 presents the observed data

distribution for the Ribbon parachute as a function of the scaling variables, canopy surface area, and Reynolds number. These variables were chosen to demonstrate the data distribution since both were significant scaling variables as predicted by the Ribbon parachute regression model. Figure 9 shows that the observed data is very highly concentrated in three or four regions. For comparison purposes, Figure 10 presents the observed data distribution for the Circular Flat parachute for its significant scaling variables, canopy surface area, and Froude number. The Circular Flat parachute data can be seen to be much more evenly distributed as a function of its scaling variables than the Ribbon parachute data is.

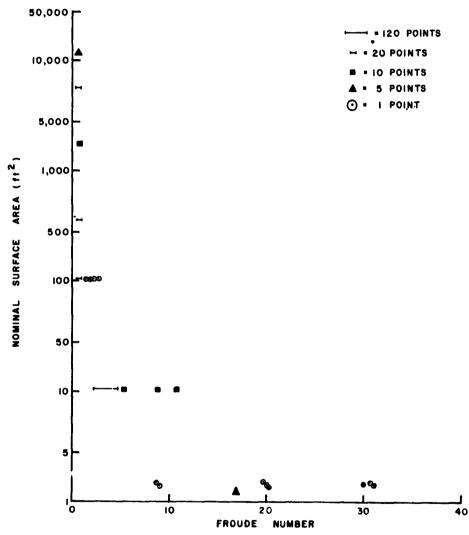


Figure 10. Circular Flat Observed Data Distribution for Scaling Variables

To demonstrate the effect that the difference in data distribution can have, assume that the drag coefficient is predicted for both types of parachutes for a 75-square foot surface area, 10⁷ Reynolds number, and 1.35 Froude number (Reynolds number and Froude number are compatible so that the same condition is being investigated for both parachute types). It will be

found that the regression model for the Circular Flat parachute will predict very well and the regression model for the Ribbon parachute will predict very poorly. It can be seen by reference to Figures 9 and 10, however, that the point at which the drag coefficient prediction is being attempted falls among clusters of observed data for both parachute types. To demonstrate the cause of this apparent paradox, the Ribbon parachute regression model can be differentiated with respect to canopy surface area, which yields.

$$\frac{\partial C_{D}}{\partial S_{O}} = .0553 + \frac{3.7799}{S_{O}} - \frac{1.8017}{2\sqrt{S_{O}}} - \frac{9.8516}{S_{O}^{2}}$$

Evaluation of this differential through a canopy surface area range of 40 feet² to 120 feet² yields the slopes for the predicted surface as presented in Figure 11. Since the observed data for the Ribbon parachute is very heavily concentrated around the canopy surface areas of 55 feet² and 110 feet², it can be surmised, with reference to Figure 11, that the prediction surface is passing through the observed data at these points and dropping down to an inflection point at a canopy surface of 75 feet². This in actuality is what is occurring and this is demonstrated in the 3-dimensional sketch of the predicted surface presented in Figure 12. The observed data points are represented by the dots and the prediction by the cross in this figure. It can be seen from the sketch of this surface, how a regression equation can fit the observed data very well (high R²) and still not be appropriate for prediction purposes at any other points. This is probably the most forceful argument that can be made for the necessity of a well designed experiment which results in a favorable distribution of observed data points.

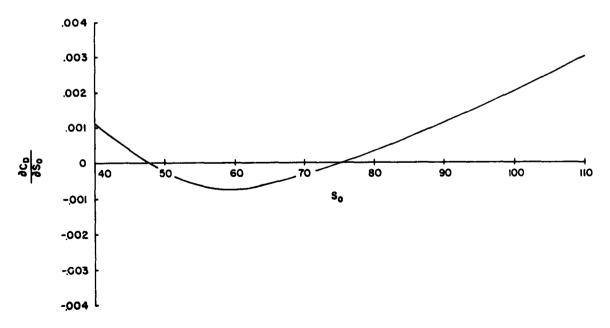


Figure 11. Slope of Drag Coefficient Surface for Ribbon Parachute

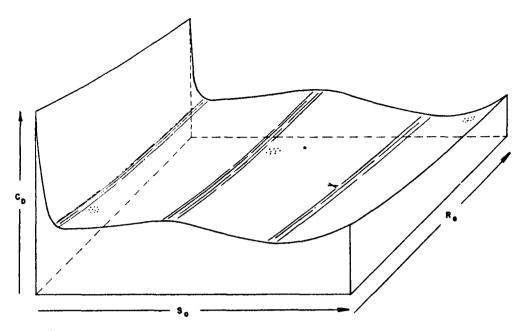


Figure 12. Drag Coefficient Surface Predicted by Regression Equation

F. Scaling Equations for Circular Flat and Extended Skirt Parachutes Drag Coefficient

This subsection presents the information necessary to derive the scaling effects and associated confidence intervals on drag coefficient for the Circular Flat and Extended Skirt parachutes and gives an example using the Circular Flat parachute. The reasons for selecting only these two regression models to develop scaling equations are as explained previously.

Presented in Table 4 are the scaling variables and coefficients for the Circular Flat and Extended Skirt parachutes which may vary for a change in scale if the other independent variables are held constant. Table 5 presents the associated c_{ii} and c_{ii} values.

Table 4
Scaling Variables and Coefficients

Flat C	ircular	Extende	d Skirt*
Variable	bi	Variable	b,
In So	0.1316		0.2676
√F,	-11.2727	In F _r	0.7067
inF _r	5.6058	F,	0.3985
Fe	0.7340	1/F _f	-0.1312
(InFr)	1.1263	Ng/Do	-0.2195

*Information to be used only in the nominal surface canopy area range of 100 feet² to 5300 feet²,

Table 5
Inverse Matrix, C, Values

	Flat Ci			Extended Skirt
C ₁₁ =	0.2257	$C_{25} =$	-14.9632	$C_{11} = 1.6231 \ C_{25} = 1.6305$
$C_{12} =$	-2.8230	$C_{33} =$	41.9722	$C_{12} = 6.9017 \ C_{33} = 1.0708$
C13 =	2.1354	C34 =	5.0599	$C_{13} = -0.2483$ $C_{34} = -0.9737$
	0. 1666			$C_{14} = 0.1911 \ C_{35} = -0.6395$
	0.3342			$C_{15} = 0.1528 C_{44} = 1.1988$
C ₂₂ =	148.9704	C45 =	0.9812	C22 = 32.6942 C45 = 0.5544
$C_{23} =$	-76.4048	C ₅₅ =	1.5620	C ₂₃ = -2.7609 C ₅₅ = 0.3892
C ₂₄ =	-10.0956			C ₂₄ = 2.7680
S ² _E = 0.006508				$S^2E = 0.003025$

To predict the change in drag coefficient for the Circular Flat parachute for a change in size from a nominal diameter of two feet to a nominal diameter of fifty feet, assuming velocity equal to 32.2 feet/second, the procedure is as follows:

First, with $D_0 = 50$ and $D_0 = 2$, the variables listed in Table 4 would yield the following values:

D	50	2
In S _o	7.58248	1.14473
√F _r	.89586	2.00312
In F _r	21995	1.38941
F,	.80256	4.01249
(In F _r) ²	.04838	1.93046

where
$$F_r = \sqrt{\frac{V^2}{gD_0}}$$
. Now,

$$\Delta C_D = \hat{Y}_1 - \hat{Y}_2 = b_1 K_1 + b_2 K_2 + b_3 K_3 + b_4 K_4 + b_5 K_5$$

$$K_1 = (X_{12} - X_{11})$$

$$\text{where } X_{12} = 7.58248$$

$$\text{and } X_{11} = 1.14473 \qquad K_4 = (X_{42} - X_{41})$$

$$K_2 = (X_{22} - X_{21}) \qquad \text{where } X_{42} = .80256$$

$$\text{and } X_{21} = 2.00312 \qquad K_5 = (X_{52} - X_{51})$$

$$K_3 = (X_{32} - X_{31}) \qquad \text{where } X_{52} = .04838$$

$$\text{and } X_{31} = 1.38941$$

$$\Delta C_D = 0.1316 (7.58248 - 1.14473) - 11.2727 (0.89586 - 2.00312) + 5.6058 (-0.21995 - 1.38941) + 0.7340 (0.80256 - 4.01249) + 1.1263 (0.04838 - 1.93046)$$

$$\Delta C_{D} = .84721 + 12.48181 - 9.02175 - 2.35609 - 2.11979$$

 $\Delta C_{D} = -.1686$

which is then the change in drag coefficient for a change in nominal diameter from two feet to fifty feet.

To estimate the variance of this change,

The standard deviation is then $\sqrt{.000616}$ which is equal to 0.02482 and the expected change in drag coefficient with associated 9%-percent confidence limits is $\sim 1686^{-1}1.96$ (0.02482) or $\sim 1686^{-1}0.04869$. This is shown in Figure 13 as the squares and circle along with the expected change in drag coefficient and 9% percent confidence limits for any change in nominal diameter between two feet and one handred test

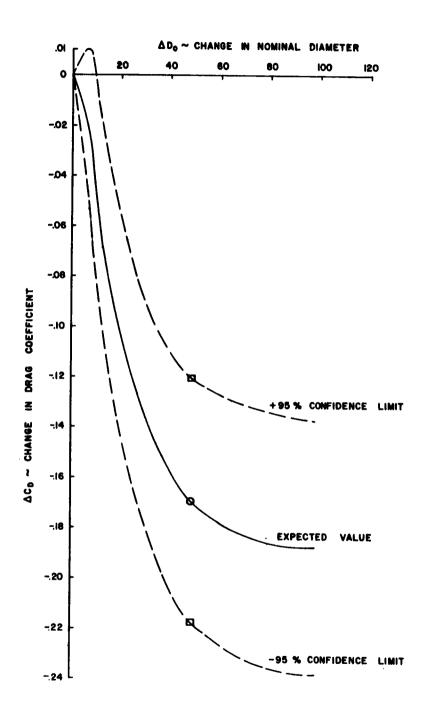


Figure 13. Incremental Change in Drag Coefficient Due to Scaling

SECTION III

CONCLUSIONS

- 1. The development of scaling equations by statistical techniques is feasible.
- 2. Scaling equations were developed for drag coefficient for the Circular Flat and Extended Skirt parachute types which apparently yield reasonable predictions although the Extended Skirt scaling equation is rather limited in range of application.
- 3. The distribution of the observed data is probably the most significant single factor influencing the development of accurate scaling equations.
- 4. A high multiple correlation (R^2) for the regression model cannot be relied upon as a satisfactory condition for permitting the development of accurate scaling equations.
- 5. Variables, such as suspension line length, porosity, etc., which are known to affect parachute performance, did not necessarily appear statistically significant for the regression analysis due to the poor distribution of available data.
- 6. The collection of data from many varied sources led to less accurate equations than data gathered from one set of tests.

SECTION IV

RECOMMENDATIONS

As noted previously, many areas in this investigation have insufficient or questionable data. The developed scaling equations, therefore, can be considered only as preliminary media in the development of basic equations. Scrutiny of the developed equations and data distribution charts and tables in Section II and the data summary tables in Appendix II reveals the lack of data in several areas. There is practically no usable information defining any parachute's stability; only the Solid Flat Circular and Extended Skirt types of parachutes have usable peak opening shock and filling time data. The Conical Ribbon parachute data are virtually nonexistent. Since all types of parachutes need additional information to some degree, the following recommendations are made.

1. Future testing should be directed toward filling the existing voids in the available data. The less the variation of parameters other than the scaling variables, the more desirable this testing will be.

- 2. Initial concentration toward defining the scaling equations for only one type of parachute would be desirable, since it is felt that the scaling equations for all common types of parachutes will be similar.
- 3. All future testing should be conducted according to a specific statistical design of experiment in order to yield maximum use of the resultant test data.
- 4. A consistent method should be established for the definition of parachute stability. At present, it is impossible to correlate the period and the amplitude of parachute oscillation (also gliding and coning) under free-fall conditions with wind tunnel tests which define pitching moment at angle of attack. Therefore, until this problem is solved, pitching moment at angle of attack will probably mean very little except in the general sense that the parachute is stable or unstable over a given range. For an analysis of parachute scaling effects for stability, this consistent definition is almost mandatory.

Looking further into the future, the following recommendations are made:

- 1. The range of applicability of the scaling equations should be extended to include a much broader operating regime (altitude and velocity).
- 2. The effects of variables other than scaling variables—for example, ribbon spacing—should be investigated so that a scale model test can be used to evaluate parachute performance without requiring unnecessarily complicated fabrication procedures.
- 3. The effects of different types of testing—such as free-fall, wind tunnel, and rocket sled—should be evaluated.

BIBLIOGRAPHY

This bibliography is a comprehensive listing of the references pertinent to the subject of this report. All available literature relating to the parachute research program was reviewed before the preparation of the bibliography.

The references have been separated into two sections: Part I lists the references which provided data used in the program analysis, and Part II presents the references which did not offer usable data.

The items are arranged either alphabetically by author or sequentially by reference number when anonymous. As many of the publications are in the general or special collections of ASTIA, they are identified accordingly.

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APPENDIX I

REGRESSION ANALYSIS AND COMPUTER PROGRAM

A. General Least Squares Multiple Regression

A general least squares multiple regression analysis with k fixed variates postulates that some variable or characteristic, Y, is related to or depends on certain other variables or characteristics, X_1, X_2, \dots, X_k , by means of the general linear relation (regression model)

$$Y = 8_0 + \beta_1 \quad X_1 + \beta_2 \quad X_2 + \cdots + \beta_k \quad X_k$$

where $X_i (i=1,2,\dots,k)$ may take any functional form of the independent variable; e.g., natural log, inverse, etc. Obtaining estimates of the regression coefficients by the method of least squares consists of obtaining an expression

$$\hat{Y} = d_0 + b_1 X_1 + b_2 X_2 + \cdots b_k X_k$$

such that the error sum of squares, i.e., the sum of the deviations squared of the observed Y from the predicted or fitted \hat{Y} , $SSE = \sum_{j=1}^{n} (Y_j - \hat{Y}_j)^2$, be a minimum, where there are n observations or data points $(n \ge k+1)$.

In order that tests of hypotheses involving the β 's and the overall regression may be made and confidence intervals for the β 's and predicted γ values computed, the following assumptions concerning the measured variables must be made:

- (i) the X's are measured with negligible error and, therefore, are regarded as fixed constants which may be chosen at the discretion of the experimenter;
- (ii) for a given set of X's, the possible Y values are normally and independently distributed with mean, $\mu_{\gamma} = \delta_0 + \beta_1 X_1 + \beta_2 X_2 + \cdots + \beta_k X_k$, and variance, σ_F^2 ;
 - (iii) the variance of Y for all sets of X's is identically σ_F^2

It must be emphasized that this postulated relationship between Y and the X's is not necessarily a causal one, but is rather a relationship which may be used for predictive or analytic purposes.

B. The Method of Least Squares

To minimize the error sum of squares, the following procedure is employed. Write

SSE =
$$\sum (Y - \hat{Y})^2 = \sum (Y - d_0 - b_1 X_1 - b_2 X_2 - \dots - b_k X_k)^2$$
,

where the index of summation has been omitted for simplicity of notation. Partially differentiate SSE with respect to each of the parameters to be estimated and equate these partial derivatives to zero:

$$\frac{\partial SSE}{\partial d_{0}} = 2 \sum (Y - d_{0} - b_{1} X_{1} - b_{2} X_{2} - \cdots - b_{k} X_{k}) (-1) = 0$$

$$\frac{\partial SSE}{\partial b_{1}} = 2 \sum (Y - d_{0} - b_{1} X_{1} - b_{2} X_{2} - \cdots - b_{k} X_{k}) (-X_{1}) = 0$$

$$\frac{\partial SSE}{\partial b_{2}} = 2 \sum (Y - d_{0} - b_{1} X_{1} - b_{2} X_{2} - \cdots - b_{k} X_{k}) (-X_{2}) = 0$$

$$\vdots$$

$$\vdots$$

$$\frac{\partial SSE}{\partial b_{k}} = 2 \sum (Y - d_{0} - b_{1} X_{1} - b_{2} X_{2} - \cdots - b_{k} X_{k}) (-X_{k}) = 0$$

Multiply the first equation by 1/2, perform the indicated summations term by term, and solve for d_0 :

$$d_0 = \overline{Y} - b_1 \overline{X}_1 - b_2 \overline{X}_2 - \cdots - b_k \overline{X}_k,$$

where \overline{Y} , \overline{X}_1 , \overline{X}_2 , ..., \overline{X}_k are the arithmetic means. Multiply the remaining equations by 1/2, perform the indicated summations term by term, and transfer the first sum in each equation to the right side:

$$d_{0} \sum x_{1} + b_{1} \sum x_{1}^{2} + b_{2} \sum x_{1} x_{2} + \dots + b_{k} \sum x_{1} x_{k} = \sum x_{1} Y$$

$$d_{0} \sum x_{2} + b_{1} \sum x_{2} x_{2} + b_{2} \sum x_{2}^{2} + \dots + b_{k} \sum x_{2} x_{k} = \sum x_{2} Y$$

$$\vdots$$

$$d_{0} \sum x_{k} + b_{1} \sum x_{k} x_{1} + b_{2} \sum x_{k} x_{2} + \dots + b_{k} \sum x_{k}^{2} = \sum x_{k} Y$$

Substitute the expression for d_0 in each of these equations and group similar terms:

$$b_{1}(\sum x_{1}^{2} - \overline{x}_{1}\sum x_{1}) + b_{2}(\sum x_{1} x_{2} - \overline{x}_{2}\sum x_{1}) + \cdots + b_{k}(\sum x_{1} x_{k} - \overline{x}_{k}\sum x_{1}) = (\sum x_{1}Y - \overline{Y}\sum x_{1})$$

$$b_{1}(\sum x_{2}x_{1} - \overline{x}_{1}\sum x_{2}) + b_{2}(\sum x_{2}^{2} - \overline{x}_{2}\sum x_{2}) + \cdots + b_{k}(\sum x_{2}x_{k} - \overline{x}_{k}\sum x_{2}) = (\sum x_{2}Y - \overline{Y}\sum x_{2})$$

$$\vdots$$

$$b_{1}(\sum x_{k}x_{1} - \overline{x}_{1}\sum x_{k}) + b_{2}(\sum x_{k}x_{2} - \overline{x}_{2}\sum x_{k}) + \cdots + b_{k}(\sum x_{k}^{2} - \overline{x}_{k}\sum x_{k}) = (\sum x_{k}Y - \overline{Y}\sum x_{k})$$

These equations thusly obtained by the method of least squares are commonly known as the normal equations.

Particular note should be made of the quantities in parentheses. These quantities are the corrected sums of squares or sums of products, i.e.,

$$(\sum x_i x_j - \overline{x}_i \sum x_j) = (\sum x_i x_j - \frac{\sum x_i \sum x_j}{n}) = \sum (x_i - \overline{x}_i)(x_j - \overline{x}_j) = (\sum x_j x_i - \overline{x}_j \sum x_i),$$

$$(i, j = 1, 2, \dots, k)$$

and

$$(\sum X_i Y - \overline{Y} \sum X_i) = (\sum X_i Y - \frac{\sum Y \sum X_i}{n}) = \sum (X_i - \overline{X})(Y - \overline{Y}), (i = 1, 2, \dots, k).$$

Denoting the corrected sums of squares and sums of products of the X's and Y's by a_{ij} and a_{iy} , respectively, the normal equations take the form

where, as indicated above, $a_{ij} = a_{ji}$, $(i, j, = 1, 2, \dots k)$.

To obtain the least squares estimates b_1, b_2, \dots, b_k of the regression coefficients $\beta_1, \beta_2, \dots, \beta_k$, it is required to solve the system of normal equations for b_1, b_2, \dots, b_k , and then substitute these values into the expression for d_0 to obtain the complete prediction equation \hat{Y} .

C. Estimation of the Regression Coefficients and Tests of Significance

Expressing the normal equations in matrix notation where

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} & \cdots & a_{1k} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} & \cdots & a_{2k} \\ \vdots & \vdots & & \vdots \\ a_{k1} & a_{k2} & \cdots & a_{kk} \end{bmatrix}, \quad \underline{b} = \begin{bmatrix} b_1 \\ b_2 \\ \vdots \\ b_k \end{bmatrix}, \quad \text{and} \quad \underline{G} = \begin{bmatrix} a_{1y} \\ a_{2y} \\ \vdots \\ a_{ky} \end{bmatrix}$$

yields $A \underline{b} = \underline{G}$.

Multiplication by A⁻¹ produces

$$A^{-1} \quad A \quad \underline{b} = A^{-1} \quad \underline{G}$$

$$I \quad \underline{b} = A^{-1} \quad \underline{G}$$

$$b = A^{-1} \quad G$$

where A-1 is the inverse of the A matrix and I denotes the identity matrix.

Denoting the elements of the inverse of the A matrix as

$$C = A^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} C_{11} & C_{12} \cdots & C_{1k} \\ C_{21} & C_{22} \cdots & C_{2k} \\ C_{k1} & C_{k2} \cdots & C_{kk} \end{bmatrix},$$

the estimates of the regression coefficients are found by:

$$b_{i} = C_{ii} a_{iy} + C_{i2} a_{2y} + \cdots + C_{ik} a_{ky}$$

$$b_{2} = C_{2i} a_{iy} + C_{22} a_{2y} + \cdots + C_{2k} a_{ky}$$

$$\vdots$$

$$b_{k} = C_{ki} a_{iy} + C_{k2} a_{2y} + \cdots + C_{kk} a_{ky}$$

and then

$$\mathbf{d}_{O} = \overline{\mathbf{Y}} - \mathbf{b}_{1} \ \overline{\mathbf{X}}_{1} - \mathbf{b}_{2} \ \overline{\mathbf{X}}_{2} - \cdots - \mathbf{b}_{k} \ \overline{\mathbf{X}}_{k} \ .$$

It can be demonstrated that

$$SSE = \sum_{j=1}^{n} (Y_{j} - \hat{Y}_{j})^{2} = \sum_{j=1}^{n} \left[Y_{j} - \overline{Y} - \sum_{i=1}^{k} b_{i} (X_{ij} - \overline{X}_{i}) \right]^{2}$$

$$= \sum_{j=1}^{n} (Y_{j} - \overline{Y})^{2} - \sum_{i=1}^{k} b_{i} \sum_{j=1}^{n} (X_{ij} - \overline{X}_{i}) (X_{j} - \overline{Y}) = \sum_{j=1}^{n} (Y_{j} - \overline{Y})^{2} - \sum_{i=1}^{k} b_{i} a_{iy}$$

which is another way of stating that the corrected total sum of squares for the dependent variable, Y, can be partitioned into a sum of squares attributable to the regression of Y on the X's and a sum of squares not explained by the regression and which is presumably due to the experimental error, i.e.,

$$SST = SSR + SSE$$
.

It is, therefore, possible, under the assumptions of (i), (ii), and (iii), to set up the following analysis of variance table to test the hypothesis pertaining to the significance of the overall regression.

^{1.} Anderson, R. L., and Bancroft, T. A., Statistical Theory in Research, McGraw-Hill Book Company, Inc., 1952, p. 171.

ANALYSIS OF VARIANCE TABLE

Source of Variation	d.f.	S .S.	M. S.	F
Regression Error		$\sum_{i} b_{i} a_{iy} = SSR$ $\sum_{j} (Y_{j} - \hat{Y}_{j})^{2} = SSE$	l l	SR/SE
Total	n	$\sum_{j} (Y_{j} - \overline{Y})^{2} = SST$		

The computed F ratio may be compared with the tabular F value for (k) and (n-k-1) degrees of freedom (at the desired level of significance) to test the null hypothesis that all the β_i 's $(i=1,2,\cdots,k)$ are equal to zero.

Another useful statistic to be computed is the square of the multiple correlation coefficient,

$$R^2 = SSR / SST$$
,

which indicates what proportion of the variation in the Y's, expressed as a sum of squares of deviations from the mean, is explained by the regression of Y on the X's.

Under the assumption of normality, it follows that each of the b_i 's $(i=1,2,\cdots,k)$ is normally distributed with mean, β_i , and variance, $C_{ii} \sigma_E^2$, where C_{ii} is the i^{th} diagonal element of the inverse of matrix A. Therefore, to test the null hypothesis that one of the individual regression coefficients is zero, $H_0: \beta_i = 0$, $(i=1,2,\cdots,k)$, compute

$$t = b_i / \sqrt{C_{ii} S_E^2}$$

and compare with the tabular t value for (n-k-1) degrees of freedom (at the desired level of significance). To test the null hypothesis that a particular β_i , $(i=1,2,\cdots k)$ is equal to some specified value, $H_0:\beta_i=\beta$, compute

$$t = (b_i - \beta) / \sqrt{C_{ij} S_E^2}$$

and again compare with the tabular t value for (n-k-1) degrees of freedom (at the desired level of significance). One other possible test of hypothesis

Anderson, R. L., and Bancroft, T. A., Statistical Theory in Research McGraw-Hill Book Company, Inc., 1952, p. 177.

which may be of interest is the null hypothesis that two of the regression coefficients are equal, $H_0: \beta_i = \beta_j (i, j = 1, 2, \dots, k; i \neq j)$. Testing this hypothesis requires the computation of

$$t = (b_i - b_j) / \sqrt{(c_{ij} + c_{jj} - 2 c_{ij}) S_E^2}$$

to also be compared with the tabular t value for (n-k-1) degrees of freedom (at the desired level of significance).

The β 's are known as partial regression coefficients since β_i indicates the amount Y would vary per unit change in X_i if the remaining X's were held fixed and b_i is the sample estimate of this change. It is impossible to determine the relative importance of the various independent variables as they contribute to (or explain) the variation of the dependent variable simply by examination of the magnitudes of the b_i 's, since the contribution to the overall regression depends on the product of b_i times X_i . However, the standard partial regression coefficients

$$b'_{i} = b_{i} \sqrt{\sum_{j} (X_{ij} - X_{i})^{2} / \sum_{j} (Y_{j} - \overline{Y})^{2}}, (i = 1, 2, \dots k)$$

offer a proper comparison when ranked in descending order of their absolute values, since they are all expressed in the same units.

The upper and lower confidence bounds for β_i ($i=1,2,\dots,k$) would be computed by

$$b_i \pm t_{(n-k-1)\alpha} \sqrt{C_{ii} S_E^2}$$

and similarly for the difference between two regression coefficients,

$$\beta_{i} - \beta_{j}$$
, $(i, j = 1, 2, \dots, k; i \neq j)$, $(b_{i} - b_{j}) \pm t_{(n-k-1)} \alpha \sqrt{(c_{ii} + c_{jj} - 2c_{ij}) s_{E}^{2}}$,

where $t_{(n-k-1)\alpha}$ is the tabular t value for (n-k-1) degrees of freedom (at the α level of significance).

To place confidence bounds around the <u>average</u> γ , $\hat{\gamma}_0$, for a specified set of χ values, X_{01} , X_{02} , \cdots , X_{0k} , the quantities

$$\hat{Y}_{0} \pm t_{(n-k-1)\alpha} \sqrt{S_{E}^{2} \left[\frac{1}{2} n + \sum_{i,j=1}^{k} C_{ij} (x_{0i} - \bar{x}_{i}) (x_{0j} - \bar{x}_{j}) \right]}$$

are computed, where n is the number of observations or data points included in the regression study, $\hat{Y}_0 = d_0 + \sum_{i=1}^k b_i X_{0i}$, and the other quantities are defined as above. To compute confidence bounds for an individual predicted

Y value given a specified set of X's, an additional factor of l is added within the square brackets of the above expression to give

$$\hat{Y}_{0} \pm I_{(n-k-1)\alpha} \sqrt{S_{E}^{2} \left[1 + \frac{1}{n} + \sum_{i,j=1}^{k} c_{ij} (x_{0i} - \bar{x}_{i}) (x_{0j} - \bar{x}_{j}) \right]}$$

The interpretation concerning the "desired level of significance," a. to be associated with a test of hypothesis or with a confidence interval is the following: If the null hypothesis is rejected at the \alpha level of significance (α is commonly taken to be .05 or .01, but may be any value, depending on the problem at hand and the use which is to be made of the results), this says that a value of the test statistic (computed from the sample data) at least as large as the critical (tabular) value of the test statistic would be expected to occur by chance alone approximately 100 · \alpha times out of each 100 repeated samples, assuming the null hypothesis were true. This is, in effect, stating that the null hypothesis would be incorrectly rejected 100.α percent of the time. The same basic idea holds with respect to confidence intervals. An 100 (1 - α) per cent confidence interval (computed from the sample data) for a given parameter is interpreted to mean that, if repeated samples were taken and the corresponding confidence intervals computed, approximately 100 (1 - \alpha) times out of each 100 repeated samples, the range of the confidence interval would encompass the parameter.

By application of the above computational techniques, it is possible to assess the overall significance of a regression model, rank the independent variables according to their relative contribution to the total regression, test the individual terms in the model for significance, and on these bases determine if the model should be reduced. After a model involving only significant terms has been obtained, confidence intervals for the regression coefficients and predicted Y values may be computed.

D. Computer Program for Multiple Regression Analysis

An IBM 704 FORTRAN II program, identified as TV-MRCA MULTIPLE REGRESSION-COMPREHENSIVE ANALYSIS, was obtained from the SHARE Library in Building 57, Area B, Wright-Patterson Air Force Base, as the most applicable computer program available. Various modifications and additions to this program were deemed necessary.

Modifications were required to render this program compatible with IBM 7090 FORTRAN II and the accompanying procedures in effect at the ASD computer installation in Building 57, Area B, Wright-Patterson Air Force Base.

Originally, this routine provided the least squares fit of a multiple regression model containing a maximum of 23 independent variables for a maximum of 500 observations (data points). It was limited to the consideration of one dependent variable per set of data. The output included the

estimates of the regression coefficients and their corresponding standard deviations; the Total, Regression, and Error sums of squares; the averages of all the variables; and predictions and residual errors for each observation used in the study.

Two optional features were also available. A list of synthetic data points (containing no value for the dependent variable) could be added to the input data for which the predicted values and standard deviations of the dependent variable would be computed. Any number or combination of the independent variables could be excluded from the regression model and the analysis rerun on this basis producing the same output, excepting that the computation of the predicted values and residual errors for the observations would be deleted.

The above computer program was rewritten in the form of a subroutine and its capacity increased to provide for the consideration of a regression model containing a maximum of 49 independent variables. Modifications and allowances were made so that the program now contains the following features and supplements to its output.

Since the regression program is now in the form of a subroutine, a main program can be written to read in the input data, perform any desired transformations on the variables, store them on tape, and call the regression routine. Any of the variables could then be designated the dependent variable and a least squares multiple regression analysis be run considering any number (less than 50) or combination of the other variables as dependent variables. Thus, the number of dependent and independent variables per set of data as well as the rerun option has been greatly extended. The output of the program now includes the correlation coefficients between all pairs of the independent variables, the correlation coefficients between each independent variable and the dependent variable, the A matrix (corrected sums of squares and sums of products), the C matrix (the inverse of the A matrix), an Analysis of Variance table, the actual and predicted values of the \underline{G} vector (the corrected sums of products of the X's and the Y), the t tests for testing $H_0: \beta=0$, $(i=1,2,\dots,k)$, the standard partial regression coefficients, and as before, the averages of the X's and the Y, the estimated regression coefficients and their corresponding standard deviations, and the predicted value and residual error for each observation (data point). of the independent variables may be included in the input data for which predicted values of the dependent variable and the corresponding standard deviations will be computed.

APPENDIX II

LITERATURE REVIEW AND DATA PRESENTATION

A. Literature Review

As the statistical development of textile parachute similarity laws was based on the design and performance data of varying sizes of parachutes, all pertinent literature was reviewed to gather the maximum amount of useful information. The review was restricted to the following types of parachutes operating at indicated airspeeds up to 300 knots and altitudes up to 20,000 feet: (1) Circular Flat Solid cloth type parachute canopy, (2) Extended Skirt Solid cloth type parachute canopy, (3) Ringslot type parachute canopy, (4) Ribbon (Flat Circular and Conical) type parachute canopy, and (5) Guide Surface (ribless) type parachute canopy. Furthermore, the collection of data was limited to the dependent variables most indicative of parachute performance—filling time, opening shock, drag coefficient, and stability—and those independent variables considered functionally related to the former. The independent variables chosen are as follows: S_0 , I_8/D_0 , N_9/D_0 , I_7/D_0 , S_8/S_0 , λ , W/S_0 , V, q, Re, M, and Fr.

Only about a third of the more than 150 sources reviewed provided valid and useful information. Many bore deceptive titles since they contained insignificant data. Some had incomplete or unreliable data; for example, one source stated values of 0.4 and 0.5 for the drag coefficient for Extended Skirt parachutes. Others could also not be used since either most of the independent variables were unknown or none of the dependent variables were given. As the stability data in these sources is primarily of an observational nature and a statistical analysis requires definitive experimental information, no useful data of this type could be extracted. All sources had to be considered judiciously. Although similar conditions prevailed in some sources, their data varied appreciably.

Some of the data and terms required modification to suit the purposes of the statistical development. In some cases where atmospheric conditions were not given, reasonable values were assumed to calculate dynamic pressure, Reynolds number, Mach number, etc. The canopy loading definition was changed from gross weight/drag area to gross weight/surface area to provide a term more appropriate to the statistical analysis.

B. Data Presentation

All data are summarized in Tables 6 through 10 for reference; these data may lead to additional evaluations in future studies. These data are pertinent to five types of parachutes operating at indicated airspeeds up to 300 knots and altitudes up to 20,000 feet.

Table 6.a

Summary of Data - Circular Flat Parachute

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Table 6.b

Summary of Data - Circular Flat Parachute

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1.00 1.00		-			1						, , ,	1.370		1.0470	1,020		l ~ 1
12.57 1.100 6.00 120.0 1.672							1										1
1950 1950	.790			12.57	1.100	6.00			120.0								1 1
.830						5.50			120,0					Γ1			l Ì
10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10		⊢	L							يَادِ 5.							
.810											27.3	ا مده.	.502	.2445	2,420		
.800		 		'								ا ٥٠٠٠		''''			
.7'00		-			[1				i i						1
1,000 1,00]			.25									
10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10								"									
.810					J 1												J
.790			 			1				.907	1	[, ,,[l l		İ	
.780		-		l '							36.2	f *150	.665	.0325	3.160		
7,60				1	}										t l		
.01					,												
.01											1,2 4	2.440	19_195	04.16	h 665]
1.110			[<u>.</u>		 			.01	1	2.294	ا ز. ړ.					1	
1,170						i											
1.170		 	 		j				<u>[</u>			l i					J
1.10 1.10 1.10 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.10 1.00 1.10 1.00 1.10 1.00 1.10 1.00 1.10 1.00 1.10 1.00		├ -┤	┝┤		[672	26.4	-600	أيوين	.02.27	2,328		
1,070								.04						,"		-	
1,000 1,100 1,000 6,55 0,011 1,000 6,55 0,000 6,55 0,000 6,55 0,000 6,55 0,000 6,55 0,000 6,55 0,000 6,55 0,000 6,55 0,000 6,50		†															
1,070 1,100 2,060 6,55 ,0114 3,086		_			1							•			İ		
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1											F.,0	1,060	6,55	.ullu	7.00		}
		L	L		L					1.134	35.0		6.55	.0314	1.086		

Table 6.c Summary of Data - Circular Flat Parachute

cp	ե _լ . (soc)	F ₀ (1(-1)	s _o (rt ²)	¹s/Uo	N _r /b _o (/rt)	¹r/b _o	5 _{v/5} 0	at ar=1/2"H ₂ 0 (ft ¹ /ft ² min.)	*/5 (Fat)	۷ (۲۱/ نود)	q (t/4()	Beck 10 ⁻¹	W	Fr	Pyper of Test	Huf.
1.060					}			(10 /10 8:111.)	3921			33,55		3.086		
1,050		· ·				l	1 :	1	363	. 0وئي. نوينځ	1,000	. C. S.		3.086		1
1.020						1	i '		1.981	ט, כנ	1,060	655	.0314	3.086		Ì
1,000									1,000	ن ر راو	1.000	.655		3,086		
. 12U						1	1	1	. 3/1,	55.0	Libro	.055		3,08ს		1
.990	L						.040		1955							1
.990	ļ	L							. 365	l						l
• ARIO	Ĺ				i				150 m	1						1
.470	ļ						Į.		. 966	7/2/12	. 20%	• 175	,0460B	H 25/94		1
.960	L				ì	•			- 24L	ł						
,940	<u> </u>					ŀ			3217	1	1	}				1
.920					<u> </u>				,8 17			···				
1.050	 		i						215	ł						
1.030	 -		12.57	1.100	0.0	Ī		120.0	<u>10</u>	1						26
1.020			12.57.	1.100				120.	,500							Ì
.990									-485	25.35	.4 30	,4 H.	,0292	2.337	1	
.960							1		7407	1		İ	1			1
.910						Ĭ	ł		. 450 -	1						1
.990	Ī		1				i		.61		•	T				1
.990							orro.	1	6.15	}	l		[
.vuû									.628]	l	1	ŀ			1
.970				}		ŀ	1		,627	55.0	.641	.648	.9320	3.139		
.960							i		.615		1					
.940	i				l	l	1		.001		1		i	ľ		
.910	<u> </u>			!)	1			- 1111						Influice Mess	1
.930						l	1	1	1.211	1.1	2 , 315 (, 168	}	4.683		
.430	<u> </u>					O	ì		2,213		.7 .380		.04/6	وفاطريه		1
.920	ļ	_	<u> </u>			Į.	ļ	i	2,190	53.1	2,380	1		4.683		L
.850			1,450		20,60	ŧ .	1		10,6/8	111./	12.550	.600 _		16.497		1
.8 10	 		1.428		20.70	ŀ			10.417	111.7	12.255			16.948		12
,850 ,904	 		1.438	l l	20.60	ł		<u>i</u> o	10,667	111.7	12,550	.600	1 ~	16.923		
.489	 		1,450		20.60	ł	ļ	10	11,395	111.7	12.5.70	.600	1	16.097		1
1.490	 		1.421		20.70	ł	į	107			12.55	.600 1.520	.1000			
1.430	 -	 		l	ł	i		107	6,407	100,0 100,7	4, 100 11,900		.0540			1
1,420			1	i		ł		107	17,017 24'8.'	120.0	17,10		.1070			1
1.530			1 '			ł		117	6,5/	60.0	17,100	7	.0540			1
1.410	t	†	;	1.000		İ		117	16.779	100.0	11.90	2,540	טניני.	8,826		1
1.420			1			1	٠	117	29,190	129,0	17. 100	1	.1070			ł
1,510	 		1			t		Pag	6,493	60.0	4.500		,0540	5,296		1
1.380	t —	\vdash	12.566		2.0	1		158	16.972	100.0	11, 600	, .	.0900	8.826		1
1.350]		1	1	1	158	23,085	120.0	17.100	,	.1070			1
1.370	Ī	Ι	}	l	İ	ì		228	5.87	60.0	4.300		.07,40	5,29€		Ì
1.260					[<u> </u>		228	19. 2%	100.0	11,900		,0900	შ. 826		14
1.240			1		I	<u> </u>		22B	21,206	1.0.0	17.100		.1070			[
1,280		ļ			İ	l		29.1	5.504	60.0	4,300	1	0540	5.2%		1
1.210	ļ <u></u>	<u> </u>	! .		l	l		293	13.70	100.0	11.900	2.540	.0.110	8.826		1
1.170	.	<u> </u>		1	1	[1	111	5.01]	60.0	4,300	1	,05,40	5 (296		J
.610	<u> </u>	 -	2.640	1111	ļ		0,011		1.050	67.5	5,000		.05.65	B.790		
,725	ļ	 	2.410	1111	1	l	0.006		1.6.2	6/35	2.000		*A:BA	9 ,98 0		1
.615		 	2,600	4.44	n.80		0.012		1.080	67.5	5.000		ากุลหก			22
./15	 	 	2,410	1.11 -	1		0.008	T ' '	17,900	151.0	21,00	1	1 120			1
.860	 	 	4.640	1.44	ł		0.911		51,600	213.8	1		12.140			1
.764	+	 -	2.410	1.11	1		0.18		45,800	233.85	Po frince		-20%	11.100		1
.700		 	2,600	1,11	1,		9.012		92,000	4.11.18	60,000		2190	10.560		ļ
.709	+	 	.614	1.15	7.28		1 .	ны	!!!	42.2	2.117	T .	01/1	7,991		i
.709		+ · ·		1.15	1 <u>1.11</u> 15.00	·	1	429	1,000	34.4	1,92	t ·	0.07			24
././4	 	t	.17%	1.15	1	 	1.	<u>129</u> =	1.276	<u> 8.7</u> .	1.61		<u>416</u>	8.35/		}
.828	 	†	17,67 <u>1.5</u>	. 30	19.00	† -	0.500	-	1.00/	93.6	2.30	.1363 21,5200	,910	10.5/0		
'80%	 -	t ···	144444	. 10	1.	Ι.	1	ĺ	503	23,1 26,3	1	217.200	.0205	.229		1
.587	 -	 	1/20/4.5	.,,,	1,111	1.10	1		,646 666	31.3		78.0500	-05.11	11. 26.75		
306	Τ	1 - · · ·	17,671.5	90	1	1	1	1	21,194	25.9	1	78.0700	.0275	. ioñ	From Fall	"
.638		T	1	1 · ••• ·-	1		†	1 50 ,0	.979	11.0		19,0000	.0285		_	-
,6.1J		Ι]	l				1	,	٠,٠,٠		20,0000	.0110	,606		1
,810	I	Γ.	78%3.58s	. 2.0	1.200	١,	. 105		.889	2931 Hadi		16,1902	,0281	550		1
	Γ	Γ]	l · · · · ·	55	1 '			,dnte	2122		16,170	105.10	1129		13
, 8181			•		i	I	1	1		4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	• •••••		104.79	1467		1
.650					ł	i	1	E .	, 200	20.2.	1.327	11.97.99	. 1/118	10/2		1

Table 6.d

Summary of Data - Circular Flat Parachute

	т	T	1	T		τ	т	Υ	r			T		,	r	
C _D	t _r .	Fo	3.	1.70	N., 711	1_70	S, A	λ	⊮/S _o	v	q	Re x 10 ^{m/5}	м		Type of Test	Hef.
"	(sec)	_	3 ₀ (1't ²)	Ja/po	(/rt)	171%	V/50	λ at Δr:1/2"H ₂ 0	(¡sr)	(11/300)		NG X 10 .	"	Fr	Type of resc	
L	(860)	(lus)	"" /		(7,0)	ł	l	(rt3/rt2 min.)	(1,	(, , , , , ,	1 '	İ	l]		1 3
0.850									,421	20.7	.4'36	12,910	.0189	.365		
0.737	-		1				ļ		. 184	21.4	<u> </u>	13.340	.0142	.377		
0,923	₩	 	1	į					.478	21.5	.518	13,080	.0194	.379		
0.816	-	 	ł	l	1			130.0	}	21.0	-,08	13,070	.0189	.370		
0.710	 	 	7853.98	. 15.0	1.20		,005	139.0	.611	22.6	.584	14.030	.01/4	.342		
1.190	†		1		1		1			17.7	. 148	10.950	.0159	,312		1
0,970]	ł						19.3	.427	11,970	.0173	.340	ĺ	
1.140				l]					17.8	. 364	11.050	.0160	.314		
0,752	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	L				.661	27.8	.879	17.112	.0250	.490		
0.899	├	├ ──-	1	ì	ľ		ļ		.478	21.4	.5 32	8.574	.0192	.472		
1.080	 -	 	1			<u> </u>	ł		.653	24.0	.6/1	9.623	.0215	.529		1
1,090	 	 	†		Ì		ł		,503	20.0	.464	8.007 7.997	.0179	,441		1
0.675	t^-	†	3216.99	1.810	,		,003	125.0	.653	28.9	.967	11,550	.0259	.637		1
0.626		1	1.20.55	1.0.0	1.00		•••	1.7.0	.684	31.0	1.093	12,220	.0279	.683		13
0.405]	l .]				.932	45.0	2,303	17.730	.0405	.992		i i
0,488		<u> </u>	l	i	i				.932	41.0	1.912	16.160	.0369	.904		
0,433	 	 	!		l	<u> </u>			.935	43.5	2.152	17.140	.03+J	.959		
-0.651	├	 		 	 	-	L		.708	10.9	1.068	12.190	.0278	.681		
0,706	 	 	1	1	1	 			.906 .887	34.1	1.284	20.510	.0308	.601		
0,756	 	 	1						.887	12.1	1.138	19,300	.0290	.566		١.
0.683			1		1	<u> </u>			.887		1.299	19.600 20.630	.0294	,574 ,605		
0.730			7853.98	.950	1.20		•005	130,0			1,21/	19,960	.0300	.585		
0,692			,							34.1	1.284	20.510	.0308	,601		
0.811	L		1						.883	31.5	1.096	18,940	.0284	.555		1 1
0,594			Į	!						36.8	1.496	27.130	.0312	.648		
0.794	├							i			1,118	19,170	.0286	,559		1 1
0,795 0.836		 								11.8	1.117	19,120	.0287	,560		Ь⊣
1.200	 	-		ľ						19.2	.418	3,330	.0172	.650	Free Fall	
0.680										1/2.6 21.6	. <u>3</u> 42 ,515	1.740	.0158 .0194	.596 .731		ł ł
0,8%										18.8	390	3,260	.0169	.63/		1 1
0.507				,750			.000	100.0	.350	25,0	.690	4.340	.0224	.847		
1.200	ļ	<u> </u>								16.2	.290	2.810	.0145	.550		29
0.522	<u> </u>	 					.			24.6	.670	4.260	.0221	.834		1
0,790		 -i		1			.			20.0	. 442.	3.470	oião	.677		i i
0.697			615.0							19.5	.5 10	3,380	.01/5	.660		
0.948										20.3 17.4	14.74	1.610	.022)	.677		1
0.837										18.5	<u>16 1</u> 11	1°540 1°040	.0202	. <u>580</u> .616		1 1
0.754									. 344	19.5	,4'56	1.460	.0214	.650		
0.748			ľ	.616			.003	120.0		20.0	.460	1,560	.0224	.667		١. ا
0.743	L			1				}		20.1	.463	3,570	.0242	.668		2
0.595	<u> </u>	 			1.00	\Box	l	ŀ	- 1	22 ,4	579	3.980	.0250	.756		
0.664		\vdash								70.B	.518	3.700	.0225	.694		
	-	1400,0								19.9 175.0	.475	3,540	0212	,66 <u>4</u>		$\vdash \vdash$
	\vdash	1500.0							ł	1/5.0	36.35 36.35	11,100	.1570	5,620		
		1800.0	706,U	.85u		Į		•	1	219,0	54,40	41,700	.1579 .1960	5. <u>620</u> 7,050		
		1650.0	, .	.570	1	l	.003		·290	0.617	54.90	41,700	.1960	7,050) l
		3000.0			- 1	į		1	į		11,70		2240	8,240		
		2200.0		<u> </u>		-		110.0		294,0	102,60		.2630	9,450		
		1050.0			ļ		- 1	[Ţ	1/5.0	30.35	15,600	.1570	5,450		20
		1900.0			ł	i	ļ	I	1	175.0		35 <u>600</u>	1570	5,450		
		1700.0	804.0	.845	ł	I	.002		,256	514.0	⇒4 , H)	44,500	1960	6.830		
		2100.0			l	0000*0			ł	219.0	.4 , 90	44.500	1960	6.830		ļ [
		3300.0				- [1	ł	294.0	77,70 102,60	52,000 59,700	.2290	7,990		, I
		1000.0			- 1]	- 1]	ł	256.0	11.10		.26.10 .26.10	9,170 7,990		
	.69	3590,0			ŀ	İ		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	-†	1/3.9		16.030		12.460		
	.58	3975.0		ıi	ŀ			ļ	Ì	474.9	134,40	56,010		12,460		
L	94	2900.0	615.8	.815		- 1		I	į	19.91	125,80	56,010		12.460		
	,70	5850.0			ŀ	l	.000	140,0	. 14/	1/1.0	125,80	56,030	777	12,460		i I
	.83	2350.0	1								125.80			12,460		7
	,65	3375.0]	İ	- 1		ļ	}	400.1		59, 60		13,330		
	.64	1350.0	1	·	ł	I	ļ	į	ţ	907,6		61.080		11.580	1	
	.75	1850.0	1]	i	l		ļ	!	2115		11.120		11,/80		
							-	, L		. 197.7	11.10	29.770	1787	6,590		

Table 6. e

Summary of Data - Circular Flat Parachute

C _D	ı,	Fo	3 ₀ (rt ²)	1 _s /D _o	N _V /U _o	¹ r/υ _ο	5 _{v/50}	ut 4 1-1/2 "H20	w/s _o	v	q (par)	He x 10 ^{−6}	м	۴r	Type of Test	lsef.
	(360)	(169)	(ft*)		(/rt)			(ft ³ /ft ² min.)	(bat.)	(ft/see)	(#11)					
	.52	2640.0								199./	28,30	25,93	.1806	6.650		
ļ	,58	2325.0									29,50	25.30	.1609	6.730		l
	 	2040.0 4500.0								201.9	29,50	25,30 25,30	.1844	6.730		
		2400.0		ł						208.1	31.30	26.08	,1900	6.430		1
		2250.0					1			208.1	31.30	26.08	.1900	6,930		1
		1860,0								208.1	31.30	26.08	,1900	6.930		ł
		3600.0 2000.0					1				41.60	30.01	,2149 ,2149	7.980		1
	 	4100.0				1					42.30	30.27	.2206	8.050		1
		2750.0				1					42.30	30.27	.2206	8.050		1
<u> </u>		2140.0				ļ				241.6		30.2/	.2206	8.050		1
 		3700.0 1825.0					ļ			243.7	43.00	30,54 30,54	.2226	8,120		ł
		4240.0		i .		1					43.00	10.54	.2226	8.120		i
		3975.0					i				67.20	\$7,89	,2762	10.080		1
		2640.0					1			304.5	68.80	38,15	.2814	10.150		1
<u> </u>	.59	3525.0	,	1							68,80	38.15	.2814	10.150		ł
	.82	3000.0 2150.0								304,5 304,5	68.80	38.15	.2814	10.150 10.150		ł
	1	3450.0		1		ł				306.7	69.10	18,43	,2827	10,220		
		5250.0								306.7	69.10	18.41	,2822	10.220		1
<u> </u>		3210.0		Į.				130.0	. 347	308.6	72.40	38.67		10.280		1
	.50	4000.0					1			108.6	/2.40	38,67		10.280 10.280		
	.63	4100.0								308.6	72,40	38.67		10.280		
	.77	4160.0								1/4.4	16.40	46 . 12	. 3454	12.470		
	.76	4570.0				ŀ				374,4	46,40	46.92	.3454	12.470		
	.76	4700.0								1/4.4	96,40	46.92		12.470		
	.70	2650.0 3400.0								226.5	10.73	24.17	.2127	7,547		1
 	.52	2640.0								227.5	31,00	24.28	,2136	7.580		l
	,52	2700.0		I						221.5	31,00	24.28	.21.36	7.580		
	,40	3270.0	615.8	.815	1.00	0.000	.000			229.9	11.66	24.54	·5125	7 .66∪		
———	├	3750.0 3260.0				l				241.4	35,08	25.76	.2267	8,041		İ
<u> </u>	 -	3650.0				İ				, 24 <u>1.7</u> - 246.1	35,80 36,50	26.26	.2317	8.120 8.200		
		2865.0								241.8	37.69	26.26	.2352	0.323	1	l
	<u> </u>	4725.0					1			100.2	54.39	32.04	• •	10.002		[
	.57	4000.0								302.5	55.22	32,29		10.080	Pro-rall	7
<u> </u>	,47	4150,0 4250,0		1		ł				307.1	11, 122 50 - 11	32,78		10,000 10,210		
	.41	5/00.0		1		1				16' . '	91.27	19.05	•	12,190		
	,54	5250.0		l		ļ				165.9	39.21	_ jg.os		12.190		
ļ	.51	4700,0				ļ					99.27	39.05		15.140		
 -	.94 .94	1850,0				ŀ	1			373.9	125.8	39.0°		12,190	•	
<u> </u>		2950.0		I	1	1				30 1.4	40.40	56.03 45.60		12.460 12.120		I
	L	0.0.0		ł						1/0.2	99,80	46,39		2,310		1
	1.18	3500,0								184 ,11	111.9	48,22	ľ	12.820		[
	2,50	4600.0									120.6	51.12		3,590		1
	.52	7,00,0 26/5,0								212.2	13.50	24.78 24.78	.2220	1.737		1
		1160,0]					14.10	25,01	1	7,813		1
	.41	0,000				ļ				751.6	38.50	56.82	.2 380	g. 181		1
	.41	575.0		1		ł				251.6	#1,50	26.85	.2 380	8, 181		1
	.25	1815.0			1	ł		1.0.	. 14: 1	251.6 261.6	10,50	26.85	2 380 m	8.381		1
<u> </u>	52	1199.0				1	1			267.8		28.58 28.58	.25 J1	8,781 8,923		1
		4650.0			1	ļ				29.5		_11./9	2790	1.126		ł
		1,225.0			[l			12710	12,80	11.75	215.	9.926		1
 		4025.0				1				297.5		-11:77	.21%	9. 126		1
 	61.	4750.0 4740.0				l	1				80.70 80.70	12,10	.2716			
		L825.0			ļ		1				80.70	11.30 11.30	. 14444 . 1444	2,270		ł
	.45	0.0.0				1				,	10,70	11,30		2,270		t
		6100.0		1	1					108 .2	50,60	17,10	. 3141919	2,270		1
	1/2	0.15.0				ł		1.		1894	93,60	27.64	,1638	n.147		J
·	.66	24 30,0 1650.0		1	ļ			10.7	. Pet.	189	37317 31.39	27,414	.16 #	4.14/		
	1 .00	#0.70.0 I		L	L		L	l	PH.	199	. ' '		.16 10	0.197	····	L

Table 6.f

Summary of Data - Circular Flat Parachute

C ^D	t ₁ . (sec)	F ₀	(rt²)	1 _{a/Uo}	N _e /V _o (/rt)	1 _{r/\(\nu_c\)}		λ bt Δ Y+1/2"H ₂ O (FL ³ /FL ² mH ₁)	#/5 ₅	(Tt/sen)	۹ (بد۲)	lie - 10 ⁻¹	м	ŀr	Type of Test	K⊍ſ.
	.75	1420,0						*****		186.9 186.9	13.70	27,330	.1691 .1691	6,211 6,211		
	.76	2150,0			!					188,1	ا <u>فا</u> ولال الوزرالا	28.220	.1669	6.274		1
	.70	1300.0							. 31+7	188.3	0يا, باز	28.220	.1669	6.274		Į.
	1,12	1800.0								168.1	53.00	28,220	.1669	6.274		1
	.66	2950.0		1						42.6	53.80	36.350	.2155	8.083		
	.67	2240.0 1810.0				ĺ		130.0		248.3	76.00	37,200	.21/1 .2205	8,146		
	.83	21/5.0						130.0		289,4	81.10	43,380	.2580	9.646		1
	,90	2780.0								107 .6	81.10	45, 140	.2697	10,080		
	,81	3600.0						'		102.6	81,10	45.340	.2697	10.080		
	.59	2800.0								108.1	12,70	46,200	2/98	10.270		
-	.55 .75	4150.0 2150.0							. 34-7	3/0.1	119.90 130.30	53,210	.1182 .11ti	12.330		1
	.58	3050.0						1		3/0.1	1 10 , 10	15.460	,3316	12.330		1
	.60	3210.0								3/2.0	127.10	55,740	.3339			1
	.73	3925,0		1					ļ. ₋	3/1.9	134.50	56.UJU	.11/1	12,460		I
	.48	3/75,0									£25.52.	55.740	. 3 3 (34	12.390		1
-	<u> </u>	5500.0						'		373.9	128.50	56.026	. 1356	12.460		
-		23/5.0									142,50 142,50	59,959	.3482 .3511	13,330		i
		6800.0		i l							142,50	50.234	. 3511	11.390		
		3950.0]							152.00	67,520	. 1681			
	Ĺ	4000.0									17.2.00	60.529	.36.61	11,450		
	.69	4900.0								4113.3		66,520	, 3 ⁶ ,44 ¹⁹			
<u> </u>		4000.0	615.8	.815							181.50	1,8,170	. 1 236	15,210		[
	7د. راي ر	4.300.0 2150.0				ł					184.50	6,9,390 6,3,390	.41/n	15,430		
-	1.10	44950,0				Ì					204,40	70.070	.42 16	15.430 15.580		
	,61	2025.0								201.1	31,72	25,550	.1913	6.7%		
		1600.0		1						2.13.7	11.72	25,550	1911	6,7%		
	-54_	2.3.10.0		ŀ							\$5.72	25.25.0	.1913	6.7%		l
 	-48	2425.0								254.00	34° 34	2 810	1 + 12	6.864		
-	.83	2450.0								208,1	32 .74 12 .74	26.,080 25.,080	.1 %1	6,91 <u>5</u> 6,914	Free Fall	1 '
	,87	2114.0		l	1,00	a 10.0	30	100.0	. 011	2 (M) 1	3 /14	20 .000	,1 241	6,934		
	.91	20100.0				İ				. tt	52.79	. F., UB9	.1 241	6.734		}
	,51	221,0.0				l				23.200	11.32	20.320	.1959	6,997		1
	.21	31 50.0								200 1	19.05	26.600	.1"ՆՄ	1.074		
	.83	17.0.0]						2 15 .59	f .07	201,870	291.	7.144		1
	.63	2725.0		i		i i				. 14 41	4/.5	1 130	-22'-1	8,140		
		3 1 10 , 0									90.47	11 110	.2311 .2317	8,327		1
	.44	1010.0		1	ı	Į				25	47.22	11.400	1. 532	8,329		1
		1890.0								r	47.22	ودنيان	.2110	8,329		
	./4	27 5.55		1		1				2500	97.72	11.110	42 1 34	8.329		
	.55	3200.0 2350.0				ŀ				50.0	40.74	11.110	2359	9.37.5		
		1500,0		[11.00.00	45.74 48.8	31 . (3): 31 . (8): (4)	2371	8.329		
	2.1	1100,0		[281.4	7/491	55,260	12371 12772	3.376	•	
	.48	1100.0		[1177.4	165. 115	17 ,6 10	70.9	10,080		
		1390,0		1						5112" 24	10, 11	37,830	/1.44	10.080		
		3 675 ⊒₽		[312.8	7 1, 11	11,200	ŧ	10,420	,	
 		3200,0								35 7 44	10.450	49.810		11,910		
—		98 00 10 98 9 2 10		j						35/35 16.1.7	15.7	#2*600 ##*#10		11,910 12,120		
	.11	BB00 o							L	я 1, 1	12:1	45.60	1. 10			
	.419	1000-0		[•	201	20.77	Zh , 966	. 1847	7.269		
	.51	7.77.21								293.4	10:10	25,180	. 101./	1.340		!
<u> </u>	. 50	e North Co								.401.1	10.41	26,186	.180	7.340		
	.52	innote				i					107,1407	6.160	10177	7.399		
 	.40	 -							,4	. 11.1	3.1,9 °.	To the Mark	12.5 12.112	8.5°H 8.546		1
	.44	fr.v.v., o						111.	†		1.1,14	2 1 2 1 1 1 C	./11/	8,17H		1
		95.920.33						,			11.40	1, 300	21 17 1 1 15	8.198		
	_	9, 900 g								245,0	99.40	11.100	.226.1			1
	 	12 10:0.		i							b., 9	18,150	11/41	10.810		
	<u> </u>	1 H' U - U								<u> </u>	1 .00	#K220	.: 747	10.816		
		1 11 10								31 x 24 1	t"	10.01.0	<u> 0</u>	10,030		
L	L	<u> </u>		L A		ل با			٠.	667.9		10.41.10	٠٠٠	<u>10.600</u>		Щ.

Table 6.g

Summary of Data - Circular Flat Parachute

	T	T	Γ	T -	T	1		Γ	т	T		Т	т	·	,	
c _D	(sec	. 1	(ft ²)	l _{s/Vo}	Ng/D0 (/rt)	¹ r/υ _ο	3 _{v/30}	at & P-1/2"H ₂ 0	(lat.)	V (I't/sec	q (1114)	Hu x 10 ^{m6}	м	Pr .	Type of Test	. Huſ
	+-	1,000.0		+	-	↓	↓	(ft ³ /ft ² min.)			1			·		1
	.74	4900.0	452,0 452,4	.710 .701	-[ł	i		1	306.7	68.1	17,180	.2801	10.040		1
	.75	-	452.4	.701	1	1			ł	168.3	33.7	24,180	.1687	6.780		
		4300.0		1	1	1	1		i	188.1	33.7	24,180	.1687	6.780	ļ	Į.
		4475.0	1	1	1	İ			l	226.5	30,7	29,080	.2115	8,153		-
	.17	6650.0		1	1]	i		.466	226.5	30.7	29.080	.2115	8,153		H
	.58	4100.0	452.0	.730		i			İ	236.8	34.0	10.410	.22 36	8,524		ł
	+	4050.0		1	i					236.8	33,6	30,410	.2223	8.524		1
	.31	4370.0		1	1]			ļ.	250.7	30.1	32,190	.2367	9.024		
	,45	1475.0		1		l .	1		ļ	250.7	37.6	J2,140	.2364	9.024		
	.84	1575.0		1	1	1			 	251.6 190.1	37.9	32,300	.2362	9.057	-	1
	.78	1700.0		1	Ī				l	190.1	35.2	28.470	.1725	6.334		1
	.67	1900.0		1	l				İ	192.3	36,1	28.800	.1745	6.407		1
	.73	1580.0			I					192.3	36.1	28,800	.1745	6.407	i	ł
	.67	1980.0		1	l					195.7	37.3	29,320	.1776	6.521		1
	1.19	3025,0 2800.0		1						246.4	57.9	36,910	.2212	8.210		
	.62	3175.0	615.8	.815	l	!			. 343	246.4	57,9	36.910	.2212	8,210		ł
		2380.0		I	l	1				246.4	57.9	16,910	.2212	8.210		
	.50	3700,0		ł	l		l			302.6	57.9 87.1	36,910	.2212	8.210		1
	.51	3690.0		ì		1	ı			304.5	88.2	45.330 45.610	.2711	10,000		1
	.62	3390,0		1	l		J			304.5	88.2	45.610	.2728	10.150		ł
	.57	3550.0		į.			' I			308.3	90,4	46.180	.2/63	10,270		
	.60	3620.0 2375.0		1	l	1	J			911.9	93.7	47.027	.2813	10.460		
	.48	3575.0		ł	ŀ	! !	ı			166 .4	127.7	54.890	, 1283	12,210		
	.84	3373.0		 	1 :					168.1	122.1	55.170	.3271	12,270		1
	.89			} .	i i			:			34.4	4	.1703			
	.89						- 1				34.4	ł	.1703	1		1
								}		.	33.9	1	.1693			1
		1425,0					J			1.00.1	35,2	24,410	.1693	6.840		1
		1500.0		!	1.00	0,000	.000	130.0			35.2	1	.1/25	l	Mar	,
		1400.0				1		i		1 1	35.2	1	.1725		Free Fall	'
		1475.0 1550.0				' i	- 1	1			35.2		.1725			l
	.65	2500.0				i		İ			2. داد		.1/25			1
		2425.0		1		i	- 1			246.4	5/.7	11.640	.2208	9.520		
		1950.0.		l i		- 1	- 1	ľ		246.4	57.7	31.640	.220€	9.520		
		1650.0		1		- 1				246.4 246.4	57.7	31 .640 31 .640	.2208	9.520		1
		2450.0				ĺ	1			246.4	1.7	11.640	.2208	9.520		1
					- 1	- 1		1		250.1		12.110	.2208 .2245	9.000 9.550		
	.67					- 1	ł			250.1	59.7	32.110	.2245	9.000		
	.56]	i	1				250,1	59.7	32,110	.2245	9,000		
	.63					1	- 1			250,1	59./	12.110	.2745	9.000] .
		2000.0	452.0	./01	1		- 1		u.c.:	250.1	59.7	" 15 ¹ 110	.2245	9.000		i i
	.69	6200.0		1)		- 1		.466	. 302 ,6	84.0	38,650	.7683	10.900		1 1
I		3200.0			ı	4		ì		302.6	84.0 88.2			jū'a00		
		2875.0				- 1	ı	i		304,5	88.2	. 1		11.000		
		1250.0		ĺ	ı	- 1	Í	1	- 1	304,5	88.2	- 1		11.000		
		2775.0 2650.0				ĺ	- 1	ľ	l	104,5	80,2			11,000		1 1
	.68	2650.0			ŀ					106.4	87.4	* · †	,2128			
	.67				- 1	- 1		i	ļ	J12.0	93.6		281 1			
	.50		ł		ŀ	- 1		- 1	}	312.0	9.6	40.060	2811			
					- 1	- 1	- 1	ì	}	112.0	93.6			11,200		
				ļ	- 1			J	}		125.5		3414	13,200		
	.59				ļ				ł		125.5 130.3	47,040	1119		i	
	.60	4325,0	I			1			1		110.1			1 3 300		
	.60 .62	2750.0			1	- 1		I	ł		130.3		331E	11,100		
	.60 .62	2750.0 4150.0				1	İ	1		370.1			Adda L	1		1
	.60	2750.0						1	ł		130.3		3116			
	.60	2750.0 4150.0							ŀ	404 I		977255	3316	100.		
	.60 .62 .64	2750.0 4150.0								1/12 1/12 1/13	130,1 130,7 130,7	48.010 48.010	1107	1 <u>1 - 190 .</u> 1 <u>1 - 500</u>		
	.60 .62	2750.0 4150.0 3625.0								2/04 T 2/32 2/32 1/32	130.4 130.7 110.7 130.7	48.010 48.010 48.010	1187 1187	1 <u>1 , 190</u> 1 <u>1 , 500</u> 1 1 , 500		
	.60 .62 .64 .51	2750.0 4150.0 3625.0								1/0 <u>.1</u> 1/3.5 3/3.5 1/3.7 402.0	130,3 130,7 130,7 130,7 130,7	48.010 48.010 48.010 51.620	1905 1387 1387 1316	1 <u>1 - 190 .</u> 1 <u>1 - 500</u>		
	.60 .62 .64 .51 	2750.0 4150.0 3625.0								1/0 <u>.1</u> 1/3.9 3/3.0 1/3.0 40/36	130,4 130,7 130,7 130,7 153,7	48,010 48,010 48,010 48,010 51,620 52,440	.1316 .1307 .1387 .1387 .1602 .1541	1 1 , 190 1 1 , 500 1 3 , 500		
	.60 .62 .64 .51 .77 .73 .48	2750.0 4150.0 3625.0 3200.0 5050.0								3/3,1 3/3,3 3/3,3 3/3,3 40/36 40/36	130,7 130,7 130,7 130,7 153,7 152,0	47,520 48,010 48,010 49,010 51,620 52,940 52,940	3316 3407 3407 3591 3591 3591	1 3 500 1 3 500 1 3 500 1 3 500		

Table 6.h
Summary of Data - Circular Flat Parachute

General (view) (vie		Г			T												
198.0 199.	c _D		F _O	5 ₀ (1't ²)	ls/Do	(/tt) (/tt)	1 _{r/V₀}			(lat.)	(1,1\200.)		Нех 10 ^{—6}	М	Pr	Type of Test	Ref.
38 690.0	}	1	L		}				(ft3/ft min.)		<u></u>						ш
395.0 395.	<u> </u>																ŀI
395.0 397.	<u></u>	1.30															1 1
196 1979 1980 1		 															
1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.7 1.10 1.7 1.10 1.40		.54			1	i '	\ \ \ \ \	'									! I
1.56 195.0 1.60					1				1								l
18								'									
62 269.0		,76	3925.0								212.3			-	7.640		1
100 100		.67	2600.0		`	\	} '	'			2]4,4	33.8		.2011	7.720		i i
60 175-0.0		.53	2425.0				İ				250.0	45.9	26.85	.2302	8,999		1 1
20		<u> </u>			ŀ		İ					45.9	26.85				
22 295.9.0	<u> </u>																
89 139.0 53 539.0 75 799.0 78 799.0 79 799.0 79 799.0 79 799.0 79 799.0 79 799.0 79 799.0 79 799.0 79 799.0 79 799.0 79 799.0 79 799.0 79 799.0 79 799.0 79 799.0 79 799.0 79 799.0 79 799.0 79 799.0 79 79 79 79 79 79 79 79	ļ				1												1
1.5 150,0		$\overline{}$			i		i										
175 1790.0	<u> </u>				1		Ì										
198 2390.0							ł										
39 490,0																	i i
150.0 150.0 150.0 150.0 150.5 150.0 150.0 150.0 150.0 150.5 150.0 150.					1 1			'									l l
1.65 1.600,0 1.77 1.600 1.77 1.600 1.77 1.	 	1:20			i '	\		ٔ ا	1								i 1
1.750.0 1.65 1.750.0 1.750.0 1.750.0 1.750.0 1.750.0 1.750.0 1.750.0 1.750.0 1.750.0 1.750.0 1.750.0 1.750.0 1.750.0 1.76 1.150.0 1.76 1.150.0 1.76 1.150.0 1.76 1.150.0 1.76 1.150.0 1.77 1.150.0 1	T	.65						1									
6.6 6290.0																	1
1.59 \$200.0		.61			l			l			376.5						(I
7.6 127-0		.59	5200.0		1	ŀ	l				176.5	108.2	40.440				1 1
177 599.0 1960.		.68									176.5	108.2	40.440	.35.32	13,550		
1000.0 1150.0 1270.0 1270.0 1280 1280 1280 1280 1275.0 1275.0 1270.0 1270.0 1280.0 1280.0 1275.0]			ŀ									
1150.0 1250.0 1		.77			i												1 1
1990.0 1775.0 1.0 20.00 2.10 3.10 8.189 1775.0 1.0 20.00 2.10 8.189 1775.0 1.70 1.0 0 1.0 1.0 0 1.0 1.0 1.0 0 1.0	<u></u>	├					ļ							_		,	1 1
1775.0 188 2000.0 177 1800.0 187 1	 	 			1				1		,						1 [
88 200.0 150 150 150 170		 			1	1	i					1 1					
72 1690.0 170 170 1.0 0 110 200 279.		- 00			1								F				
\$\begin{align*} \be		1			1		Į.				,						
2800.0 27.86 97.7 27.650 27.6 3.09 3.09 3.00	 -			452.0	.701	1.0	v	Ü	1.10	•141515	,	1 '		1 '		Free Fall	ا ' ا
1950.0 1		1			1	ì	1					•					1 1
3090,0 798.6 79.2 23.660 3397 3,500 798.6 79.2 23.660 3397 3,500 798.6 79.2 23.660 3397 3,500 799.0					1		ļ										
1,000,0 1,00					1		ł		1								
100, 10 100, 100,			3000,0		1	i			İ		258.6	19.2	•				i
197.1 57.7 28.090 2881 1.050 197.1 57.7 28.090 2881 1.050 197.1 57.7 28.090 2881 1.050 197.1 57.7 28.090 2881 1.050 197.1 57.7 28.090 2881 1.050 197.1 68.10 68.10 68.10 68.10 1.051 197.2 68.10 68.10 68.10 68.10 1.051 1.050 197.3 68.10 69.10 1.051 1.050 197.4 88.10 34.100 1.051 1.050 197.5 197.5 1.050 1.050 197.5 197.5 1.050 1.050 197.5 197.5 1.050 1.050 197.5 197.5 1.050 197.5 1.050 1.050 197.5 1.		<u> </u>	4900.0		Į.	ł	Į.	l			304.8	54.4	27.880	.2830	10,970		l l
	<u></u>	,62	4300.0		İ	1	1	ļ			194.8	54.4	27.880	.28 10	0.970		1
19 175.0 10 175.0 10 175.0 10 175.0 10 175.0 175		↓			Į.		ļ.	1			307.1		T ' '	<u>.2881</u>	11.050		1
17. th 83.0 19.100 19.27 19.20 19.27 19.20 19.27 19.20 19.27 19.20 19.27 19.20 19.27 19.20 19.27 19.20 19.27 19.20 19.27 19.20 19.27 19.20 19.20 19.27 19.27 19.20 19.27 19.		↓				ĺ	į.						•				i i
172 89,0 94,100 194,70 1420 18					l	Į	Į	l	l i			•					l 1
19							ļ	1				Ŧ					
18 4750,0 180,7 87,1 75,180 160,7 87,1 75,180 160,7 87,1 75,180 160,7 87,1 75,180 160,7 87,1 75,180 160,7 87,1 75,180 160,7 87,1 75,180 160,7 87,17 17,12 17,000						l	ł										
194 5125.0 196.7 89.7 79.180 36.90 3.320 199.0 199.0 197		_			Ì	1	1				- 1			13497	3.920		
194 3550,0 197,0 197,2 35,590 1712 34,000 197,1 195,670 1722 34,000 197,1 196,6 35,670 1727 34,000 197,1 196,6 35,670 1774 34,120 197,1 197,10 197,10 197,10 1622 6,571 197,10 197,10 1622 6,571 197,10 1622 6,571 197,10 197,10 197,10 1622 6,571 197,10 197,					1	Ī		1				T '	1 -				
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182.6 10.0 23.490 116.2 6.571 59 2640.0 186.4 31.2 23.130 16.91 6.709 6.62 1325.0 244.5 51.8 31.130 .2171 8.801 7160.0 244.5 51.8 31.130 .2171 8.801 7170.0 244.5 51.8 31.130 .2171 8.801 7180.0 244.5 51.8 31.130 .2171 8.801 7180.0 244.5 51.8 31.130 .2171 8.801 7180.0 7180.0 7180.0 .2180 8.870 7180.0 7180.0 .2180 8.870 7180.0 7180.0 .2180 8.870 7180.0 7180.0 .2180 8.870 7180.0 7180.0 .2180 8.870 7180.0 7180.0 .2180 .2180 .2180 7180.0 .2180.0 .2180 .2180 .2180 7180.0 .2180.0 .2180 .2180 .2180 7180.0 .2180.0 .2180.0 .2180 .2180 7180.0 .2180.0 .2180.0 .2180 .2180 7180.0 .2180.0 .2180.0 .2180 .2180 7180.0 .2180.0 .2180.0 .2180 .2180 7180.0 .2180.0 .2180.0 .2180 .2180 7180.0 .2180.0 .2180.0 .2180 .2180 7180.0 .2180.0 .2180.0 .2180.0 7180.0 .2180.0 .2180.0 .2180.0 7180.0 .2180.0 .2180.0 .2180.0 7180.0 .2180.0 .2180.0 .2180.0 7180.0 .2180.0 .2180.0 .2180.0 7180						1					185 '6						
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Table 6.i Summary of Data - Circular Flat Parachute

	T	T		Γ	I	I	I	1	l ·	i "	1		[11		ŗ-
υ _ν	1,	F.,	5, (11 ²)	1/00	N,./L	4/1/1	3,775	or AP a 2"H ₂ P	4/4.		ч	m ·	47) r	Pype of icet	hel.
	(40%)	(1-1)	(11 ²)	, , ,	N,./b, (/1t)			•	((4))	cri/m)	(4-1)		ŀ			1
	ļ	 	······································	∤				(rt 3/rt min.)			1/4.70		ļ	ļ		<u> </u>
 	1.51	5400,0 4960,0		.701	ł		.000	130.0	Alexan Alexan	5-15 . 3	1/3 - /19	97,290 98,013		13,250 13,960		7
		1000.0		./01 _	†	i	'''''	† ', .		,,,,,,	1 30 - 3 1	L 40.012		13,4150		-
	1,10	1300.0			İ	1								1 1		
	<u> </u>	10.070	i	ì		[ŀ	120.0	1] [
ļ	1	1540.0						1			i		ļ	l i		
	1,29	1925.0				Į	1									
	ł ·	1225.0		l		ł		140.0	ł				l	l i		ļ
		800.0 1450.0				ŀ		60.0	ł				i	1 1		
		15.10.0			ŀ	l		100.0	ŀ	ĺ			i	1 1		1
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	1:11.	1 100.0						120.0		168.9	33.11	25.3610	.1544	6.074		I
	<u> </u>	10'0'-0		[
		1.00.0						130.0	1				ļ			
	 	1075.0				i		180,0 200,0	ļ					1 1		1
<u> </u>	1.18	HE0.0				l		220.0	ſ					1 1		l
		680.0				l		220.0	1							l
	1.30	800,0						240.0	1					1 1		1
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	1.00	1700.0													'	İ
<u> </u>	1.52	la n. o		i i				120.0				11.70 1	ļ			
	1.01	19-30-9											ŀ	i j		ĺ
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		1830.0 2610.0	4 77 .00	.,,,,	1.0	0,0	.01	140.0	. 4., .] 1	F100 F411	"
 		1920.0						140.0 160.0		211.0	14.73		.1892	7.593		
-	1.06	1570.0						160.0								
	.88	1945.0				i								1		
	,1117	2320.0						180.0		i						
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	1.25	101070														
	1.25 1.13	1400°0 1010°0						•								
	1.13	1900.0 1400.0 1275.0						290.0								
	1,13 ,35 1,77	1940.0 1300.0 1275.0 1945.0		;				200.0								
	1.13 .85 1.77 1.16	1910.0 1277.0 1277.0 1576.0										1. /ra		:		
	1,13 ,98 1,77 1,16 1,16	1940.0 1400.0 1277.0 1977.0 1 779.0 1 8 8.7						220.0				51./ra				
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	1.13 98 1.77 1.16 1.07 2.99 1.97	194040 140040 127540 665520 15550 15550 5640						220,0 220,0 267,0				31 . It a				
	1.13 .8 1.77 1.10 1.07 2.99 1.07 1.17 1.09	1940 0 1400 0 12 % 0 12 % 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0						220,0 220,0				11.h s				
	1.13 1.05 1.16 1.16 2.19 1.07 1.15 1.09 -75	1930.0 1300.0 1200.0 (600.0 1500.0 1500.0 700.0 700.0 1500.0 200.0						220,0 220,0 260,0 260,0	ya 3.3			51 - 7r et				
	1.13 08 1.77 1.16 1.07 2.09 1.07 1.09 79 79 79	1930.0 1300.0 1275.0 6675.0 155.0 155.0 155.0 155.0 155.0 155.0 155.0 2380.0 2380.0						220,0 220,0 260,0 260,0 260,0	24 FT. 1			sl . Ir d				
	1.13 08 1.77 1.16 1.07 2.79 1.07 1.09 77 10 10 10	19 to 10 1400 10 12 ft 10 12 ft 10 15 ft 10 15 ft 10 15 ft 10 16 ft 1						220,0 220,0 260,0 260,0 260,0 60,0 80,0	24 PT. 1			11. h a				
	1.13 08 1.77 1.16 1.67 2.99 1.07 1.09 79 90 70	[100,0] [100,0] [120,0] [120,0] [100,0] [100,0] [100,0] [200,0] [100,0] [100,0] [200,0] [210,0] [210,0] [210,0] [210,0] [210,0]						220,0 220,0 202,0 200,0 200,0 60,0 80,0	<u> </u>			11. h a				
	1.13 	10 to 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10						220,0 220,0 260,0 260,0 260,0 60,0 80,0	2417.			sl.ha				
	1.13 	10 to 10 1 10 to 10 10 to 10 1 10 1						220,0 220,0 200,0 200,0 200,0 60,0 80,0 100,0	2417.			\$1 , tr a				
	1.13 2.85 1.46	[1046.6] [1046.0] [1276.0] [1276.0] [1276.0] [1276.0] [1276.0] [1276.0] [1276.0] [1276.0] [1276.0] [1276.0] [1276.0] [1276.0] [1276.0] [1276.0]						220,0 220,0 260,0 260,0 260,0 60,0 80,0	J4 (1)			51 , It d				
	1.13 2.85 1.77 1.16 1.27 1.16 1.27 1.27 1.27 1.29 2.77 2.80 2.70 2.90 2.70 2.90 2.70 2.80	1046.6 1006.0 1207.0 1207.0 1007.2 1007.0 1007.0 1007.0 1007.0 1007.0 1007.0 1007.0 1007.0 1007.0 1007.0						220,0 220,0 200,0 200,0 200,0 60,0 80,0 100,0	34 H.			51 . It d				
	1.13 2.85 1.46	[1046.6] [1046.0] [1276.0] [1276.0] [1276.0] [1276.0] [1276.0] [1276.0] [1276.0] [1276.0] [1276.0] [1276.0] [1276.0] [1276.0] [1276.0] [1276.0]						220,0 220,0 200,0 200,0 200,0 60,0 80,0 100,0	34 (T)			s) .7r a				
	1.13 2.09 1.27 1.10 1.07 2.09 1.07 1.00 27 2.00 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20	10 10 10 10 1 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10						220,0 220,0 200,0 200,0 200,0 60,0 80,0 100,0	_94 f T]			s1 .7 r a				
	1.13 	10 to 10 1 10 to 10 1 10 to 10 1 10 to 10 1 1 10 to 10 1 10 1						220,0 220,0 200,0 200,0 500,0 80,0 100,0 120,0	_N 17	25 (40	/ 3 . #80		.2769	9,104		
	1,13	1040.0 1.00.0						220,0 220,0 262,0 260,0 60,0 100,0 120,0		Z5 1.0	71,80		.2760	9,104		
	1.13 2.8 1.42 1.47 1.67 1.07 1.07 1.09 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0	10 to 10 1 10 1						220,0 220,0 200,0 200,0 500,0 80,0 100,0 120,0		25 (40)	/ 1 . 950		-2769	9,104		
	1.13 2.08 1.20 1.20 1.20 1.20 1.20 1.20 1.20 1.20	10 to 10 1 100 10 1 100 10 1 100 10 1 100 10 1						220,0 220,0 200,0 200,0 500,0 80,0 100,0 120,0		 25 tya	/) . 850		.1163	9,100		
	1.13 1.26 1.10 1.10 1.10 1.10 1.10 1.10 1.10 1.1	1010.00 1,00						220.0 220.0 200.0 200.0 500.0 80.0 100.0 120.0 150.0 150.0		Z5 1.0	/ э., н зо		.2769	9,104		
	1.13 2.04 1.14 1.14 1.14 1.17 1.17 1.17 1.17 1.1	1040.0 1.000.0						220.0 220.0 200.0 200.0 80.0 100.0 100.0 120.0 150.0 160.0 160.0		25 (,0	/) , 980		.2769	9,10•		
	1.13 1.26 1.10 1.10 1.10 1.10 1.10 1.10 1.10 1.1	10 to 10 100 t						220.0 220.0 200.0 200.0 500.0 80.0 100.0 120.0 150.0 150.0		Z-1,0	/ э., н зо		.2769	9,104		

Table 6. j

Summary of Data - Circular Flat Parachute

c _D	,t _f	F _o (100)	3 (rt ²)	l _{a/D_o}	Ng/Do (/ft)	1 _{r/00}	s _{v/So}	λ at ΔP=1/2"H ₂ O (ft ³ /ft ² min.)	(let) #/3 ₀	V (ft/sec)	d (hert.)	Re x 10 ⁻⁵	м	Pr	Type of Test	Rof.
	.83 1.04 .95 1.30 1.09 1.15	1480.0 1410.0 1620.0 1340.0 1140.0 1200.0						200.0 200.0 220.0 220.0 240.0 240.0		253.0	73.8	38,09	.2269	9,104		
	.65 .61 .70 .75 .67 .63 .70 .83 .65 .63 .69 .97 .66 .67 .67 .66 .70 .65 .65 .65 .65 .70 .65 .70 .65 .70 .70 .70 .70 .70 .70 .70 .70 .70 .70	3430.0 3780.0 3780.0 3780.0 3770.0 3945.0 3840.0 2820.0 3100.0 2215.0 3070.0 3220.0 3230.0 2530.0 1675.0 2910.0 3080.0 7490.0 2150.0 1560.0 2020.0 1645.0						60.0 80.0 100.0 120.0 120.0 120.0 120.0 120.0 140.0 140.0 160.0 160.0 180.0 180.0 200.0 200.0 200.0 220.0		295.0	101.12	44.42	.2646	10.62		
	1,30 1,00 1,00 1,00 1,00 1,00 1,10 1,10	1050.0 1260.0 1260.0 1260.0 1260.0 1290.0 1640.0 1845.0 1640.0 1870.0 1500.0 1500.0 1511.0 1120.0	45.2 . 0	,701	1.0	0	.01	240.0 240.0 240.0 260.0 260.0 60.0 100.0 120.0 140.0 140.0 140.0 150.0 160.0 180.0 200.0 220.0 240.0 240.0 240.0 260.0	.¥'Я	118.0	112.75	5.0.89	.3031	12.16	From Fell	11
	68 61 76 56 60 171 171 711 111	4600,0 340,0 3340,0 4675,0 1225,0 4710,0						100,0 100,0 170,0 170,0 190,0 190,0 200,0 200,0 200,0 200,0 200,0 200,0 200,0 200,0 200,0 200,0 200,0		O.ORJ	167,79	57,212	, 3408	13.67		

Table 7. a

Summary of Data - Extended Skirt (10%) Parachute

Ср	t _f .	F _o	3 (ft ²)	l _a /D _o	#g/D ₀ (/rt)	¹ r/ ^D 0	s _{v/So}	> st	w/S _o (pst)	V (ft/sec)	q (pat)	Re x 10 ⁻⁶	м	Fr	Type of left	tic i' .
								10% Extension								l
.797			1,910		17.96	<u> </u>	0	120.0	10,000	111,7	12,550	.600	.1000	15.775		
.822	I		2,120	1.000	17.04		٥	10.0	10.320		12.550	.600	.1000	15.363 15.556	Infinite Mess	12
.824	-		2.012		17,49 17.45		0	275.0 30.0	10,330		12.550 4.180	.600	.1000	15,556		
.838							,01		.139	12.1	.165	.913	.0109	.618		
.910									.139	11.6	.152	.875	.0104	.593 .618		l i
.838	\vdash								.139	17.1	.165	.913	.0154	.874		ΙI
.809			111.10	.600					.274	17.3	.338	1.305	.0155	.884		
.582	-								.274	18,2 32,1	1,164	2,422	.0163	1,640		
.590	\Box					1	1		.679	31.9	1.150	2,407	.0286	1.630		1 1
.532						1		•	.679	33.6	1.276	2.535	.0302	1.717		
.979	1							i	,184	12.8	.187	,966 .966	.0115	.654 .654		1 1
.934						ļ			,184	13.1	.196	.989	.0118	.669		
.889						ŀ			,274	16.4	,308	1,238	.0146	.838		
.900	\vdash						ł		,274 ,274	16.2	,304	1,229	.0147	,833 ,823		
.885	\vdash					1	1		.679	25.9	.768		.0233	1,323		
.864						1	l		.679	26.2	.786	1.977	.0236	1.338		ł
.864					1				1,800	26.2 42.8	.786 2.125	3,229	.0236	1,338 2,187		1
.948				1.400					1.665	38.9	1.733	2.935	,0350	1.988		ll
.928					l				1,665	39,6	1,796	2.988	.0357	2,024		l
.878						۰		ļ	.184	13.5	.210	1.019	.0122	,690 ,685		1
.842	 					•		1	.184	13,8	.216	1,041	.0124	.705		Į l
1.016									.274	15,3	.269	1.154	.0138	.782		
.845	 				l	l		ŀ	.274	16.8	325	1.268	.0151 .0138	.858 .782		
1.016	 								.679	15 <u>.3</u> 25,9	,269 ,771	1.954	.0233	1.323		
.763					ļ	İ	1	1	.679	27.8	.889	2.098	.0250	1,421		
.810	 -		111.10		Į			1	.679		.838	2.037	.0243	1.380		
1.172	 				1.345			91.0	139 139	10.2	.118	.770 .800	.0095	.52 <u>1</u> .542	5 6-13	28
1.087						1	.01] 2.0	.139	10.6	1758	.800	.0095	.542	Proc Fall	**
.8%		 				ĺ			,274	16.4	126		.0146	.838		
.807	\vdash	 			į		1		.274	17.3	.340	1,305 1,238	,0146	,684 ,638		
.912			1	l	1	Ì	1	•	.679	6.4	.744	1.932	,0228	1.308		1
.896	-	ļ	1	1			ŀ	Ì	.679 .679	25.8	.756	1.947	.0230	1.318		
.751	+	 	1	1		İ		1	1,508	25.5 40.9	.738 1,874	3.086	.0228	2.090	1	
.729			1	1.240			l]	1,508	41.5	1,929	3.132	70ده.	2,120	1	
.903			ļ	l		1		Ī	1.845	41.8	2.044	3.154	.0376	2.136	1	1
1.210	1		1	1		1	1	l	.139	10.0	.114	.755 .7 <u>6</u> 2	.0093	.511		
1.077	1		l				1	1	.139	10.6	.126	,800	.0095	,542		
.837	 	 	ł					1	.274	16.9	2327.		.0152	.864 766	{	
1.062	t		i		1			i	,274	15.0 17.0		1,132	.0135 .0153	,766 .869	1	
.831				ļ		L	1		.679	26./	.616	2,015	.0241	1.364	1	
.877	 -	 	ł	•			ł	1	.679		,774 799		.02 34	1.329	1	
.850 1.130	+-	 	1		1	<u> </u>	1	1	.139	10.3	.122		.0238	,526	1	
1.068			1]]	1	,139	10,5	.127	,792	.0094	36 ئ.	}	
1.249	 	 	ł	1			1		:139	T	111		.0088	.501	7	
,860 ,966	+	 	j	1			1	1	,274	16.6 15.5	.318	1,252 1,170	.0148	.848		
.870			111.10	, ,,,,,			1		.274	16.5	314		,0148		1	1
.883	 	 	ł	1.080	1	├ ─	ł	1	.679	T	./69		,0231	1,316	l .	
,843	+	 	1		1	 	i		.679 .679		.854		.0236			
.536	\Box		1]	1		1		1,508	52.7	2,510		.0471	2,693	1	
,728	\Box	ļ	1			<u> </u>	ł		1,508	45.0	2,000	3.3%	,0401	2.300		
1.067	+	├	ł				ł		1,845	41.0	1.120	T.———	.0366	2,095		1
1.067	1	<u></u>	<u> </u>	L					1139	10.6	.1 10	.819	,0095	,542	L	1

Table 7.b

Summary of Data - Extended Skirt (10%) Parachute

r——			r					·				r1				
d ₅	եր (500)	β ₃	5 (11 ²)	1 ,/i,	" //D _O (/rt)	1 r/m	ارد/۴	λ st ΔP=1/2"H ₂ 0 (ft ³ /ft ² min.)	₩/5 ₀ (per)	i (ri/see)	q (por)	Ber x 10 ⁻¹	es:	16.20	Typ. of Perk	lut.
.7:10	 			.600					1.638	55.4.	2.13"	3,411	.0399	2.310		
1.00			1						.137	10.8	135	.815	5 .009/ .552	.552		
. 93	<u> </u>								-139	11.4	10	860	.0102	.583		. 1
1,038	├			- 1					.274	17.8	(26)	1.139	رد 01. رو 015.	.910		1
1,023	-			1.080					.274	15.2	.267	1.147	.0136	.777		
.818									.679	26.8	.8 10	2.022	.0240	1.369		
.788				1					679	21.1	,861	2.060	.0244	1.395		1
.876									_:679.	2529	.115	1.954	.02 32	1.323		1
,719	<u> </u>			.600				1	1.6 #	1919 242 .	2.278	3.365 -807	.00%6	.547		
1,048	\vdash								.1 32	10.7	.132	.807	.0096	.547		1
1,130	 								,123	10.1	.123	.777	.0093	.526		1 1
.915								!	.799	16,1	,299	1,215	.0145	.823		1 1
.870									. 114	16.5	. 114	1.245	.0148	.843		1
.820						L			.133	17.0	.333	1.283	.0153	.869 1.385		1 1
.810	 -	 						1	.8 17	27.1	.837	2,045 1,939	.0244	1.313		
. +02	┼							1	.8 11	27.0	./53 .811	2.037	.0243	1.380		1 1
,908	 			.920		 		.01	1.998	41.5	1,998	3,132	.0367	2.121		
.832	<u> </u>								2.185	43.4	2.185	3.275	.0384	2.218		
.850						Ĺ			2.089	41.9	2.089	3.162	.0368			ıl
1,168	├	 				ļ			.119	10.2	.119	.770	.0092	.521		
.858	├ ─	├				<u> </u>			.161	11.9	.161	.898	.0098	.557		
.905	+	1				 -			.274	16.1	.101	1.230	.0147	.833		
,915	 								.274	16,2	,299	1,222	.0146	,827		1 1
.950									.274	15.9	.288	1.120	.0143	.812		
.860						L			.679	26.7	.768	1.984	.0237	1.343		1 1
.723	+	-	111.10	ļ					.679	20.7	.939	2.166	.0238	1.466		1 1
.765 .621	\vdash			.6ú0		.354	1		1.679	48.0	,887 2,618	3.660	,0423	2,452		28
1.01)	 	 		- 1311	1.354		.01		1139	10,9	.137	.822	.ue98	357		
,895									.139	11.6	.155	.875	.0140	.608		
.810					-				.131	12.2	.171	,921	.0109	.623	Free Fall	
.111	—	_							2/75 -	17.5	-352	1.321	.0157 .0143	.894		1 1
910	-	 				-		,	.274	16.0	.294	1,207	.0160	.910		1 !
.751	 							İ	.079	28	.414	2.151	,0256	1,456		
.797	†	†				ļ			,679	27,2	851	2.052	.0244	1.390		
.711					i]		,673	28.8	154	2.173	025£	1.472		
.744	<u> </u>	<u></u>			}		ļ	1	1,820	45.1	2,442	3.418	.0198	2.315		
.718	┿	}		.760	İ				1.830	16.2	2.252	3.486	.0406	2,361		
.831	+								641.	12.2	:1/1	.921	.0109	,623		
,979	+	 	1						149	11.1	.142	.838	.01.00	.567	•	
#45	1			ŀ]		.139	l ii.j.	.147	.853	10101	.577		
.844	\Box	L		İ	}	ļ	1	1	-2/4	16.8	.324	1.268	.0151	6.8		
.813	-								2/4	1/.1	.316	1,290	.0153	874		
.844	 	 					1		.274	16.8	.889	2,098	.0151	1.421		
.768	+	 	1	1			1	1	,679	28.3	.921	2.135	.0254	1.446		
.753	†	†	}	<u></u>			1		.679	28.1	308	2,120		1 .436	1	
,845		I	I	[]	1	132	1174	,142	.898	.0107	.608		
.903	4	1	l	Į .	l	ļ	1	1	.1 5'9	11.5	.153	.86.8	.0103	.588	l	
,858	+-	 	ł	1	ł	-	-	1	139	11.8	.162	.890	.0106	.602	ł	
.770	+	 	ł	.6,00			1	1	279	17.5	.355	1,321	.0157	,904	i	
.766	+	 	1	1			1	1	2/9	1/.7	3/8	1.373	.0163		1	
.686				!	1]	1	.6/9	29.2	: BE :	2,201	.0262	1,492	}	
.6'74		<u> </u>					1	1	6/9	21121	:"//	2.218	.0.64	1.502	l	'
.701	_			ļ	ļ	 	ļ	ļ	67	29.2	1953	2.203	.0258	1.492	1	
.97.0	+-	+	3546.74	t	ł	}	1	108.1	3685	24.6	955	10.135 =	.0221	.529 518		ŀ
.980	+	 		i	ł		1	10/10	10/9	24.1 29.3	.685	9.851 10.060	.0217	.516		
.720	+	 			.8131	 	1	115.8	691	.29.29 a 25.6	.735	10.460	.0231	.550	1	١.
./80	1	1		1,000		ļ. <u>.</u> .	1.072	197.5	586	21.2	,/12	10,300	,0221	.542]	١,
. /50	I	I				1	Ĺ	1	117.0	589	25.5	122	10,420	,02 30		l
VB15	1	↓	1	1	ł	·	1	120.2	1202			H. 952	.0147	.471	ł	l
.950		<u> </u>	L	<u></u>	L	1	1	100,0	1,113	1 432	(14)	H.666	.0191	.456	L	

Table 7.c

Summary of Data - Extended Skirt (10%) Parachute

СD	t _r	F _O	3 ₀ (ft ²)	1 _{s/Do}	N _{E/D} (/ft)	¹r/U _o	S _{v/So}	λ at Δ Y • 1/2 "H ₂ 0 (ft ³ /ft ² mIn.)	(t¤t.) M\2º	V (1't/see)	(Imt.) d	Po x 10""	М	f'r	Type of Test	Hel.
1.100			3546.74	1,000	,8333		.0025	127.8	.500	19,8	440	8,093	0178	476		_5
.990	$\vdash \vdash$		3546.74	1.000	.8333		.0025	113.4	498	20.7	.480		.0186	.445		} -
1.163	-		2456.0(.651	31.5	1.100	10.320	0125	.480		
.686	М					1			.6' 1	29.7	.112 .979	10.290	,0261	./00		1 1
.778				1.010	.5007	٥	.004		. 166	21.0	.496	1,217	.0183	,495		19
.985					i i	1			.489	27.6	-516	7,831	.0198	.533		
,594	\vdash								.651	21 .B	1.130	11,020	.0280	.750 .644		1
.807 .637	-				-			108.0	.6 <u>51</u> ,283	. 27.3. 19.1	.H.12 .H.12	9,460 4,800	.0240 .0171	.535		-
.845					1				.277	16.6	32.3	4.14/	.0147	.465		1
.713			1231.63		.8566	.10	.003		.217	18.1	, 184	4,522	.0160	.507		16
.606				.810	.0000			1	.271	19,2	452	1.825	.0173	. 5 38	•	1 '
.620 .673							1		.280	19.1	44/ 4/4	4 .800 4 ,599	.0164	.535 .513		1
.690		-					-		.733	31.2	1.083	12.070	.0270	.688		
.480									,716	36.6	1,448	14.200	.0317	,807		[:
.857			2217 00	.740	.5312	.09		130.0	./13	27.3	.841	10,690	.02.38	.602		10
.625		<u> </u>	3217.00		[]				.707	21.2	50%	8.273	.0185	,468		1
.540	$\vdash \vdash$.707	18.8	1,309	13,440	.0297	.743		1
.689									.670	21.6	.780	6.174	.0223	.733		
.961					.9476				.672	24.1	·eaj		.0210	.690		1
.891	\vdash						4		.672	25.0	-/43	<u> </u>	.0218	./16		1
.940	├─┤			1.000		<u> </u>			.670	25.3	./6/ ./98	5,889	.0220	.699		1
.888			1133.54	1.000	.94/6				.672	27.1	7'10	6,07,1	.0218	./19		
.691									.683	28.7	,979	6.9/1	.0250	.804		
.918									.681	24.1	.702	6.00%	.0210	./13	<u>'</u>	1
.754									.685	-21		6.632	.0242	.787		1
.720	$\vdash \dashv$			 	 	+-	0	į	,686 ,749	28.2	1,007	6,801 6,471	.0248	.807		
.927								100,0	:/49	26.0	804	5.693	.0225	.784		
.751	_,									21.1	1.007	6,1/1	.0252	.877		15
.729	L]			.870						2	1.05	6,459	•0.33 B	890	s	"
.674	\vdash			l .		<u> </u>				3 <u>0</u> / .	1,421	6,722	.0268	.926		1
.834	\vdash					h				10.1	920 1 978	6,530	.0266	878. Bue.		1
.8 34],					27.0	907	£ : 141	.0244	832		
1,081			934.35		1,044					24.2		5,291	0.20	.7,10	}	1
6د'6.						<u> </u>				_ 11.2	4 , 1 H	6.331	.0212	.941		1
.889						}			}	26.7	1090	5.090	.62.32	80%		1
.740 .834	\vdash			.950					.30	29.3	1.0%	0.445 _	10267	. <u>.683</u>		1
.6/4										30,7	1.121	6,727	.0274	.926		1
.7%										28.3	,954	0.196	.025.2	1 59.1		1
.782	<u> </u>				<u> </u>	 	 			28.5	. 19615	6.240	.0252	64.8		L
1.020	ŀ			Ì	l		1			20.0	.464	3.720	0180	.650		1
1.100						1			1	18.3	. ##8 - ###	\$_\$00 \$_\$00	.0365 8710.	.562		1
1,220				1	}			'	1	16.7	1 .300	3,100	.0150	142	1	1
,fileU	\Box			l						21.0	.612	4.150	Joseph .	2/9/		1
.624	 		111. 20	l	l	 	,			21.9	, 17.5 ¹ 1	4. 9.	20711	760		
1,000 .6 ×,	├┤		/15.60	.750	.4276	h	.001		l	18.5	. 176 .70	3 29°24 .	. odea.	.600		29
.6 /·				l		hi				19.0	918	9 (130 3 (560	107.00			1
,641				l						20.6	-465H	1,811	- dat	.668		1
3/2				l	! '	L				21.8	25.05	4,0/%	.490	./0/	/]	[
.410			1	1	ļ	 -				2.00	.75%	9000	-07 <u>12</u>	.81/		1
	-,				 				- 3.00	10,7	36.78 10.1.1.10	1,000	10//	, c (4)		
	1.20				l				4.5	193.3 226.1		77.27 87.17	.1 % 1	9,279		
	1,50								./1:	77.5	1.150	191.	.1 %./	4.03	Ì	1
	5,90			1	.5312	l '		'	./1/	4,6,5	7, 110	11/18/11	.1 168	•		1
}	1,60	5,360.0		.740		.09	,003	130.0	-/ 19	226.1	57 ,: 100	Hir.o20	. 1. Holy	4,293		10
 	9,00	W. 3 A		l	l	i .		130.0	±/10	228.1	7.10	07,410	.1 66	5,045		"
-	2.00	(4°-6,13°, Q]]	i			./11	227.2	7.374 3.3	1.7.9.0 1.40 ·	. 2 4 7 2. . 1 4 2 1		1 1	Ι.,
		19 29		1	1				. 1	. 7,			1 1 1	198		
		L		L	l	L					<u></u>			1178		

Table 7.d

Summary of Data - Extended Skirt (10%) Parachute

	Γ			Γ	I	·	· ·	<u> </u>			r					
c ^D	L tr	Fo	3 ₀ (ft ²)	1 ₉ /υ _ο	N _P /D _O	¹ r/v _o	³ v/స్ట	λ 4tΔP=1/2"H ₂ 0	₩/S _O (jst)	۷ (۴۱/:۱۵۵)	q 70000	ltrz x 10 ^{m/s}	м	Fr	Type of Tost	Reſ.
	(200)	(169)	(rt-)		(/rt)			(ft ³ /ft ² min.)	(191)	11 07.100	(1,)					
		6370.0							.733	221,0	57.35	87.640	,1962	5,003		
		5320.0]	}		ŀ			226.5	57.36		.1961	4,992		1 1
	5.10	6270.0					ŀ		.714	232,1	57.32 57.28	86,610 88,190	.1990	5.116 4.996		10
	7		3217.00	.740	.5 112	.0.3	.003	130.0	.107	226.1	57,10	BB.020	.1964	4.983		"
	4.70			ľ					,707	222.9	57,29	88.880	.1966	4.913		
<u> </u>	5,00	ļ		ļ			l		306	226.1	57,28	88.020	.1964	4,983		1 1
<u> </u>	1,20	980,0					 	ļ	.106	228.5 184.5	57.33 31.70	87,520 34,460	.1668	5,036 5,506	i	\vdash
<u> </u>	1,34	1420.0		1					Ì	186,4	12,30	34,810	,1685	5.563		
	1,34	1040,0		ļ	1					186.4	32.10	34,810	.1685	5.563		[]
	1,32	1430.0			l		ľ		l	190,1	36,10	35.510	.1719	5.673		l
	1,52	1250.0 1650.0		1						190.1	36,10 55,80	35,510 46,020	.1719	5.673 7.353		\
	\vdash	2100.0		ĺ					ĺ	246.4	55,80	46.020	.2211	7,353		
		2240,0								246.4	55,80	46.020	.2211	7,353		1
	Ţ	1700.0					ŀ			246,4	55.80	46.020	.2211	7,353		1 1
	 ,	2160.0					ĺ	İ		246,4	55.80	46.020	.22]]	7.353 6.211		
	1,49	1475.0 1175.0						ĺ	ŀ	208.1	12,70	32,500 32,500	.1934	6.211		
		1275.0		1			1	l		208.1	32.70	32,500	,1934	6.211		
		1375.0		!						212.3	11.80	33,160	.1973	6.336		
	 	900.0		ļ	ļ		1	[ļ	2 15,3	41.80	36,750	.2195	7,022		
-	 	2250,0 1560,0		ļ	ł					250.0	47.20	37.050	.2322	7.461 7.461		
i		1525.0		ľ	1	ŀ	İ			250.0	47.20	37,050	.2322	7.461		
		1490.0					1		1	250,0	47.20	19.050	.2322	7.461		
		1700.0			i					2.0.0	47.20	34,050	.2322	7.461		
	 	1600.0 1300.0		1	ļ	1	}	1	}	234,5	34.10	31.190	.2237	6.999	i	1
	 	1575.0		ļ]				1	234.5	34.10 57.60	43.750	.25/7	8,400	Free Fall	i l
	1	2050.0			Ì				1	283.5	58,50	44,280	,2596	8.460	.,	
	1.21	2225,0								285.6	59,40	44 '610	.2615	8,524		
ļ	-	2140.0		ļ	ļ			ļ	[285.6	59,40	44.610	.2615	8.524		
	1.10	2340.0		1		l		ŀ		1 14 .6	85,50	52,260	, 1092	9,986		
	1	2900.0		ļ		i		ŀ		135.6	82,50	52.260	,1092	9,986		1
	1.21	2650.0		i	İ '		,,	Not atvan	stre.	130.7	84,00	1.2.590	. 31.14	10,050		7
	L	2480.0	J56 ₄60	./11	,857x2					374.4	0B, OI	1.8 ,460	13493	11.170		
	 	3000.0			ł					4 LU, B	10, 40	64,160	.3701	12 .260	{	
-	1.17	3450.0				Ì				410.8	195.80 105.80		.370]	12.260	İ	
	1.08	1575.0			1	ŀ			1	410.8	1	64.160	. 1701	12,260		
	1.06	0,0066			ļ			Į	Į.	410 <u>.8</u>	1.12 .60	ii4 •160	. 1/01	12.260]	
	1.48	3200.0		1	i			}	Ì	919 £ _	131.10		.3762	13 160		1
	1.26	2500.0			į				l	918,3 959,6	149,20	65.340 70.380	3884	12.480		1
-	1.61	1175.0			1			İ		453.9	159,20		.4145 ,4176		1	
	1,42	1/15.0		1						458.1	147,40	71.550	.4214	13.670		
ļ	1,16	1550.0	1	1	ļ	 	ļ	1	[458,1	151,40		.4214	13,670	1	
	1.00	1690.0		1	ł			ł		509.1 229.1	11,00		.4681	15,050	ł	
	.87			1	1	ŀ		1		221.3	11.00		.2155 .2155	6.861	1	1
	.85	1550.0								121.1	31.00	1 -	.2155]	
	1.02	1525.0		1	1	ļ	1	l		229,7	11 .OU		.2155	6,861	4	
	.68	1435.0			1		1	1	1	241.7	31- <u>120</u> 31-120		,2089 ,2089	1,2/3	•	
	.66	2100.0	1		1	l		1		291,7	35,20	T .	*5089	7.273	1	
	,9/	1925.0	ĺ					1	1	293.7	35.20		.2089	1.273	1	
	1.11	1396.0				l		}	l	293.7	15.20		,2087	7.273		-
	1.10	1810.0		1	1			{	ĺ	29 × .8	17,40	4	-2196	7.455	ł	1
	1.02	1900.0		1			1	1		251.6	17, 67 17,80	33,970	22 167 22146	1.509	1	
	.67	2290,0	1		1			1	1	100,0	7.80	91.080	.2016	9.216	1	1
		1,00.0			1		ĺ	ļ		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	17,80	91.080	55510	9.216	1	
	1.02	2140.0	l		1]		1		99 <u>8.8</u>	17.80	91.080	:2016	2.216	Ì	1
— —	+	2900.0	ł		I		1	ŀ		768.5	81.20	48,980	.3457	10,990	{	1
—	1,20	2650.0	1]			1	l	3/1.2	82.2 m B	97,380 99,380	. 3485	11,000	1	
		2350.0	L	L	1		} *	L	l			14 1 (384)	. 1485	11,080	1	
																

Table 7. e

Summary of Data - Extended Skirt (10%) Parachute

c _D	t ₁ .	F _O	9 (rt ²)	l _{s/Do}	N _P /υ (/tι)	¹ r/Խ _ս		λ at ΔP=1/2"H ₂ 0 (ft ³ /ft ² min.)	W/S_ (ref)	V (f't/nec)	(1841) d	Не ж 10 ⁻⁶	м	Fr	Type of Test	Kuf.
	-	3400.0						(10 /10 1111.)	1.31	193.0	41.50	18.600	.1690	6.010		
		2600,0		1	1		1		. <u>424</u>		57.90	44.100	.1980	6.990		1
		2275.0	804,30	1.000	.6250	٥	.004	125 0	548	195.0		38.400	.1740	6.090		6
	ļi	7450.0	001,30	1.000	.0230		.004	135.0	.591	224.0	57.00	44.100	1 990	6.990		1
		3400.0		1					.6/1	224.0		44.100	.1950	ь. 990		
	3,40	4200.0 5845.0		 					.676	262.0	78.50	51.800 93.400	.2100	6.192		
	7.40	4675.0			. 1				,676	262.8	76.29 76.29	91.220	.2260	6.180		1
	3.50	6515.0		i l					.679	262.1	16.26	11,220	.2760	6.180		1
	4.70	4130.0]					394	261.4	16.21	92,900	.2260	6.159		1
	11.00	2155.0	2463.01	.699	.5714				.394	221,0	57,30	80.890	.1970	5.362		9
	4.90	4150.0		""			 .		.396	221.7	57.89	80,420	.1980	5.365		1
	7.20	2760.0		İ					396	228.8	5/.83	81.320	.1970	5.391		ì
	5.00			} '					.391	226.6	57.75	80.530	.1970	5.358		1
	8.10			} '					,391	226.7	57.29	80.570	.1960	5.341	i	1
	1.90								,391	225.2	57.30	80.040	.1960	5.306		L
	1,54	1300.0						[186.4	33,00	34.810	.1670	5.563		_
	1.77	975.0					1	1	1	186,4	33,00	74.810	.1670	5.563		1
	1.63	1460.0		}				}	}	186.4	31.00	34.810	-16/0	5,563	ł	1
	1.65	1500.0 1175.0							1	192.3	30.20 87.20	35.920 35.920	.1/23	5./39		1
	1.68	1550.0		}					1	209.5	54.20	45.6/0	.21/9	7.297	1	1
	1.62	1785.0		}				}	i		14.20	45.670	.2179	7.297)	1
	1.52	1750.0		i I					ţ	344	54.70	45.670	.2179	7,297		l
ļ	1.64	1720,0		i I				ļ.	1	244	14.20	45.670	.2179	7.297		1
	1.80	1725.0]			İ		1	3.5	7.475	45.670	.21/9	1,297	}	}
 -	1.12	1950.0 2300.0		[ł	2 14.	81,40	55.830	.2655	8.921	(1
	1.24	2310.0			l		i		l	2 1 · . 9	80.40	55,810 55,810	.2655 .2655	8.921		
	1.17	2135.0]			ŀ		ì	298.9	80.40	11.010	2655	8,921	1	1
	1.06	2250,0		1			}		ł	100.7	81.40	56.160	.2671	8.974	bran - 11-13	1
		2200.0		l	ļ		l		ĺ	302.6	87.10	56.520	.2/11	9.031	Free Fall	1
	1,27	2540.0					İ		l	1001.1	40,40	57,580	.2763	9.201		1
<u> </u>	1.42	2450.0								106.3	90,40	57,580	.2/63	9.201		7
	1.31	1840.0	956.60		.8596	0	υ,	30.0	.226	308.3	90,40	57,580	.2/61	9.201	1	1
	1.72	2250.0 1350.0		.731				2		1 -	90,40 113,46	57,580 68,260	. 1237	9,201		1
	1	3250.0					Ì		ì		121, 10	58,790	3262	10.990		ĺ
		2800.0		\			l		1	1	121.10	68.790	.3262	10,990	ł	i
		1690.0		(l	ļ	l	170.1	125,90	+9,120	.3322	11.050		1
	 -	4100.0							I		145,50	. /2.640	.3545	11.600		1
	├ -	3700.0		1					ŀ		152,20	76,000		12.140		1
	 -	2900.0 4150.0		1				·	1		152,20	76,000		12.140	1	1
	<u> </u>	4450.0		1			1		Ì		152.20	76,000 76,000		12.140	1	1
		32/5.0]	1		172,60	78,570		12.550		
	1	2900.0		1			1	1)		1%,80		4056	13,550	1	1
ļ	1.28	4500.0	'	ļ			1		l		178.70	85.5 8 0	r ·	13.670		1
	1.12	1650.0					I		l	208.1	24,60		.1865	6,211		1
 	1.09	1375.0		}			1		ł	208.1	31.40	12,500	1900		1	1
 	† * • • • •	1350,0 1825,0		{ ·			}		1		31,40		.1900 .1900			1
	.99			1					I	208.1			.1900			1
	1.02	1500.0					Ī	Ì	}	208.1			.1900			1
		1400,0					1		ļ	212.1	14.00		.1 +80			1
	├ ──	915,0			لـــــا	<u> </u>		ļ	ļ	214.4	34,70		.2000			L.
 	├──	1200.0			.9276	<u> </u>	.003	100.0	l	150.0			1 140	4.870		1
	 	1500.0	715.60	.750	.9276 .9276		.003	100.0	ł	150.0	24,90 24,90		,1340	4.870		29
 	1	1250.0		[, 92 /6		.003	100.0	1	150.0			.1340	4.870		1
		1						12.5% Extension	1			200,000		7.870	_	ــــــ
	Γ	4000.0		1					.331	224.0	61.12	80,440	.2041	5,204		
		5100.0		l	[,484		67.76	81,160	,2098	5.250		1
		5650.0		.708	.9376	0	,004	104,5	,6 10		64,57	79.360	,2081	5,134		1
	<u> </u>	6600.0	2605.00	" "		•		,,	.331		114,50		.2821	6.46	Free Fall	18
	—	6400.0		į į	}				.484		111,00	107,400	.2800	6,946	Line 1977	1
<u> </u>	-	7200,0		1	[]				638		109.60	104,200	.2762	6.807		1
	1	5400.0			L			L	.111	136,0	146,50	119,200	. 3184	7.805		1

Table 7.f
Summary of Data - Extended Skirt (12.5%) Parachute

C _D	t _f	F ₀ (1bs)	3 ₀ (rt ²)	l _{e/Do}	N _{E/Do}	¹ r/v _o	3 _{v/30}	> at <u>A</u> P+1/2 "H ₂ O (ft ³ /ft ² min.)	(1e-1)	\ (f.f.\anc.)	(bet) d	Re x 10 ⁻⁶	м	Pr	Type of Test	Ref.
 		4700,0					 		.331	296.0	112 .50	105.000	.2814	6.876		\vdash
		9250,0							,331	227.0	65,44	80.170	.2131	5.273		
		3350.0	2605,00	,708	.9376	ا ه	,004	104.5	.331	229,0	65.16	01,020	.2126	5.320		10
 		5900.0			0.00		,	20112	.638	232.0	66.31	81,800	.2148	5,389		
	6.8	0,000					 -		.618 .541	311.0	124,60 63.08	109,800	.2874	7,225		Н
	3.0	2250.0					i '		,686	225.0	57.21	44.280	.1963	7.014		l i
	3.3	2025.0					1		,561	224.0	57.52	44.138	.1965	6,983		
	1.9	2100.0					1		,554	198.0	44.26	39,015	.1731	6.172	'	1
\vdash	3,5	<u> </u>					. 1		.665	256.0	73.96	51,361	.2209	7.980		
	3,6	 					٥		,663 ,539	258.0	73.62 126.10	50.034 66.530	.2245	8.042 10.474		
	6.4	2785:0			.625		ĺ		686	259,0	/1.84	51.034	,2235	8,073		
	1.1						1		.540	224.0	56,15	44,356	,1953	6,982	'	1 1
	3.3	2260.0					l		.686	224.0	56,65	44.356	.1958	6.902		l l
	1.3								.664	226.0	59,20	45.087	,1996	7.045		i i
	1.2	├ ──┤					203		.664	223.0	56,44	44,268	.1949	6.951	,	
\vdash	1.2	├ ──┤		1			.002		.665	256.0	75.63	51.296	.2259	7,940		li
-	1.5				1	 	.002		,541 ,540	·	118.30	65,000 66,758	,2912	10,131		
	1.1						.002		,540		118.30	64.838	,2833	10,131		
	1,0]	Ì		.002		,540	325.0	118.30	44.916	.2833	10,131		
	2,2	\Box			Į l		[.665	256.0	73.40	51,361	,2232	7,980		
	2.9						ł		,665	261.0	75.95	51,811	.2272	8.136		
	0.7	├			 		1		.665	259.0	79.16	50,972	.2210	8.074	1	1
<u> </u>	1,1 2,2	4810.0			[1		.686	317,0	57.55	66,404 44,138	.2000	10,505 6,983		
	1,4	3475.0)	.750		1)	,575	224.0	60.06	44.138	.2007	6,983		1
		2825.0		1			1		,563	198,0	47.32	39,015	.1784	6.172		i I
	1.5	1)	ļ	1]	.665	248.0	145,44	49.476	.2230	7,731]
ļ	1.6	l					l		.561	337.0	112.99	67.232	.2990	10.505		li
		2980.0				 -	ł		.693	257.0	74.77 56.89	51,2 <u>72</u> 44,268	,2247 ,1949	6.951		
		2800.0					1		.693	198.0	45,28	30,305	.1746	6.172	Free Fell	
	1.3	1		1			1		,664	259.0	78.89	51,034	.2270	8.074	Pros Pall	
	4.5						٠.	Į i	.665	259.0	74.66	51.034	.2248	8.074		ll
	4.1		804,24		1	 		120.0	.665	259.0	73,79	51,097	,2237	8,074		17
	8.2	├ -{		1.000		[{		533	337.0	130,72	66,404	·3327	10,505		
	1.2	}			ľ	 -	ł		.665	257.0	75, ₂ 94 74,77	51,034 51,272	,2270	8.011		H
	2.9			\		<u> </u>	1	·	,665	257.0	74,77	51,272	,2480	8,011		1
	2.0					<u> </u>	1		.665	256.0	74,70	51.361	,2257	7.980		
	1.5				1		1	}	,665	256.0	75.90	51.361	,2257	7,980		i i
	6,9					 -	Į		.664	262.0	76.60	52,009	.2280	B.167		
	4.7	 		1 .	.500		ł		,543	251.0	70,30	49,519	.2185	7.824		1
	1.6	11		Į i	i	 	1		.665	338.0 256.0	127,40	66.601 51.361	.2942	7.980		
	4.1	1910.0		1			1	ļ	674	226.0	56.97	44,532	.1950	7.045		
	4,2			1			.003)	.665	258.0	79,41	51.216	,2310	8,041		
	5.1]		l	i	<u> </u>	.002	[.665	258.0	79,41	51,216	.2310 □	8.041		
ļ	2.0	├ Ì				}	0	1	.665	258.0	74,95	51,216	.2293	8.041		1
 	3,7	 			ł	 	008		.665	258.0 256.0	74,95 75,92	51,216	,2259	7,979		
	2.1			1		<u> </u>	Ü	1	.679	256.0	• • •	51,361 51,361	1,2254 1,2254	7.979		
	1.8			} '	1		Į š		.679		118,96	61,250		10.005		
	3.1				ļ.		.002		-641	256.0	75.27		.2257	7.979		
ļ	1.8	├ ──┤			Ţ		.001		- 60°	256.0	15.21	ļ	.2257	l		
 	1.9	 			l		.001	1	.66'	256.0	15.27	51,370	.2257	! .		
	2.2	3450.0 2550.0		}	+625	 	.002	1	.679	256.0	72.94 72.94	1	.2201	ا ^ا		
	1.9	2 400.0		i	!	l	,001	1	610	256.0	72.94	İ	.2201	7,979		
	2.0	2200.0		1	i		.602	}	.679	256.0	72 %	1	,2724	i		
	L	3025.0		[.	[- "	.00î]		.679	256.0	12.94	51.24	.2224	l		
	1.4	2950.0			}	ļ	.001		.6/9	3°25'9' .	72.3	20,361	.2224	<u> </u>		
 	1./	 		ļ i	t		.001		291	117.0	29.61	66,909	•	10.501		
	4.8	t - 				}	1		.657	257.0	11.22. 74.86	51,2 <i>12</i> 51,039	2251	8.011		
—	5.1	t 1		ļ '	1	 -	φ.		.657		/4.86	51.034	.2258	8,074		
	2.0				ľ	<u></u>]		19 12		77.15	51.09/	,2254	8.074] ,
	2.8	1		L	1	L		L	359.1		28,05	Dt.,4(He	.2325	10.500		1

Table 7.g

Summary of Data - Extended Skirt (12.5%) Parachute

<u></u>							r		_ 	r						1 1
c _D	L _r	Fo	3 ₀ (rt ²)	1,a/n°	N _{rt} /D _o	1 _{r/0}	ະ _{v/ວັດ}	at Δ P=1 /2 "H,O	W/S.,	٧	9	Be x 15 "	м	Fr	Pyric of Best	hut.
	(suc)	(160)	(rt²)	"	(/rt)			(rt ¹ /rt ² min.)	(tst)	(tt/suc)	(12:1°)	'				
	1.20	1'40.0						(10) (10) (11)	,085	229.0	56.1/	50.166	101	<u>, 6, 76 €</u>		I^{-}
<u></u>	1.80	2625.0]			1		41913	229.0	56. 10		754	<u>. 6, 81</u>		
	1.50	3275.0					i		ريانان د الاقتار	228.0	59.37	45,485 44,485	? ⁹⁰⁰ .	7.197 6.951		1
	1.20				ĺ				.670	216.0	/	41.02	.1864	6./31		1
		4375.0	804.25		.7500	1	1		11/4.	, 1, 0	75.50	51,401	.2251	1,780		17
ļ	1.60	1676.0		1 1			i		.697	227.0	18,47	63 -9 <u>14</u>	, 184	7.076		Ì
<u></u>	2,50	2375.0		\			1		.691 .691	223,0 198,0	50,44 46,26	44.268 17.326	1792	6.971		1
	4.30	,,,,							546	31/.0	92,63	66.404	.2911	10,505		
	3,20						}		,66',	259.0	28,16	51,091.	.2748	H , 074		
	5.50	 -					1	'	.667	250.0	69,40	58,590	*5820 *5500	8,000 10,200		1
<u> </u>	1.10	1100.0							.688	328.0	01.50	44.100	.2160	7.850		1
	B.70						}		.667	25,2.0	70.10	194 (1.79	,2180	7,850		[
	2,80			Ì		}			.542	285.0	12,00	52.890	.2500	8,910		1
	1.70	 				İ	l		-668	252.0	72,00	46,900 44,300	.2210	7 ,850 7 ,850		
	1.30		600.00	[./520	l	l	Į	,008 830,	252.0	65.80	44,100	.2170	7.8.0		"
	2,50					1			542	p45.0	1 17 .40	61,800	.2990	10,7.0		1
<u></u>	1.90	\vdash		[1	1		.542	328.0	124.20	60,60	.2950	10,210		1
	1.20	2450.0		[1	1	{	.667	252.0	73.60	41.100 47.500	.2210	6,910		1
-	B.10			ŀ			ŀ		.667	252.0	76.50	52.400	.7265	7,850		
	1,10	2400.0		1		1		l	,665	254.0	73.79	51,034	.2237	8.074		
	2,10					Į	u .	120.0	,1,6'2	224.0	55,09	44,138	1111	5,983		
	1.70	3100.0		1.000	ŀ	l ·			1541	33/.0	126,86	31,015	.2925	10.505		l
	1.70					1			.6/2	223,0	57.64	44,489	.1/34	6.172		Ì
	1.40			1	ì	i	1		.1,/0	221.0	20.03	44.268	.19%	6.951		1
	L	3,10,0			·			i	./10	223.0	55.70	99.208	<u> -129</u> .	6.351		İ
	1	4100.0							.500	1%.0	43,91	88,908 104,30	.1715	6.110		
	6.10	2240.0		1	1	t,	1	}	.540	335.0 255.0	128.16 72.05	51,246	.2931 .2206	7,949		ì
	2,60	1.1,0.0		i	ĺ	"		!	,5,19	210.0	58.71	45.320	.2002	7.169	From Fall	ı
	2./0			ļ	l			[.666	259.0	75.97	51,014	.2210	8.074		[
<u> </u>	ļ	20,0.0					1	1	.665	257.0	16.29	51,017	,2212	8.011		1
	5.90	2325.0	44.4.15	1	טביו,				.665	259.0	74.89 55.67	51.034	.2266	6.781		17
	1.60	1320.0	804.25	i	./,0	1	1	l l	561	225.0	58.17	44.200	119/9	7,014		1
	1.70			1	1			1	541	345.,0	1 19 250	67.309	.3010	10,79		1
	1.80	2 100.0		Ì					.685	224.0	56.50	T	1900	0.181		1
	3.90	1700.0		ļ	{	{	{	}	,560 ,664	257.0	99.97 75.83	19,061 51,272	.1797 .22%	B.011		1
	1 3,124	2410.0			ľ			J	.6.78	223.0	159.17	44.268	.1991	0.951		
	1.50				}	i		l	.665	226.0	50.41	144,559	.1998	7,045		
	2.50	├ - ┤		1	}	1	1	{	.669	261.0	12,53	51.811	.2212	B , 1 50	}	1
	2.50	3100.0				1	1		.514	259.0	74.35	66.474 51.034	.2319	8.074		1
	2.80				<u> </u>			1	.590	291.0)6.41	58.020	,2559	9.133		1
	1,70)	}	1]	.6025	250.0	78.50	51,039	.2210	H . 074		1
	1.20	 		1		ł			.60%	257,0	/1,/0		223	B.074		1
	1.10	+		1	1	1	1	}	.66% .540	259,0	11,70		. 107.1	8.074 11.035		1
	1	2880.0]	L	l	.687	271.0	1 3.13	94.268	107	6.951		
,76,7	$oxedsymbol{oxedsymbol{oxed}}$]]	1111	12.7	.182_	. 97.1	लगुर	100	· ·	1
.829	 	 		1		Į.	1	ţ	.137	17.9	.168	,3136	.0103	46.32		
.720		 				1	[1	1111	12.6	.179 256	1,179	1110	1092	1	1
.790	1	1		l				[201	15.9	274	1,162	.0150	189	1	1
.673		ļ		1)]	1	,279	17.9	.111	1.111	,0153	.IHu	Ì	1
.612			111,11	1.000	1.19		.01	1 95.	90	18.1		2.181	10262	1,472		20
'6.13 '983'	+	 		1		1			6.15	29.1	307	2.1%	-0255 -0298	1,482	1	ĺ
199	1	t			1	1	1	1	1.17	1.20 d. 51.0		1,696	,0464	1 <u>149</u> 2 23598	ł	1
.720	L					I		1	1.75	100.1	2,619	1.4 %	.0421	2.959		1
. /1./1	<u></u>	ļ., .				1	Į	1	1.81	40.1	Am.	1.918	:0407	2.100		
.73.	 	 	}	1		1	1	1	} ::::	11.2	491	1.50	.0116	1672.		
.0 10	+	 	ł	1		1]	430	12.9	:108 :168	130 1380	.0103			ĺ
							_	<u></u>		•	*	· ' ' ##	11.718.7.	11.56)	┺

Table 7.h

Summary of Data - Extended Skirt (12.5%) Parachute

c _D	t _f .	F _o (165)	3 ₀ (rt ²)	1 ₈ /0 ₀	N _{II} /D _o (/rt)	¹r/ºo	\$ _{v/} 5 ₀	λ at ΔP=1/2"H ₂ O (ft ³ /ft ² min.)	₩/3 ₀	V (ft/aoc)	q (perf)	He x 10 ⁻⁶	м	Fr	Type of Test	Rof.
.818									,229	16.0	,280	1,207	.0140	.815		
,708			ļ]	.229	17.2	, 324	1,298	.0151	.876		
.6/7						l			,229	17.6	.339	1.328	-0154			
,582			111.1	1.009	1.345			100.0	.587	29.6	1.012	2,234	.0269	1.508		28
,655			1	İ		l		1	.589	27.9	.899	2,105	.0253	1,421		
,623			1	i	l]	.635	30.5	1.112	2.101	,026A	1.554		
.588	L				<u> </u>	1		L	1.828	51.3	3.111	3,916	.OHER	2,644	i	
.011						0	1		.331	18.0	,408	6.464	.0168	.410]	
,548]			1	l		,484	26.2	.884	9,408	.0243	.608	Free Fell	1 1
.662			1	l	1	1	ĺ	·	.6 38	27.0	.963	9.696	.0254	.627		1
,473]	l	1	•	.004	İ	1.310	21.4	,702	6,403	.0721	,544		
,6 12			2605.0	.708	·'#476	1	1	104,5	.484	24.6	.765	8.834	.0230	,572	l	18
,58%	T]	Į	ļ	1	İ		.311	21,1	.565	7,446	,0190	,490	j	
,665			1	i		1	1		. 111	20.0	.497	6,841	.0186	.465	}	1
4145]	l		1	1		.6)8	32.3	1.285	11,400	.0299	0د7.]	
,597			!	l	l	l	L		.6 18	28,8	1.068	10,160	,0266	. ,69]	
, 1113	1		800,00	1.000	.7520	Ī —	0	120,0	.689	44.2	2.200	8,180	.0386	1.375	}	
. 168			800,00	1,000	.7520		υ	120.0	()(')	39,7	1.875	7,910	,0354	1,235	L	1

								14.3% Extension	1							
1.112									.139	10.7	.124	.807	.0094	.547		
1,091			1				1		.139	10.0	.127	.815	.00%	.552		
1.167							i i		.151	10,4	.119	.785	.0092	.532		
.874									,274	17.0	. 314	1,203	.0149	.869		1 1
.874									,274	17.0	,314	1,281	.0149	.869		
, 427									.274	16.5	.2115	1,245	.0144	.844)
,827									,724	28.4	.075	2,341	.0248	1.452		1
.783									.724	29.2	.925	7,203	.0255	1.493		
.157									.724	29.6	.955	2,234	.0259	1.513		1
.905			111.1	1,009			.01	105.0	1,818	41.1	2.010	3.101	.0374	2.101		28
.950			*****	1.007			.01		1.816	40.1	1.913	3.026	.0 165	2.050		
.913						L	ĺ		1.810	40,9	1.691	1,086	.0172_	2,091		
1,041									1.19	11.0	.113	.830	.0047	562		
1,061									-119	10.3	7.11	. ,023	*00.78	557		
1,287									.139	9.9	.1 UH	.747	,0007	.506	,	
,849									, ²⁷⁴ _	17.2	32 3	1,2'10	0120	.879		1
1.007									.275	15.7	,269	1,105	61 10	BU3		
.912									.274	16.6	, 100	1,253	.0146	.849	,	
778									. 124	30.0	.983	2,264	.0263	1.534_		1
.690						ļ				31.0	1.047	7.339	.0272	1, 185		1)
,822									.724	20.4	742	2,143	.0249	1.452		
.781					.844		ļ		1.827	45,0	Z + 319	3.3%	,U+06	2,301	Free Full	
.770					,077		l	175.2	208	30.1	://5	10.750	.02 17	,566		!
1.050								1/1.2	590 .	.22.0	.541	B,991	•01:90	\$4/3		
1.320				1,20					584	. 12.2	.411	7,848	.0173	.411		
3,990					1			126.8	586	- 22.3	- 550	1.135	.0201	.480		
.,990		$-\!\!-\!\!\!-\!\!\!\!-$					l	170.0	,584	22.5	,568	9,197	.0201	484		1 1
. 950								126,8	286	27.8	.501	9,320	.0205_	. 490		
.800				i i		-		1/5,2	.587	24,9	.695	10,100	,0224	,536_		
.870					•		ł	120.0	584	21.8	1635	9,728	,0214	. 512		5
,830	-			1.10	l		l	128.8	,584	24.4	.667	9,974	.0220	.525		1 1
690					{	ļ	l	120.0	.583	26.7	.799	10,910	,0241	.5/4		
.970					ĺ		l		,584	22.6	.577	2,238	.0304	486		
.790	\vdash				1		i	175,2	5196	25.2	.712	10,100	,0227	.542		
.970	┝╼╾┼╌		1540,0			 	.003		.584	23.0	1593	9,401	-0207	.495		
920	-		-				1	175.2	586	2).1	.509	8.707	.0192	- 45B		
,910					1		1	175.2	,586° ,585	23.3		9,524	103.10	.501		
1.110	- +			.10	1	 	1	1/5.2	,580	21.1	.624	8,675	,0190	بادارا. 500ء	l	1
890	- +			'''	1	 	1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1200	28,6		9,647 11,790	,0250	.615		
616	-					į	Į.	ļ		25.5	1224		,0219	.548		
627						1	i	ŀ		24.7	.675	10,200	,0213	.511		
.67u					l	Ì	ı		ł	30./	1.062	12,610	T	.660		,
773	-			1	l		l			na	.801	10,790	.0267 .0233	,587		35
,603				1,000	l	.04	l	115.0	.4.67	29.6	.474	12,030	,0256	.637		į l
,782	 -				l	I	•			26,2	.751	10,540	.0225	.563	l l	i
,855	 			l '	i	I			l	21,2	,686	9,917	.0201	.499	1	1
,816						I	1		ŀ	24,7	.720	10,510	,0220	,571	,	
.876					i	l	1	ļ	ļ	24.1	,655	9,917	,0210	.518	l l	1
.127	 				l	l	l			26.6	,807	11.030	.02 13			1
14/				L	<u> </u>	Ь	L	<u> </u>		1 .0.0	1100	41.030	1,0213	.572		

Table 7.i

Summary of Data - Extended Skirt (14.3%) Parachute

				r —		F	F			1	,		I			
c _D	L	,	3	1 .	N A	1_ a.	3. a.	λ	u /n	٧	4	160 x 10 ^{m6}	м	Fr	Pype of feet.	mer.
1	, t _f .	(2) (A)	3 ₀ (rt²)	¹₃/b _o	N _r ·/D _c	¹ r/b _o	^ສ v/ຮ _ວ		₩/5 _a (ref)	(rtZuc)		160 × (+) ′	17	""	Abic or 10.02	
ĺ	(sec)	(163)	(1.6.)	l i	(/rt)			(rt3/rt2 min.)	(1-31)	[''''				į	
.706									,587	27,0	, B32	11,700	.0237	561		
.832			·]]					.591	26.6	.710	10,460	.0218	.29		
.763]]				.590	26.5	.77%	10.710	.0228	.570	İ	
.808				[.5.10	25.3	.711	10,490	.0222	566		
1,096			,						- 5.0	22.0	540	8.971	.0190	.673 .596		
,682	·]					587	<u> </u>	.861	11.120	.0241			
.685			3540.00	1.000	.8341	.04	.003	115.0	:587		.857	11,300	.0240	.596 .587		35
.679			3340,00	1.500			,		587	2//-3	.778	11.500	.0240 .0228	• • •		
.754					ĺ				587 587	25.7 25.2	7,77	10.750	.0228	.55 <u>3</u> .597	i	i
.925				·			l		590	555	6 18	9,766	.0206	.412		
.975					1	i '	1	'	5.90	21.0	.605	9,529	.0202	.47375		1
.756				ľ		l .			,530	26.0	.780	10,890	.0221	.559		ĺ
.987				L		L	L		590	22.8	.598	-9.540	.0200	,490		
.758			5319.73	•972	.1716				575	25.5	.150	12.765	.0226	.14145		۱
•969			5319.73	.972	.1176				.573	22.5	.591	11,264	.0199	.4 17	Free Fall	34
.855]		5319.73	.972	.1176				575	23.5	.677	12.350	.0212	.457		Ι ″
,911									.282	1/35	.352	7.164	.0154	. 176		}
.911					l	0	1		.282	17.4	. 365	6.872	.0157	. 1/4		
.774			. 37 3	}	7007		0	100.0	546	25.2 27.8	-753 -906	10, 116	.0226	92 598		1
.653		<u> </u>	4157.00	.920	.7697	1	ľ		.59 <u>4</u> .835	35.3	1.513	14,451	.0319	.759		25
.661										34.9	1,494	14.124	.0317	.750		
,544						l			1.027	42.1	2.231	17,561	.0325	.922		١
.530				L		L	L		1.027	44.1	2,277	18,053	.0391	,948		L
		9180.0		,990					.353	327.7	116,1	157,900	.280	6.436		
		9/50.0		.990					. 165	366.5	149.0	181,100	.3160	7.198		ļ
		9600.0		1	201.2		L		,480	278.7	86.8	1.18.000	2419	5,473		33
+		9540.0	5230.00	.990	.7843	L	ļ.,		.480	324.3	116.6	159,600	.2004	6,369		İ
		14, 150		, ,,,,					467	404.0	1835	201,000	. 3514	7.934		
		17,300		 		<u></u>			14B:1	196 <u>.6</u>	221-18	551*400	3876	8,771	<u> </u>	
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Table 8. a

Summary of Data - Ringslot Parachute

c _D	t _f	F ₀	3 ₀ (rt ²)	¹ ո/հ	N _{P.} /D _O (/rt)	1 _{r/00}	s _{v/So}	> Geometrio (%)	(let)	V (ft/sec)	(lut.) d	Re x 10 ⁻⁶⁵	М	β'n	Type of Test	Rof.
.670										465.0	234.00	20,/20	.413	29.250		
	.60	8,297	1		}					529.0	102.00	22,600	471	33,200		1 1
,660	-							1	[:		219,00	20,000	.400	28,400		[]
,570		 		l		 					176,00	17,850	.358	25,420		1
.660	├			1	! .	 -			}	0,84		15.950	.318	22,580		1
.650	 	 		[j	 			İ	2.61.0	116,00 %,00	14,620	.292	20,700 18,780		1 1
.710	 				i i				ł	269.0		11,980	,239	16,950		1 1
.780					1				1	240.0	T	10.680	.213	15,120		
	,50	10,166			1				i	584.0		25,550	,518	36.830		1
.660								'	1		267,00	21.850	.443	31.550		l
.630		 				 -	 		j		249,00	21.150	.427	30,500	,] .
.640						ļ	 		Į		2 11 .00	20.350	.411	29.330		'
.710							 	ı	1		184,00	78.180	367	26,150		1
.730 .710				1	ł	 	 		1		140,00 116,00	15,850 14,450	.320	22,850		'
.770	_				į į	 			į	287.0	88.00	12,560	.254	18,100		
.700									\	267.0		11,690	.2 36	17,650		
,770]				ļ	2',1,0		10,000	.222	15,830)
,5 30									1	219.0	580 °00	23,050	.45/	32.350		
570	ļ	<u> </u>				ļ	┟╼╌┤		ļ		245,00	21,510	.427	30,220]
.640]		ļ.—	\vdash		1		247,00	21,430	.425	10.150		
.750)		 		ļ		160.00	17,260	142	24,250		
.810	 			ļ			 		1		126,00	11,950	.276	19,600		
.890					l	 				2/3.0	,	12,240	.243	17.200		ļ
.880										256,0	11,00	11,480	.228	16,130		
.610											280,00	22,080	,454	12.100		
,600									[:	4/6.0	295,00	20,650	,425	30,000		[]
.600										421.0	197,90	18.2%	.116	26.600		
,620					[ll		[1677-66		<u> </u>	24.440		i 1
.610	}									157.0	1 14 ,00	15,200	.114_	22,180		4
,600 ,6400			48,00	1.535	1.535		ł- I	19.50			111.00	11,890	,286 ,268	20,180	93 M	1
,690	 -					 	 		48,20	0, Vec	38,00	13,020	,4H5	14.410	Sled Test	1
,700					[1		t1		i i		234,00	21,850	459	32.600	ı	[]
.710					i '		1 1]	90.0	1	11,650	, 199	28.330		1
.750					l .	Ī.,	I I		i i	Ţ	164,00	17,450	353	24,900		l
.720				Ì	1		1 1		1	8.7.0	137,09	15.750	, 116	22.480		
.120					!					<u>3</u> :1,0	110.00	14,14,0	,2 <u>u*,</u>	20,220		
,/4v										391.0	2430	. U.280 .	.262	16,350		
.710	<u> </u>	 			} ,	ļ 			}	2//20	B2.00	12.210	,246	11.450		
.590					i :						10, 100	21,100	4/2	33,680		\
.610						ŀ	} }				287490	22,800 22,210	.461	32,800		
,650											276,00	19,550	4450	32,100		1
,680	_				ľ		1				1/1,00	17.450	.39/ .3 ⁵ /4	25,250 25,250		1
,680							i i			100.0	1 48, 00	15,700	.119	22,/00		
./10					'	[[]			16, H 20	65,00	14.310	.2 10	20,650		1
,680							Il	1	(100.0	r00	13,090	.265	18.720		
.640	ļ					ļ	ļ ļ			386.5	100	12.220	-24/	17,650		
,670	-	 					F- 4			40/.0		21,550	.441	11.100		
6/0		ļ					├				264.5 <u>09</u> .	515000	·#40, · -	<u>ن در .</u> رز		}
.660		 					├ <i></i> ┤				201-00		,440 	31,100		
.650	 					 					252 <u>299</u>		4 31	30,450		
.620	_				ł i		† · · · †	İ			256.00		1926	74 200		
,640	<u> </u>				1		!			450.0	230±06 530±06	20,720	. <u>.117. </u> . <u>.198</u> .	. 29,500 - 28,850		i
.660		~			İ					lengt in		19,830	. 198	20,250		1 1
.670					i '			1			202,00	19,180	. 361'	27,300		
,650							!	ĺ	l i		172,99		. 355	25.200		
,họ0	ļ					ļ i		-		المراسق المراس	199200	16,000	. 121	22,800		
,640		 				} ,	}	ļ			117,99	15.589	533	20,770]
.60		 					 			112.0		11.790	.211	12,650		
660	 							į		3.4010	20,00	12,010	25B	18,260		
.660 564		<u> </u>				-	 		708	2/0,0	1,110	7,210	.010 -1240	1,000		\vdash
,/30			4. 0.21)			† †			1/00 1/00	. 건설. - 건설		6, 118	.010 -02b	,890	Free Fall	}
.564				1.000	, 1 Min		. 650	14.32	4/50		. 2482± 1.000	1,230	,010	1,007	a Luii	1
,529					L :		اا		./ /		1.911	1,447	,033	1,037		

Table 8.b

Summary of Data - Ringslot Parachute

c _D	t ₁ .	F ₀	3 (rt²)	1 ₃ /b _o	N,,/D,	¹ r/b _o	a _{v ∕3o}	> (monetric (£)	₩/3 ₀	V (ft/we)	q (pat)	He x 10 ⁻⁰	М	Fr	Type of Test	Hof.
582			<u> </u>	 					(70)	32,8	1,290	7,121	,0315,	9943		
.502]	l	1		1 I		700	100	1,479	7,669	.0119	1,067		1 1
.539			1]		./09	34.1	3 , 3 %,	7,404	,0328	1.031		
,640 ,472			ł			 _	1 1		./10	31,1	1,175	6,796	.0301	.946		l l
.520			1			 			/1/	36.6	1,696	/, '*H1	.01.2	1.005		
,602			920.80	1,000	,9346		•0020	1,82	- <u>1/1/</u> -	19 <u>.9.</u> 12.3	1,460	7,011	.0110	31/7		1
.457			1				1	•	,700	37.0	1,651	8.011	.0355	1.119		
.445]			17.5	1.666	8,152	.0300	1.139		1
,588 ,626			l		ļ	ļ			.708	32.6	1279	1,0/1	-0.113	,1986		
.639			1			· · ·	1 1		,705	11.6 31.2	1,1,17	6.861 6.774	•0300	956 943		
-6/6			l	ļ	1		1 1		,07	30.4	1.122	6.664	0294	.925		1
.606									.191	15,4	271	1.141	.0154	,789		
,664			10:44						465	29,9	,700	1.825	.0212	1,250		
.676 .654					1.355		.0000	17.00	-1917/4	24.2	6,197	1,811	,0210	1.250		
.542					ł		1 1		1 434	49.0		1.890	<u> 10723</u>	1.260		
902				۱ '	<u> </u>	t			.100	94.0	2.299 111		.0199 8800	03		1
.822]	1			[.148	12.4	.179	1943	.0112	,6 17		[i
.809]		,	[Į.	L	ı l		.1147	12,5	,102	,710	.0111	·H17		
.812			•] ,					-121	14.3	.2 18	1,06.	,0129	. / 14		
.780			•		1	}- <i></i> —-	1 1			19.5	• ²³ 95.	1,18,1	-0141	7115		
.646			Ì		1	···	i i		1 ¹⁹	29.1	-29 <u>0</u>	1,775	*0518	1,230		1
.714				[l		1 1		1971	21,0	,660	1.750	,020н	1,222		1 .
./85					i		1 1		,140-1	11.1	-5:41	1.5/1	,020',	1,166		
696					1		.0070		1.228	16.6	1.764	2,840	.0 198	2,,126		
.505 .678			108.00		1,969			10.00	1.515	1951	2,410		0407	2.127		
.792									.197	39,1 12,6	.186 186	2.880	.0140	2,010		1 1
.846									.120	12.2	.19.1	,810 ,810	.0110	,627		l I
.846									,120	12.2	. 14.9	.11.2.2	.0110	.627		1
.719						ļ <u>.</u>			.195	15.2	.212	1.120	VI 10.	./81		1 1
,797 ,787						<u>-</u>			1.4.1	14.4		1,000	.01.10	.750	Fr. Falt	1
.665									.199	19.5 29.6	. 246 701	1,000	.01 11	/45		1 1
.781									.971	22.7	,600	1.012	.0227	1.263		1 1
.6/1									.470	29.5	.701	1,00	.0221	1,250	•	1 1
.621									1,227	41.3	1,579	\$4020	.047.1	2.121		1 1
1/6"			į				1 1		100	10,	, 1 to	,794	.00.27	544	ı	1
.830							ŀ		:09/	10.2	,117	, r.t.	.00.15	3519 3579	1	28
, ulits				1,020		٠.	1 1		10 M	15.4	.280	1,154	\$1.00. F1.10.	.74.		
.766							1 1		.192	19176	,25.0	1.07.	.01.12	7.0		
679									નંગ	15.5	202	1,00	.0161	.797	1	
,641									.14°.01	24.3	.126	1.00.1	.0258	1.229		
./58									1465	29.5	./01	1,841	.0222	1.500		
,645							.0060	11.5	.465 1.219	22.9 39.8	.619 1,878	1.71± . 2.990	,0207	1.178 2.022		
,587									1.210	91.7	2.076	1,230		2.150		
.707]								1.210	.16.0	1.710	2.6'-8	, O 3914		1	
.80)						ļ			.102	10.1	.126	.780	.00 (1			
.816 .634			100,44						.100	10.2	11/2	, /6 j	1,000	524		
,810			217.13.44		1.155				. 100	10.1 _14.2	.120 .236	7% 1,062	.00 4	.519		<u> </u>
.799									111	19.1	,2162	1.000	*0130			
.745							-		1111	14.8	.256	1.100	901.00	.761		
,684						L			:405	29 •]	*689	1.722	.0780	1 ,2 ,0		
. /46									- 1222	24.12	-6 HS	1200	-0270	1.140		
.467		{							1000	22.9 97.7	625_ 2-595	1,/1/	9787	1,178		
.672 (ra.		1			1				1 12 12 1 1 1905 1	13.5	.110	30064 1,003	.0428 .01.94	23950 606		} [
.758						<u> </u>			,100	10.6	1111		.00%	1919		
.7/2				ŀ			.000	.,	100	10.5	1127	/86	(11)'1'1	1.17		1 1
./07					ĺ			17,00	191	15,2	- 3/0	1.11!	·0) 18	1179		
Hro, bria,		·							. <u>190</u> _	.15.1 17.2,	-272	1.49%	,ળ કત	, 784		
.b+0.				1						22.2	312 215	1,195	.01 JH .0201	1.127		
.6/1			ı	- 1					.111.1	24.3		.12920 .12920		1.265		

Table 8. c
Summary of Data - Ringslot Parachute

c _p	եր (800)	F _o (16-)	5 (rt ²)	1.3/b°	N _r /D ₀ (/11)	1./D ₀	ر _{اد/ه} ر	X Goonotrie (X)	(Fat.) ≜∖2 ^Ω	v (rt/.we)	(lett.)	Не ж 10 ^{—13}	м	Fr	Type of Test	Rof,
,657									و باردنا.	24,0	1/19	1.855	.0223	1,250		┞─┤
, 107									1,212		2.100	1,160		2,50%		
,560					ľ				1,209		2927	3.700		2,169		1
	ļ		100.44	1,020			.008	1/.80	10012		2.130	1,16% ,80%	,0 HH4 \00°17	2,169		ا ا
,761 ,755			••••	9,	1.355		.008	2	.100	10.7 10.6		./'#1	,00 1/1	,542		28
.011									.100	10,1	.120	./',0	.0012	,517		l l
કેઇ				i i				'	.191	15,4	. ₹/в	1.151	.0140	. /40		1 1
.13.1	I								ياتلو ــ	1,2	19209	1.121	.01.16	./68		\vdash
·85.7.	ļ <u>.</u>								102	10.0		. /44	.00 89	.515		1
./10	 -		107.92		1,024			10,00	.211 .527	15.0 25.0	.767 .792	1,116 1,800	0274	1,289	Proc Fell	
.0 32	t		'						1,201		1,901	2,9/6	8410	2.062		
.811	İ								ואיט	10,0	119	./49	евоо.	.511		
./60	<u> </u>		,	1.000	ļ	ļ	υ	11,5	201	14,0	.207	1.123	.01.34	.769	,	27
eritt's	├ ──		3 (1) (2)	1	i	ļ			1.0.1	25,04	.742	1.8//	.0224	1,282		1
,612	├ ─-	 	104.78	\	1.017	├	1		1.16.1	40,0 10.0		.749 .749	.0158 e800	.513		1
./14	 	h	1]		l	1	,,,,	101	15.0	,267	1.12;	,0134	./69		
,649	<u> </u>			1	!			17.0	.482	21,00		1.872	.0224	1,282		
,560	<u> </u>]	}		L		1.0/6	40.0		2.5%	.0358	2.001		\sqcup
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Table 9. a

Summary of Data - Ribbon Parachute

		Υ		r		, ·				,	,	r	r	,	,	r- 1
e _D	ե _լ . (೫೮೮)	F ₃	3 ₀ (rt ²)	13/bo	N,/I) (/rt)	¹ 1/2)	ار. ۱۰۰ ا	Goometric	*/>, (131)	 (* (/ 5 e)	1 (1011)	10 c J	٠,	",l	is on a	ļ · .
	┼							(X)	ļ				ļ		ļ	
./30	 	-							1	470,0	219	1.79	. 4		ł	1
.740	1			1			l I		ł	405,0 402,0	377a0. 371a0.	11 교기 [18년년		28 ₂ 81 ,	İ	
.720			5 to 00	1	1 0.00	1.43			1.					21.30	blud Test	
.800			54,00		1.930	1.41		15.3	43. 9	324.0	111.0	14.80		(1),80		
./70	<u></u>								l	2 8.30	40.0	11,11		17.80	1	1
.790	 	L		į						267.0	71.0	12.20	2350	16.50]	
.6'90							1 1		ļ	.,o.o.	56.0	11.49	-2499	15.40	ļ, ·	
.580	├		,						45.90	198.0	10, 10	15.75	.2110	18,40		ì
.590 .590	 			, ,,,,,			l I		92.89	2/8.0	H6.0	14.26	2500	16.70		
.600	t		,	1.000			١.,		42,94 42,84	258.0 _ 290.0	. 75.2 65.0	13:23	.2320		ĺ	
.520						1	1		72.07	515.0	2 15 .0	12 · 31 · . 20 · 30	.4627	14.41	1	ł
.510							1 1		t	400.0	205.0	24 . 9d	.4784	29.11	1	1
.540				i	i i	1.395			į .	460.0	214.0	23,54	.4133	27.61	1	
.510							i !		i	411.0	184.0	21,01	.3691	24.68	1	1
.520			:				li		40.81	369.0	151.0	18.88	.3315	22.16	1	1
.510				! .			1 1		[.	111.0	123.0	17,40	.2992	20.00]	
.520	 						li		,	303.0	102.0	12.51	.2122	18.20	1	
,520	 		56.60		1,885			19.5	ļ	2//.0	87.0	14.18	-2489	16,64	Sled Test	
.490	┼			 -						261.0	76.0	11,36	12 345	1, .68	4	
,520	 								1	501.0	217.0	25,24	.4510	30,09	1	
.540	+-						łł			460.0	239.0 199.0	21.18	,4140	27.81	{	
.550	 						1 1			425.0		21,41	38 30	25.70	1	
.550	†		ľ	1.013		1.413	1 1		i	175.0 175.0	175.0	18,89	.1580	24,06	1	
.630			1						70,53	501.0	252.0	24,51	.4110	10.09	1	
.630	1					1	l I			470.0	222.0	21.01	,4060	28,41	1	
.720							ایا			415.0	1/1.0	20.12	. 1580	25.09		
.640	ļ									410.0	169.0	20.08	15 10	24.79		
.540	ļ					1.3/3	li			482.0	244.0	23.60	,4250	29,14]	۱, ۱
.540	.					1.3/3	1 1		L	445.0	210,0	21.79	.3920	26.90	<u> </u>	
.500	ļ									435.0	167.0	57, 40	. 1940	21.50		
.470				1			ı		1	# <u>0</u> 1.0	i i î î î	29.20	. 3250	กัง หัด	1	
.480	 								•	312.0	87.0	25,30	*รสกก์	15.40	1	
.500			129.2	1.000		0		10.1	20.00	274.0	68.0	22 .70	2460	13.50	1	
.450			12 7.1	1.500	1.247			18.5		251.0 237.0	58.0	20,3% 19,2u	.2250	12.36	,	
.470				·					ł i	231.0	47.0	18.19	.2130	11.70		
.470									1	218.0	97.0 99.0	17.70	.1950	11.10 10.71	l	
.480									İ	210.0	91.0	17,00	.1880	10.94	1	
.590							1			493.0	278.0	25, 70	,4490	10.20	1	
.610										464.0	296.0	74,20	,4230	28,40	1	
.630	 									4 18 .0	220.0	22,80	, 1390	26.80		
.620	 _		54.0			1,430		1.7	ا درون فرود	387.0	1/2.0	20,20	215 30	21.70		
.620	-		21,0	i i	1,930	20.50		1.7	47.440	310.0	124.0	17,20	. 3010	23.20		
.540	-									104.0	106.0	15.85	.2780	18.60	1	
.650	 									288.0	Pr.O	15,00	,2620	17,60	ļ	
.590	t –								!	24/.0	/0.0	12,89	.2250	15.10		
.510	 						 			211.0 472.0	227,0	12.15	.2130	14.20	Sled Test	
,510	1									431.0	187.0	200	.40 10	28,80		
.540			56.6		1.085	1,40		19,5	45.00	112.0	166.0	17.25	. 11/20 . 11/9	21.70	1	
.550									1 1		128.0	1' ,60		21,40	1	
.540						l	ł		Li	337.0	116.0	14.80		20,50	1	
00 دا	<u> </u>	LI								491.0	248.0	22 . 36		29.80		
.5.10						, , ,		24.0		411.0	1.44.10	19,60		25.30	1	
<u></u>	 	├ ↓	58.0		1.862	1.38	'		44,00	355.0	164.0	18.15	.3470	29.00	l	ļ
.100]	16/10	140.0	16,70		22.10		
580	 	} -			h				∤ ↓	117.0	117.0	15,32		20, 10		
*661/1	 	├				l			}	470.0	535.6	41, 13	91,10			
.680	 									344.0	178.0	18.11		49.40		
.700	†		54.00		1.130	1.50		i*.3	97,80		191.0	16.69		22.40		
./10	 				,.]	130.0	114.0	15,00		20.20	1	
./10										270.0	0.18	14,70 12,60		18.50		
./10						1		•			67.0			17 (00		
	. 185	8004.0	58,0		1,662	1.07.1	1	24,0	92.7	500,0	278.0	211.01 21.37	195.00 195.20		From Fall	
,550			' អ.ប	[]	1,06.7	1,079		24.0	92.7	469.0	2. 2.0	19.13 19.13	34 du		Free Fall	
251.0			58.0	L	1.662	1,479		29.0		1000 .0		/9513	,4310		Free Fall	
																J

Table 9.b

Summary of Data - Ribbon Parachute

C _D t _r F _o (ao ₀) (11a) (r ²) 1a/D _o N _E /D _o (/r ²) 1 _r /D _o 3 _{v/S_o} N _E /D _o (/r ²) 1 _r /D _o 3 _{v/S_o} N _E /D _o (13r) N	Type of Teat	Ref
(800) (1101) (Pt) (ft) (ft) (ft) (ft) (ft) (ft) (ft) (
1,555 1,080 11,2 1,144 1,834 0,100 0,577		
1.000 10.7 1.32 7.77 0.0% 5.51		
1.56 15.3 .269 1.139 .0137 .788		
1.56 15.4 1.773 1.146 .0138 .793		
1.307 25.2 .730 1.876 .0226 1.297		
1.364 1.328 1.32		
1,967 1,958 .0236 1,354 .0236 1,354 .0236 1,354 .0236 .0345 .0236 .0345 .034		
1.978 1.978 1.98.12 1.023 1.364 1.010 25.0 2.023 1.376 2.926 .0352 2.023 1.966 1.595 1.08.12 1.023 1.364 .010 25.0 .080 10.8 .114 .804 .0097 .556 .080 10.6 .124 .804 .0097 .556 .080 10.5 .127 .782 .0094 .541 .586 .156 .156 .152 .266 1.112 .0136 .783 .78		1
1.06 1.08 1.02 1.364 .010 25.0 .080 10.8 .134 .007 .556 .080 10.8 .134 .007 .556 .080 10.8 .134 .007 .556 .080 10.8 .134 .007 .556 .080 10.8 .134 .007 .556 .080 10.8 .134 .007 .0094 .5541 .586 .080 .056 .157 .762 .0094 .5541 .586 .080 .056 .080 .056 .080 .056 .080 .056 .080 .056 .080 .056 .080 .056 .080 .056 .080 .0		1
1.95		
.595 .080 10.6 .134 .804 .0097 .556 .628 .080 10.5 .127 .782 .0094 .541 .586 .156 15.2 .266 1.112 .0136 .783	Pres Pell	20
,586		
		ĺ
		l
.156 15.5 .276 1.154 .0139 .798		
.192		
.500 .387 25.9 .771 1,428 .0232 1,333 .463 .387 26.9 .832 2,003 .0241 1,385		-
.107 26.3 .027 2,003 .0241 1,363 .437 .050 41,1 1,543 3,060 .0369 2,116		1
.473		
.441		
.565 .000 11.1 .142 .826 .0100 .571 .520 .3.84 .000 7.236 .20,0 11.200 2.13.8 10.000 2.74 .2040 27.710		ł
040, 8 08.00, 008, 000, 2 6, 75 004; 5 0, 01 004; 1 084;		1
.460 1,030 30,0 11,500 151.0 25.000 1.790 .1320 17.590		
490 3,77 1,030 7,296 30,0 29,400 211,8 60,000 2,771 .2040 27,830 29,400 231,8 60,000 2,771 .2040 27,830 29,400 231,8 60,000 2,771 .2040 27,830		
1,010 10,00 29,400 211,8 60,000 2,771 2040 27,830 29,400 23,8 60,000 2,771 2040 27,830 29,400 23,8 60,000 2,771 2040 27,830 27,830 29,400 27,830 29,400 23,8 60,000 2,771 2040 27,830 29,400 20,4		ł
.450 1,030 30,0 27,000 231,8 60,000 2,771 ,2040 27.830		1
500 1,020 3,000 67.5 5,000 789 0,080 8,090		
1,020 14,250 151,0 25,000 1,765 .1120 18,090	T-64-44 W	21
.680 3.66 1.020 7.412 0 36.000 23.16 60.000 2.732 .2040 28.000 II	Infinito Maus	"
1,000 1,000 2,200 67_5 7,000 7,000 8,000		j i
0.000 0.000		l
14.000 151.0 25.000 1.765 1120 18.090 1600 1.0		
2,150 67.5 5.000 a,000 8,000 a,000		1
12,750 12,750 1,000 1,805 17,900 1,905 17,900 1,905 1,000 1,005		1
1 1001		}
31,200 23,8 60,000 2,794 ,2040 27,710 ,530		1
.600 .000 .000 .000 .000 .000 .000 .000		Π
666 111,10 1,009 1,345 26.0 .070 10.3 .246 .771 .0090 .527	Free Fall	24
.622		1
.610 1.66 1.000 7.417 10.0 147,2'41 231,0 50.000 1.717 .2440 28.000 In	nfinite Mess	20
.413		l
.592 .697 11.7 1.782 2.543 .0101 1.723		1
(4)12 (6)1, 46,5 1,251 2,754 (0)22 1,866		[
.010		l
1001 1001 1001 1521		
.772		
1947 1941 1959 1969 1971	From Fall	26
.026		
142 148 211 1,041 ,0122 ,706		l
.21/ 27 6 .50/ 1,705 ,0200 1.155		
510 21.9 571 1.653 .0192 1.320]
.066		
		l
.604 109.29 1.019 1.5% .008 20.0 .099 11.2 .151 .618 .0102 575		
.66) [103,27] [104, [105		L

Table 9. c
Summary of Data - Ribbon Parachute

	т			г —					ı							
c _D	t _f ,	F _o	3 (rt²)	l _{a/Uo}	N _E /D _O (/rt)	¹r/b _o	2°\2°	Coumetric (%)	(har)	۷ (۲۲/۹۵۵)	(fut)	He x 10 ^{−1} ,	м	۲r	Type of Test	Kul'.
.592				· · · · · ·			 -		21	10.4	.321	1,227	.0150	,842		\vdash
,585				i '			i		191	16.5	.327	1,215	.0151	.847		((
.607				ŀ					.191	16.2	. 115	1.212	∪148	.832		1
.532	 			1	Į ,				.466	21.0	B75	2,020	.0246	1.386		1 1
.514		-		ļ.					.466 466	27.5	.308	2,058	.0251	1.412		1 1
.499	 					 	1		1.167	27.4 49.7	2 - 138	3,345	.0247	2.295		i i
.497				[[1.167	44,8	2.348	3.352	.0403	2.300		1 1
.527							1		1.16/	93.5	2.214	3.2%	.0392	2.214		
,652			109,29	1.018	1.356		.00a	20,0	.110	12.0	.168	.898	.0108	.616	Free Fall	28
,520	ļ		105,25	1.020	1.336			20.0	.110	12.3	.177	,920	.0111	.612		1
.610	 	 		ł	!	 	ľ		.201	12.2	.174	.913 1.257	.0110	.6.26 .863		1
.517									.201	16.7	. 176	1.249	.0151	.858		
.625			•				i		,201	16.6	. 127	1.242	.0150	.852	!	}
,522				1			ĺ .		.4/6	27.9 .	.912	2.088	,0257	1.433		ĺ
.530				1	j .			,	.476	21.7	80.98	2.0/3	.0250	1,422		,
.471	ļ			!		<u> </u>			.476	29,4	1.011	2.200	,0257	1,540	ļ	,
.422	├			1		<u> </u>	l		1.16/	48.8	2.762	3.451	.0439	2.506]
.461 .500	 -	 					-		41.000	3/6.0	2,530 157,0	19,1900	,0412	2.5'85		
.460_	 			l	1				41.000	374.0	157.0	19.800		22,600	1	
.470				1	[41.000	161.0	146,0	19.500	.1350	22,200	ĺ	
.470			56.60	ĺ	1.885	1.3%		19.5	41.000	360.0	15.0	19.100	. 1270		j	
.460				1	1,005]]		}	41.000	0.131	15,0	18,600	. 3190	21.190	l	1
.480	<u> </u>			l		. !			41,000	346.0	124.U	18.300	.1140			1
,470		ļļ		j	j,) .			41.000	144.0	124.0	18.200		20,600		
,440				•					41,000	514.0	290.0	18,000	. 1000	20,400		
.590						l			33.800	448.0	221.0	26 ¿200	1	30.700 26.800		İ
.540					}	ł	1		39.800	400	180.0	20.600		24.700		1
,580			l	1.00			ا ہ ا		39.800	154.0	141.0	18.100	T	21,400	Blod Test	4
.530	L			1.50] "		39.800	337.0	125.0	17.200	.3020	20,100]	1
.600	<u> </u>	 		ļ		1.480	i '		39,800	됐는	102.0	15.500	.2/19	78 '500		
.550			58.00		1.930	1.300		24.0	19.800	21.0	81.0	14,000		16.400	j	,
.520									40,000	4.84 <u>. 0</u>	262 <u>.0</u> 201.0	25.600	7~-	28.400		1
.500	 -	<u> </u>							40.000	427.0 395.0	177.0	22,600		25,500	1	1
.570	_			!	ľ				40.000	354.0	140.0	18.700		21,700		1
.550					'				40,000	13' ,0	125.0	17,700		20,000		
.600				1 .		L			40,000	24,0	2/.0	15.600	,	17.600	j	1
	.136	12,805	54,00		1.930			<u>9.7</u>	42,000	488.0_	310.0	25, 1100	.4440	21.700		1
}	.122	11,158	54.00	,	1.930	1.53		2.!	47.600	4.1.6	230.0	71.500 <u> </u>	7	27.400	ļ	1
.610	. 181	1,751	56,60 3,67	1 000	1 .ศย5 7 .402	3.43	,00,	- 1945	40.500		101.0	<u>21.</u> 200	. <u>.</u> .tu_tu .ugu	24.000		
,500			1,82	1.350	7.402		1001	20.0	1.050 2.500	67.5	5.0	.807	Unito	# 100 L	ł	1
.500			1.78	1,400	1.293	1	.001	30.0	2,500	67.5	7.0 7.0		.0.80	8.100	İ	
.570			3.67	1,060	7.402	U	.001	10,0	14.290	r	25.0	1.89 7	Ţ.,	18,100		
1.520	\vdash		3.82	7 .3,10	1.255		.001	20,0	11.000		25.0	1.890	.1120	17.500		1
.470	 	 	1.78	1,400	7,293		,001	70.0	11.710		25,0	1.878	.1320	TH . 000	Infilito Moss	22
.610 530			3.67	1.060	7.402		.001	10.0	16.1,01		1,11,0	2 .lie)**		28,000	ļ	
.520	 		3.82	1.400	7.255		001	20.0	31.200		60.0	2.130 2.910		27,700		
650	_	1	23.30	1.700	2.203		,	10.0	6.2.00	101.0	10.0	7.730	70010 2010	77,800	ł	
.630			22,80		2.227	,		18.6		101.0	10.0	3./30	1911	6.839 6.839		
,440			16,10	1,010	2,650	1, 12		/9 <u>.4</u>		118,0	11,4	4.150	.1000	6,000		1 1
.460	\Box	\square	20.10		2.360		[]	29,4	4.700	191.9	10.2	3.770	219.91	ս ասա		
,490			21.30	 	2.104		┝╌┤	29,4	4.700		. 9.6	i.un0	.0.11	6.750		23
.760	 			j			 		42,600		701.0	21. 100	. 1040	27 1110	Free ral.	
.680 .570				1		'	-		42.600		197.0	21.C0	. 0000	27.43		
.520	 		ı	l					<u>42 .000</u> 42 .000		179,9 161.0	20.100		4 4 00	ŀ	
,540				l					45 mm.		142.0	12 <u>,6</u> 50 18,550	. 1940 . 1770	23 ,000 21 ,500		┵┤
./10			54.00	, ,,,,,	1,930	1,43			42 .6,00	3/1.0	116.0	16.700	.2920	19,500		
.820			, ,,,,,,,	1.000	*. "30			9.7	42.600	294.0	90.0	16.300		17.860		í Í
.720	_			1		,	 		42 ,6,00		110,0	11,900	2410	10.220	Slad Test	۱,
4/0	}		ļ)	ļ		 	j	45.400		69.0	14 200		15.080		
470	 	 							42,600		9.			15 700		
./10	 		<u> </u>	1	}		\vdash		97 200		11.0	11./90		11./30		
.,,,,				L	L	L			43 000	506.0	265.6	27.810	.4410	10,600		

Table 9.d Summary of Data - Ribbon Parachute

C _D	t _f	Fo	9.	l _{s/D_q}	N _a An	¹r/Uo	3 _{v/30}	λ	w/s _o	ν	q	Re x 10 ⁻⁶	м	Pr	Type of Test	Rof,
	(800)	(1bs)	g (ft²)	8/130	N _R /D _o (/ft)	.,50	.,-0	Guometric (%)	(tet,)	(ft/sec)	(het)					
.530									1	473.0	242.0	23.58	.921	28,27		
,540						l	├		}	459.0 443.0	228,0	22.68	,409 ,394	27,43		
.540	-					1	\vdash		l	425,0	195,0	21,18	.378	25.40		
,540	-								42,70	394.0	168.0	19.64	.351	23,55		l !
,540			58.00		1,862	1,379		24.0	"."	374.0	151.0	18.64	.333	22,36		
.540				'		l .			j ,	338,0	124,0	15,00	.301	20,20		
.530					ļ					317,0	108.0	15,80	.282	18.95		
.560									1	295.0	94,0	14,71	.263	17,63		1
.540	i						├		l	279.0	75,0	13.91	,234	16,68 15,72		
.620						 	1			455.0	225,0	22,79	.406	27.33		1
,590				ŀ		1				451,0	221,0	22.59	.402	27,09		
,600]				440,0	210,0	22,04	.392	26.43		
.570						ļ			i	436.0	206,0	21.84	.389	26.19		
,550				ļ		l		i		434,0	205,0	21.74	.387	26,07		
.560				1.000		l				420,0 383.0	192.0	19.18	.375	25,23 23,00	Sled Test	ا ۱
,560	├──			i		i	ł			348.0	132.0	17.43	,310	20.90		
.550 .550	 					İ		19,50		314.0	107.0	15,73	,280	18.86		
.540	 			1		1		2.,	l	291,0	92.0	14.58	,260	17.48		
.520			56.60		1.685	1			42.80	282.0	86.0	14,12	,252	16,94		
	.28	7938.0			11003	1	"		"-"-	466,0	236.0	23,34	.416	27,99		
ļ	.22	8316.0				1,395	ŀ		1	495.0	272.0	25,38	,445	29,73		1
.560						1			l	486.0	262.0	24,92	.437	29.19 29.19	1	
.550	ļ			1		1]	486.0	262.0	24,92	.437	29.19	ł]]
.550	 					1	1		Ì	470.0	245.0	24,10	.423	28,23	Ì	}
,530	 		1			i i			l	460.0	235.0	21,59	.414	27,63	İ	
.540				ĺ		l			i	446.0	221,0	22,87	.401	26.79		
,540				i		1	i		1	437.0	212.0	22,41	, 393	26,27		
.550				1		ł			1	425.0	\$00.0	21.79	382	25,53	ŀ	1
.560	 	├		1	1	ł				380,0	160,0	19,49	.342	22,82	ł	
.560	—		3 2		1	ł	├	20.0	 -	211.8	139.0	2,794	,308 ,2040	20.54	ł	1
<u> </u>		122.00	3.84	1.020	7.2 16	1		20,0	1	67.5	5.0	,800	.0580	6,04		
	+	50.00		1,010	† ·	1		i		151.0	25.0	1.790	,1320		1	
	†—-	119.00	3.77	1.030		1		30.0	1	233,8	60.0	2.771	2040		j	
		119.00		1.030	Ī	1	[] """		233,8	60.0	2.771	.2040	27.83		
		119,00		1.030]	Í	511.8	60.0	2.7/1	,2040	27.83		1
	1	109.00		1,030	ļ	4	L		4	231.0	<u>_60.</u> n	2.771	.2040		ł	
	,400	17.00		1,020	ļ	4		l	ļ	6/.5	5.0	769	,0580		ł	l
	,130	75.00		1.020	 	┥	 	10.0	~	151.0 211.8	25.0 60.0	2.732	,1320		1	l
	.080	177,00	3,66	1.020		0	h	1	1	233,8	60.0	2.732	,2040		1	ı
	,080	17.00		1,000	 	1	 	1		67,5	5.0	,789	0580	8.09	Infinite Mess	21
	1	18.00		1,000		1		1		67.5	5.0	.789	.0580]	1
		71,00	1	1,000	I]		1		151.0	25.0	1.765	.1 120		1	1
	1	168,00		1.000	1	1	1	ļ	1	233,8	60,0	2.732	,2040		1	1
	 	12,00		ļ	 	1	}	1		6/,5	2.0	.807	0,00		1	1
	270	55,00	3.64		·	1		1	}	151.0	25.0	1,805	,1320			1
 	,180	120.00	1.07		t	1	 	20.0	i	151.0 211.0	60.0	2.794	,2040		1	1
		125,00	1		T	1	1	1	Ī	231.8	1 :-	1	T	21.7	1	1
	L	186,00	J.ún	1.000	7,412	<u>l </u>		10.0	1	213,8	60,0		,2040			1_
		<u> </u>		1	1			I	1	-	ļ	↓	 	_	 	
	—	 		 	4	ļ		ļ	 	ļ		ļ	ļ	 	ļ 	
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	+	 	 	+	 	 -	+	 	 	 		 	 	 	 	+-
	+	 	 		†	†	† · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	† -	1	1 .	† · · ·	t	1	 	
 	+	 			†	1	†-·	1	1	†	† -	†· ···	1	1	1	\top
	1	1	İ	I	Τ	T	1	I	I .	1.	1	1		I	T	
			[Ι	I	1	<u>L_`</u> .	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	Ī	<u> </u>	1	L	I	L	
		<u> </u>		ļ	L	ļ		ļ 	4	ļ	1		ļ	1	ļ	1_
	_	_	1	ļ .		1 .	ļ		ļ		·	·	ļ	ļ		
1		1	ļ	. L		L		ļ		 -	1		∔	 	ļ	-
	_	}	 	ļ		┼			·	. .	ļ			╀	-	
				ļ <u>-</u>	ļ	<u> </u>	ļ		ļ <u>-</u>		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	+	 		+

Table 10

Summary of Data - Ribless Guide Surface Parachute

c ₁ ,	t _i .	F _o (163)	Sp (rt²)	¹ ,/ip	N,/i, (/rt)	¹1/1'p		λ ntΔ : =1/2 "H ₂ () (rt ⁴ /rt ² min.)		(1°L/160)	4 (697)	Per		ter	Pyre of acret	
, 14 (L	i	ļ.	1,000)					10.8	لائا. د در	.4 %. .745	.00.10	<u>#1:21</u> 144€.	f	
. 112			ŀ	1,000	. }			100.0	,416 1976,	.15±0. 25±0.	<u>/6/</u> /!G	1,241	(22.)	1.570		27
,2150			ŀ	1,000	1				2.730	40.0	1,901	1,910	.036.)	2.519	1	
1.081			Ì						.101	11.2	.198	552	.0106	.743		
.43 34			i						191	11.7	11:2	.582	.0106	- 137		- 1
1.000									163	11.8	-104	<u>.58u</u>	.0107	.743		
1.086	L		Ī						110	1`	28.1	(10)	.0141	.9/6		
1.130	ļ		Į	- 1					310	15.2	.273		.01 JH .0148	1,026		
.982			1							16.1	.613	.810 1.113	.0207	1.436		
1,010	-			į					.828	27.1	.Bu7	1,347	,0246	1./07		
.455	 		1						.628	27.1	.867	1.04/	.0246	1.707		ا ا
1.028	t		48,100	1	1.278				2.730	47.3	2.651	2,5,1	.0429	2.979	Free Fall	28
1.070				1.53			.0002		2,730	90.3	2,540	2,301	0420	2.916		i
1.047				•••				134.0	2.730	45.8	2,486	2.276	.0416	2.884		1
1.010	Ļ					U		134.0	.161	11.6	159		.0105	.730		
1,041	├								.101 .161	11.4	.153	.567 .587	.0103	.718		
.975	┼	 							.161	15.7	.291	Y	.0142	, r, r,		
1.110	 	 			1				.110	15,2	. 273	,755	.01 18	,957		
.170	 	t — 1					İ	ļ	. 310	lo.4	.317	,81%	.0149	1,032		[[
1.044							1		.878	25.9	./92	1,287	.62 35	1.631		i I
1.029						ŀ		1	.828	26.1	.804	1.297	.02 17	1,643		
1.0%	·L					l		ļ	.н2н	212.3			.0230			li
,950	↓				L	l	}	L	2./30	49.8	2.166		.0450			
1,150	 		.765	1,35	12.16	ļ		12000	14,520	1414	12,550	.600	,1000			1 1
,890	₩		.902	1.33	11.20	i		275.00	11,180	111.7	12.550	.600	,1000	T		12
1.194	+	 	.615 .765	1.33	12.16	İ	υ	30.0	12.850	111.7	12,550	1	.1000	1 1		"
1.024	+	 	.913	1.3)	11,13	Į.			12.850		12.550	.600	.1000		int'inita Mess	L
1.020	t		1,570	1.50	7.073	i		119,3	5.100	67.5	.000		-0° BC),660		\Box
• .970	1		1.570	1,50	7.07 5	1	1	119.1	24,220	151.0	25,000	1,100	.1320	21.600		22
1.050			1,570	1.50	7,073]	.0002	117.5	وين ري		110.000		,2040			$\vdash \vdash$
.880	1	L	1,870		6.569		l	11/11	4,400				- ŭ, H,		(4
.810	↓	↓	1.820		6.509	ł			20,220				1320		ł	-
.910	+	ļ	1,820		6.569	i	<u> </u>	117.1	54,600	516.0	60,000		,2040	1		11
.860	+	 		l	1	1	i	Ĭ	1		71.000	1	.4401	1		1 1
.840	+	 	i	(1	j		1	1		28,000	•	.41/0			1 1
.800	1 –	†	1	l	i	l	ļ	1	I	0.80#		•	,3/20		ł	1 1
760	1-	1	1		1	1	1		1	Juli U	T-4.00	14.200	. 1350	26.200	ł	1 1
,790		1	1	1	1	1	1		1	356 0	121.00	12,579	.2979	21,200		1 1
.730		L]	1.32	j	Į		Į.		105.0	04,00	i ii.en	,2750	1 .	1] [
./50		<u> </u>	30,000		1,942	1.15			69.700				. 2549			1 1
.780	 -		1	l	1	1	1		1	204.0	1	1	,2400	,		
700	+	 	1	I	1		1	1	1	505.0 478.0	1	i	,4571		1	
.740	+ -	+	<u> </u>	ŀ	1		1	ļ	1	1	31.00	1	.911	1	E .	1. 1
.6'10	-† - -	 	1	1	1		.0001	58,6		411.0	1	*	. 17 5	1 '		"
.700	†	 -	1	1	1	1	1		1	36.7.0	1	T .	1		1	
.640	1	<u> </u>]	ł			1	1	1	142.0	T		. 110	0 24.300		
,480		I	<u>l</u>	I	1	L	1		1	112.0	10,00	7.290	283		Sled Test	
.540	<u> </u>	_	11.40	1./2	3.4425		1	ì		ก ำหนัก*ัก				0 44,300		
.55.0	 -	 	11.40	1.72	2 11.25		1	1		475.0			-418			
.56∪	+		11:40 -	1.4.	2,025	.	1	1	350.00	7 ~	222.00				. (
.590	+	+	11.40	1-12	2,625		┨.	1	159,00	n 4 18 0	202.00		.38 <u>%</u>		7	
.760		 	11,40	1.72	2.625		1	1		9 461.0			3672			
.740	+	 	11,40	1.72	2,625		1	I	15.0.00		221,00		.,,,,,		-1	
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